

**Town of Montreat
Planning and Zoning Commission
Meeting Agenda
August 11, 2020 – 10:30 a.m.
Town Hall and Zoom Attendance**

I. Call to Order

- Welcome
- Moment of Silence/Invocation

II. Agenda Adoption

III. Minute Adoption

- A. July 28, 2020 Meeting Minutes

IV. Old Business

- A. Front Yard Setbacks
B. Conservation Easement Setback Reduction

V. New Business

- A. Review of Final Draft Changes

VI. Future Business

- A. Hillside Development and Stormwater Regulations

VI. Public Comment

VII. Discussion: Next Meeting Dates

- A. August 25, 2020

VIII. Adjournment

**Town of Montreat
Planning & Zoning Commission
Meeting Minutes
July 28, 2020 – 10:30 p.m.
Town Hall & Zoom**

Board members present: Wade Burns
Dan Dean
Bill Scheu
Mason Blake
Bill Roberts
Sally Stansill
David Holcomb

Board members absent: Allen Crawford

Town staff present: Angie Murphy, Town Clerk
Adrienne Isenhower, Zoning Administrator (via Zoom)
Stuart Bass

No members of the public were present but two members were watching via Zoom. Mr. Scheu called the meeting to order at 10:31 a.m., and led the group in a moment of silence.

Agenda Approval

Wade Burns moved to adopt the agenda as presented. Mason Blake seconded and the motion carried 7/0.

Meeting Minutes Adoption

The July 14th Meeting Minutes were approved as amended by a motion from Mason Blake with a second by Dan Dean.

Old Business

- A. Ordinance Review Sections: In Section 632 Mason Blake reviewed his newly written language for fences. The only change made was to change “must be installed” to “may only be installed”. In subsection 4 under Section 632 it was decided to add “wood of natural color, “white or other light color matching exterior of principle building”, dark green, brown, or black”. In subsection 5 under Section 632 the word “of” needs to be changed to “or” and “6” above natural grade needs to be changed to “5”. In subsection 6 change “Building Inspector” to “Zoning Administrator”. In Section 632.2 under subsection 1 remove the

word “other”. In subsection 3 add “swimming pools”. In Section 632.3 Existing Fences add “except in the event of casualty”.

In Article IX – Landscaping change “should” to “shall” under subsection 900.4.1. In subsection 900.4.2 change “guarantee” to “agree”. Correct reference notations throughout the ordinance. Subsection 903.6 needs to be deleted.

In Article X- Nonconformities check the references and the subsection renumeration.

The next meeting will be held on August 11th at 10:30 a.m.

Public Comment

Mr. Frank Dodson of 152 Maryland Place submitted a Public Comment in writing and it was read aloud by Town Clerk Angie Murphy. Mr. Dodson expressed his views regarding “supplementary dimensional requirements”. Mr. Dodson felt that these changes appear to be unwise and unnecessary. Unwise because it’s a change in rules after the game has already started. It’s unwise because homes have been built and bought based upon the setback requirements as they currently exist. Changing them now in a way that benefits a particular homeowner over his neighbor is unfair and breeds resentment over time among those adversely affected by the change. Mr. Dodson is also not sure the new “easement encroachments” language is necessary.

Adjournment

Mason Blake moved to adjourn the meeting. Dan Dean seconded and the meeting was adjourned at 12:34 p.m.

Bill Scheu, Chair

Angie Murphy, Town Clerk

ARTICLE ~~1~~1 – GENERAL PROVISIONS

Pursuant to the authority conferred by the North Carolina General Statutes §§160D, the Town Board of Town Commissioners of the Town of Montreat, North Carolina, does hereby ordain and enact into law the following articles and sections.

101~~101~~—**TITLE.** This Ordinance shall be known and may be cited as The Zoning Ordinance of the Town of Montreat, North Carolina.

102 ~~102~~—**AUTHORITY AND ENACTMENT.** An ordinance establishing comprehensive zoning regulations for the Town of Montreat, a municipal corporation of the state of North Carolina, and (a) providing for the administration, enforcement and amendment thereof, in accordance with the provisions of the North Carolina General Statutes, Chapter 160D, and (b) the repeal of all ordinances in conflict herewith, the same is hereby enacted by the ~~people~~peoReple of the Town of Montreat, North Carolina to be effective upon adoption.

~~103~~—**AMENDMENT** Effective Date

103~~AND ENACTMENT.~~ The revisions of this Ordinance, including the Zoning Map, shall become effective , 2020.

104 ~~104~~—**JURISDICTION.** The provisions of this Ordinance shall apply within the corporate limits of the Town of Montreat and within the adjacent Extraterritorial Jurisdiction (ETJ).

105 ~~105~~—**PURPOSE.** The purpose of these regulations shall be to accomplish a coordinated, balanced, and harmonious development of the land within the corporate limits of the Town of Montreat and the regulatory domain of the Extraterritorial Jurisdiction (ETJ), in a manner which will best promote the health, safety, convenience, order, and general welfare of the people, as well as to provide for efficiency and economy in the process of development; to make adequate provisions for traffic; to secure safety from fire, steep slopes, and other hazards; to provide for light and air; to facilitate the adequate provision of transportation, water, sewerage, schools, ~~parks~~Parks and other public requirements; to promote desirable living conditions and the sustained stability of neighborhoods; and to protect property against blight and depreciation.

~~106~~ **PRIORITY AND PRECEDENCE OF ORDINANCE**

~~The provisions of these Zoning Ordinances shall have the following priority and precedence:~~

~~(a)~~ If provisions of the Zoning Ordinances are inconsistent with one another, or with provisions of other Ordinances of the Town, the more restrictive provision shall govern.

~~(b)~~ If a federal or state law or regulation imposes a lesser limitation or requirement, this Ordinance shall govern. If a federal or state law or regulation imposes a more restrictive or greater limitation or requirement, the provisions of such federal or state law or regulation shall govern.

106~~(c)~~ If limitations or restrictions are imposed by third party agreement or declaration of restrictions or covenants, the provisions of the Zoning Ordinances shall nevertheless apply, but nothing herein shall affect the applicability or enforceability of such third party agreement or declaration of restrictions or covenants as between the parties affected thereby.

107 ~~107~~ **RELATIONSHIP TO THE COMPREHENSIVE PLAN** It is the intention of the Town Board of Commissioners that this ordinance implement the planning policies adopted by the Board as reflected in the Comprehensive Plan and other planning documents. While the Town Board of Commissioners reaffirms its commitment that this ordinance and any amendment to it be in conformity with adopted planning policies, the Town Board of Commissioners hereby expresses its intent that neither this ordinance nor any amendment to it may be challenged on the basis of any alleged nonconformity with any planning document.

When acting on any proposed zoning amendment, the Town of Montreat shall carefully consider its adopted plans and policies. In accordance with the State Law, the Town, including the Planning and Zoning Commission, when such zoning requests are heard, and the Town Board of Commissioners when such requests are acted upon, shall note in written statements from each Board whether such amendment is consistent with these plans.

108—NO USE OF LAND OR BUILDINGS EXCEPT IN CONFORMITY WITH ORDINANCE PROVISIONS

~~(A).~~ Subject to Article ~~—X~~ of this ~~ordinance~~Ordinance (Nonconforming Situations), no person may use or occupy any land or Buildings, or authorize or permit the use of land or Buildings, except in accordance with all the applicable provisions of this ordinance.

- 108 ~~(B)~~ For purposes of this section, the "use" or "occupation" of Building or land relates to anything and everything that is done to, on, or in the Building or land.

~~(C)~~ No Building or land shall hereafter be used or occupied, and no Building or part thereof shall be erected, moved or structurally altered, except in conformity with this ordinance, or amendments thereto, for the District in which it is located.

~~(D)~~ In all Districts every main Building hereafter erected or altered shall be located on a separate Lot, as defined in this ordinance, and in no case shall there be more than one main Building and permitted Accessory Buildings on the Lot; provided that this requirement shall not apply to Multi-Family developments, ~~planned—unit developments~~Planned Unit Developments (PUDS), or certain ~~special—uses~~Special Uses, nor to a bona fide rural farm ~~use~~Use.

~~—(E)~~ Uses not designated as permitted by right or subject to additional conditions, shall be prohibited. Special ~~uses~~Uses are permitted upon compliance with the additional regulations imposed by this Ordinance or the appropriate governing board.

- 109 ~~109—FEES.~~ Reasonable fees sufficient to cover the costs of administration, inspection, publication of notice and similar matters may be charged to applicants for zoning permits, sign permits, ~~conditional use permits~~Special Use Permits, special permits, zoning amendments, ~~variances~~Variances and other administrative relief. The amount of the fees charged shall be as set forth in the ~~town~~Town budget or as established by resolution of the Town Board of Commissioners and available from the Town Clerk. Fees established in accordance with the Town's fee schedule ~~and~~ shall be paid upon submission of a signed application or notice of appeal, as the case may be.

- 110 ~~110~~ **SEVERABILITY.** The sections, paragraphs, sentences, clauses and phrases of this ordinance are severable. If any such section, paragraph, sentence, clause or phrase is declared unconstitutional or otherwise invalid by any court or competent jurisdiction in a valid judgment or decree, such unconstitutionality or invalidity shall not affect any of the remaining sections, paragraphs, sentences, clauses or

phrases of this ordinance since the same would have been enacted without the incorporation into this ordinance of such unconstitutional or invalid section, paragraph, sentence, clause or phrase.

ARTICLE II – DEFINITIONS

200 ~~200~~ **INTERPRETATION OF CERTAIN WORDS OR TERMS.** Except as specifically defined herein, all words used in this Ordinance have their customary dictionary definitions. For the purposes of this Ordinance, certain words or terms used herein are defined as follows:

200.1 Words used in the present tense include the future tense. Words used in the singular include the plural, and words used in the plural include the singular;

200.2 The word "shall" is always mandatory;

200.3 The word "may" is permissive;

200.4 The word "Lot" includes the word "plot" or "parcel";

200.5 The word "person" includes a firm, association, organization, partnership, trust company, limited liability company, or corporation as well as an individual;

200.6 The word "used" or "occupies" as applied to any land or Building shall be construed to imply that said land or Building is actually "arranged" or "designed" to be used or occupied;

200.7 The word "map" or "zoning map" shall mean the Official Zoning Map of the Town of Montreat, North Carolina;

200.8 The term "Planning Commission" refers to the Montreat Planning and Zoning Commission. The terms "Town Commissioners" "Town Board of Commissioners" or "Mayor and Town Commissioners" refer to the legally constituted and elected governing body of the Town of Montreat. The term "Board of Adjustment" refers to the Zoning Board of Adjustment for the Town of Montreat.

201 **DEFINITIONS:**

Accessibility Feature: An improved accessible walkway and/or path of travel from the parking/passenger loading area of a Building to the Building entrance, in the form of a separate Structure or attached Building appurtenance or any combination thereof, which provides an increased level of accessibility for Building occupants or members of the public. Accessibility Features may include, but are not limited to tramways, ramps, stairs and stairway landings, chair lifts, stair lifts and elevators.

Accessory Building or Use: A Building or Use that: 1) is clearly incidental to and customarily found in connection with a Principal Building or Use; 2) is subordinate to and serves a Principal Building or a principal Use; 3) is subordinate in area, extent, or purpose to the Principal Building

or principal Use served; 4) contributes to the comfort, convenience, or necessity of occupants in the Principal Building or principal Use served; and 5) is located on the same Lot as the Principal Building or Use served.

Alley: A service roadway which provides secondary access to the side or rear of abutting property and not intended for general traffic circulation.

Antenna: Any device installed for more than three days which is primarily intended to receive or to transmit airway communication signals.

Antenna Dimensions: The length, width, or depth of an Antenna, not including any part of its support Structure.

Antenna Support: Any Structure that an Antenna is connected to which is intended to provide structural competency. Support shall include any associated guy wires, poles, beams, foundations, anchors or other devices which attach Antenna to the ground or to a Structure capable of accommodating additional engineering demands resulting from Antenna and support parts.

Bed and Breakfast – An owner-occupied lodging establishment, located in what would ordinarily be considered a Single-Family Dwelling, in which overnight lodging is provided for the general public and in which a breakfast is served to overnight guests.

Boarding House: A Dwelling Unit of part thereof where, for compensation, lodging and meals are provided.

Buffer: An area of natural or planted vegetation, typically established to separate types of ~~use~~ Use or to provide a protected or vegetative area for environmental or aesthetic purposes.

Buildable Area: That portion of any Lot which may be used or built upon in accordance with the regulations governing the Zoning District within which the Lot is located when the front, side, and rear Yard requirements for the Zoning District have been subtracted from the total area.

Building: Any Structure, fully or partially enclosed, and constructed or used for residence, business, industry or other public or private purposes, or purposes accessory thereto, including without limitation tents, Trailers, mobile homes, and similar Structures whether stationary or movable. Appurtenant features, or exterior structural elements requiring permanent attachment to a Building, are considered part of the Building for the purposes of this Section unless otherwise expressly permitted.

Building Height: The vertical distance measured from the ~~average~~ Average Natural Grade ~~encompassing of the living areas of a Structure~~ applicable Lot to the highest point of ~~its~~ the

roofline [of the applicable Building](#), or from the top of the parapet or roof surface for flat-roofed ~~Structures~~[Buildings](#).

Cemetery: A parcel or land used for interment of the dead in the ground or in mausoleum.

Certificate of Zoning Compliance: A certification issued by the Zoning Administrator that plans and premises conform to the provisions of the Zoning Ordinance.

Clinic: An establishment where medical, mental or dental patients, who are not lodged overnight, are given examinations and treatment.

Columbarium: A Structure containing niches for the deposit of urns containing cremains or an ash garden for the scattering of cremains.

Community Facilities: Facilities designed to serve the community such as libraries, and community centers, provided that such facilities are not operated for profit.

Day Care Center: A Day Care Center includes child day care facilities, family childcare homes, and any other childcare arrangement for three or more pre-school aged children as defined in NCGS 110-86(3). The term also includes a center providing day care on a regular basis for more than two hours per day for four or more adults in accordance with NCGS 131 D-6.

Deck: An elevated structural platform, which may be constructed of any materials, either free standing or attached to a Building, connected by structural supports at grade.

Dedication: The voluntary donation of land or an Easement over, under, across, and/or through a parcel of land by the owner thereof for use by the public as evidenced by the recording of a legal instrument (title transfer, deed restriction, etc.). The area is usually a strip of land, a Street Right-of-Way or utilities Easement, within which there is to be or may be located Streets, sidewalks, utility systems and drainage Structures or a Lot intended to be used for a public purpose such as a Park, playground, or other public facility.

Density: The number of Dwelling Units per acre of land developed or used for residential purposes. Unless otherwise clearly stated, Density requirements in this Ordinance are expressed in Dwelling Units per acre of land devoted to residential Use; exclusive of land utilized for Streets, Alleys, Parks, playgrounds, school grounds, or other public Uses.

Diameter Breast Height (DBH): The diameter of the trunk of a tree four and one-half feet above average grade.

District: Any section of the Town of Montreat in which zoning regulations are uniform.

Dormitory: A Building used as group living quarters for a student body or religious order or staff of a college, boarding school, conference center, monastery or other similar institutional Use. Dormitories may contain common, shared kitchen facilities and bathrooms but shall not contain individual kitchen facilities.

Dwelling: Any Building, or portion thereof, containing sleeping, kitchen and bathroom facilities, and which is designed and/or used for living and sleeping purposes for one or more Families.

Dwelling Unit: A Dwelling designed and used, or held ready for ~~use~~Use, as a permanent, separate residence for one (1) Family only.

Dwelling Unit, Accessory-~~(ADU):~~ A residential Dwelling Unit located on the same Lot as a Single-Family Dwelling Unit, either as a separate Structure, an attached extension, or located within the principal Dwelling Unit; and is set up as a separate, complete housekeeping unit, and is subordinate to the principal Single-Family residence. ~~ADU's~~Accessory Dwelling Units are permitted in accordance with and subject to ~~Article~~ Section 618.

Dwelling, Multi-Family: A single, detached Building, other than a Manufactured Home, containing three (3) or more separate Dwelling Units.

Dwelling, Single-Family: A single, detached Building, other than a Manufactured Home, containing one (1) Dwelling Unit.

Dwelling, Two-Family (Duplex): A single, detached Building, other than a Manufactured Home, containing two (2) separate Dwelling units.

Easement: A grant of one or more of the property rights by the property owner to and/or for ~~use~~Use by the public or another person or entity for a particular purpose or purposes. Examples include access Easements, drainage Easements or utility Easements.

Educational Facility: A Building used primarily for the education of children and/or adults, instructional research, conferences, administrative purposes, and supporting service operations. An Educational Facility includes classroom Buildings, laboratories, lecture halls, libraries, administration Buildings, conference centers, gymnasiums, field houses, dormitories and counseling centers.

Family: One or more persons living together as a single housekeeping unit; provided, however, that unless all such persons are related by blood, adoption, marriage, legal guardianship or other such legal Family relationship, then such housekeeping unit shall contain no more than four (4) unrelated persons, unless specifically allowed by other provisions of this ordinance.

Family Care Home: A home meeting the North Carolina Residential Building Code with support and supervisory personnel that provides room and board, personal care and habilitation services in a Family environment for six or less resident handicapped persons, pursuant to NCGS 168-21.

Farm, Bona Fide: Agricultural activities as set forth in G.S.160D-9-3.

Fence: A physical barrier or enclosure intended to prevent escape or intrusion or to mark a boundary.

Flammable Liquids: A liquid having a flash point below one hundred degrees (100°) Fahrenheit and having a vapor pressure not exceeding forty (40) pounds per square inch absolute at one-hundred degrees Fahrenheit as defined by the National Fire Codes of the National Fire Protection Association as amended.

Floor Area, Gross: The sum of the gross horizontal areas of the several floors of a Building measured from the interior face of exterior walls, or from the centerline of a wall separating two Buildings, but excluding any space where the floor-to-ceiling height is less than six feet.

Floor Area, Net: The Gross Floor Area of a Building less and excluding the floor areas of a such Building attributable to stairwells, elevator shafts, equipment rooms, interior vehicular parking or loading areas, and all floors below the first or ground floor, except where such floors are used or intended to be used for human habitation or service to the public.

Front Building Line: A line extended from side Property Lines which runs parallel to a Street or Streets and which shall be situated the same distance from said Street or Streets as the shortest distance between said Street or Streets and the Principal Building on the Lot. Where a Lot is situated at an intersection of two Streets the Lot shall be considered to have two Front Building Lines, each as separately delineated by the definition herein.

Garage, Private: An Accessory Building or portion of a ~~principal~~ Principal Building used for the storage of private motor vehicles, in which no business, occupation, or service for profit is in any way connected. The term "Garage" shall include the term "carport."

Garage, Commercial: Any ~~Garage~~ Building, or portion of a Building, which for consideration is used for storage, repair, rental, maintenance, servicing, washing, adjusting, or equipping of automobiles or other vehicles.

Greenspace: Strips of publicly owned and maintained land, generally (but not always) following the Rights-of-Way of public Streets, that are designated for recreation, fishing, natural areas, and beautification of the Town as defined by the "Greenspace Resolution" adopted by the

Town Commission on July 1, 1983. ~~Note: Resolution will be incorporated into the ordinance as an Appendix item.~~

Grocery Store: An establishment which deals principally in a variety of food for home preparation and consumption and general supplies for household ~~uses~~ Uses. Characteristics of this type of establishment include a Building of a large physical size, a high volume of business, and a wide variety of products.

Grocery Store (Convenience): A retail establishment which deals principally in a limited selection of common items including without limitation food, household goods, automobile supplies, beverages, and packaged goods. In addition, the Building in which such an establishment is housed is generally smaller and typically designed for easy vehicular access with an emphasis on serving the customer as quickly as possible.

Group Care Facility: A facility which provides services to seven (7) or more individuals of whom one or more are unrelated. These individuals are handicapped, aged, or disabled, and are provided services to meet their needs. This category includes ~~uses~~ Uses that are licensed or supervised by any Federal, State, or County Health/Welfare Agency, or any group Dwellings (all ages), halfway houses, nursing homes, resident schools, resident facilities, and foster or boarding homes, so long as they provide care for seven (7) or more individuals.

Home Occupation: Any Use conducted entirely within a Dwelling or an Accessory Building and carried on by the occupants thereof (and their secretarial or administrative ~~assistants~~ assistant, if any), which Use is incidental and secondary to the Use of the Dwelling for residential purposes and does not change the character thereof. Specific regulations concerning Home Occupations are delineated in Section ~~619~~.

Honorarium Sign: A plaque or small Sign located so as to provide recognition of a donor for contributions given toward capital projects or specific improvements to existing facilities.

Hotel: A Building or Buildings in which sleeping accommodations are provided and offered to the public for compensation, in which the rooms are usually occupied singularly for hire, and in which there is usually a kitchen and public dining room for the preparation and service of meals. The terms “lodge” or “inn” usually refer to types of Hotels which are more rustic or scenic by nature. A “motel” is a type of Hotel, but ordinarily does not include a restaurant.

Livestock: Animals which are generally domesticated and confined to farms. Such animals shall include cattle, sheep, goats, swine, horses, mules, fish and poultry.

Loading Space, Off-Street: Space conveniently located for pickups and deliveries, scaled to the delivery vehicles expected to be used, and accessible to such vehicles even when required off-street~~Street~~ Parking Spaces are filled.

Lot: A parcel of land occupied or capable of being occupied by a main Building~~or group of main Buildings~~ and Accessory Buildings, together with such Yards, open spaces, Lot Width and Lot area as are required by this Ordinance, and having not less than the minimum required Lot Width upon a Street, either shown on a plat of record, or considered as a unit of property and described by metes and bounds.

- 1) Lot, Corner: A Lot located at the intersection of two or more Streets or located where one Street makes a sharp angle of eighty to one hundred and twenty degrees (80°-120°).
- 2) Lot, Double Frontage: A Lot which has two Street frontages; however, no Corner Lot shall qualify as a Double Frontage Lot unless said Corner Lot has frontage on three or more Streets.
- 3) Lot Frontage: The portion of a Lot that abuts a public Street or right of way (but not an Alley).
- 4) Lot, Interior: A Lot which has only one (1) Lot Frontage.

Lot Measurements:

- 1) Depth of a Lot shall be considered to be the average of the distances from the front Property Line to the rear Property Line. Also see Section 6-14606.
- 2) Width of a Lot shall be considered to be the horizontal distance between side Property Lines measured at the projected front line of the Principal Building or proposed Principal Building.

Lot of Record: A Lot which is a part of a subdivision, a plat of which has been recorded in the Office of the Register of Deeds of Buncombe County, prior to the adoption of this Ordinance, or a Lot described by metes and bounds, the description of which has been so recorded prior to the adoption of this Ordinance.

Manufactured Home: A Dwelling Unit, designed for Use as a permanent residence, that is composed of one or more components, each of which was substantially assembled in a manufacturing plant and designed for installation or assembly and installation on the Building site.

Manufactured Home, Class A. A Dwelling Unit that:

(i) is not constructed in accordance with the requirements of the North Carolina Uniform Residential Building Code as amended, and

(ii) is composed of two or more components, each of which was substantially assembled in a manufacturing plant and designed to be transported to the home site, and

(iii) meets or exceeds the construction standards of the US Department of Housing and Urban Development, and

(iv) conforms to the following appearance criteria:

(A) the Manufactured Home has a minimum width, as assembled on the site, of twenty feet;

(B) the pitch of the Manufactured Home's roof has a minimum nominal vertical rise of three inches for each 12 inches of horizontal run and the roof is finished with asphalt or fiberglass shingles;

(C) a continuous, permanent curtain wall, unpierced except for required ventilation and access, is installed under the Manufactured Home; and

(D) the tongue, axles, transporting lights, and removable towing apparatus, are removed after placement on the Lot and before occupancy.

Manufactured Home, Class B. A manufactured home constructed after July 1, 1996 that meets or exceeds the construction standards promulgated by the US Department of Housing and Urban Development that were in effect at the time of construction, but that does not satisfy all of the criteria necessary to qualify as a Class A Manufactured Home but meets the following standards:

(A) skirting or a curtain wall, unpierced except for required ventilation and access, is installed under the Manufactured Home and may consist of brick, masonry, vinyl, or similar materials designed and manufactured for permanent outdoor installation and

(B) stairs, porches, entrance platforms, ramps and other means of entrance and exit to and from the home are installed or constructed in accordance with the standards set by the NC Department of Insurance and attached firmly to the primary Structure and anchored securely to the ground.

Manufactured Home, Class C. Any Manufactured Home that does not meet the definitional criteria of a Class A or Class B Manufactured Home. Manufactured homes that do not meet the definitional criteria of Class A, B, or C Manufactured Homes are classified as recreational vehicles.

Modular Home: A Dwelling Unit constructed in accordance with the construction standards of the North Carolina Uniform Residential Building Code for One- and Two-Family

Dwellings and composed of components substantially assembled in a manufacturing plant and transported to the Building site for final assembly and placement on a permanent foundation. For the purposes of this Ordinance, Modular Homes shall be considered equivalent to site-built homes.

Municipal Government Facilities: Facilities used for ~~Of~~ or pertaining to activities associated with local municipal government operations including, but not limited to: administrative offices, public meeting facilities, Designated Critical Operations Area (DCOA) facilities, emergency communications facilities, fire protection service facilities, and public safety facilities.

Natural Grade: The existing slope of land which may be cleared, but with no major disturbance of soil, prior to grading, excavation or filling.

Natural Grade, (Average): The average of the ~~natural grade~~Natural Grade elevations at the four points on a Lot at which the front and rear ~~yard-setback-lines~~Yard Setback Lines intersect with the two side ~~yard-setback-lines~~Yard Setback Lines.

Nonconforming Lot: A Lot of Record that does not conform to the dimensional requirements of the Zoning District in which it is located. The nonconformity may result from adoption of this Ordinance or any subsequent amendment.

Nonconforming Structure: A Structure that does not conform to the requirements of the Zoning District in which it is located. The nonconformity may result from adoption of this Ordinance or any subsequent amendment.

Nonconforming Use: A Use of a Building and/or land that does not conform to the requirements of the Zoning District in which it is located. The nonconformity may result from adoption of this Ordinance or any subsequent amendment.

Open Storage: Unroofed storage areas, whether enclosed or not.

Overlay District: A Zoning District that adds requirements to the Zoning District over which it lies. Uses or proposed Uses within an Overlay District must comply with all requirements of both the Overlay District and the underlying Zoning District. Where conflicts appear to exist between the requirements of an Overlay District and its underlying Zoning District, the more restrictive requirements shall apply.

Park: A public facility for recreation, which may have commercial activities for recreational Uses only.

Parking Space: A storage space of not less than nine feet (9') by eighteen (18') for one (1) automobile, plus the necessary access space. (See Section 900.2).

Planned Unit Development (PUD): An area of land under unified ownership or control to be developed and improved as a single entity under a master plan in accordance with and subject to the requirements of this Ordinance.

Portable Storage Container: A transportable, fully enclosed, box-like container that is designed for temporary storage of materials and/or equipment. Such containers are uniquely designed for their ease of loading to and from a transport vehicle and moved to various locations on demand. For the purposes of this Ordinance, the Trailer portion of a tractor trailer shall be considered a Portable Storage Container when expressly used for the purpose of on-site storage.

Potable Water Supply: A source of water that contains no objectionable pollution, contamination, minerals or infectious agents and is considered by the Town to be safe for human consumption.

Principal Building: A Building in which is conducted the principal Use of the parcel on which it is situated.

Professional Office: The office of persons performing professional services such as doctors, lawyers, architects, engineers, accountants, real estate brokers, and insurance salesmen.

Property Line: The legally established boundary of a Lot, which boundary shall be considered coincident with any abutting public Street Right-of-Way line unless the metes and bounds description contained in a recorded deed for a Lot clearly and specifically establishes the Lot boundary at some other location.

Public Works Maintenance Facility: A Building or group of Buildings designated to house equipment and materials utilized in the various activities associated with improvements to, and maintenance of, Streets and public utility systems for the Town.

Religious Complex: A Building or group of Buildings for the purpose of religious worship including the sanctuary(s), education Building(s), recreation Building(s), child care facilities, and parsonage.

Rentals:

Right-of-Way: A dedicated or condemned strip of land reserved for a specific ~~use~~Use, such as for a Street or utility Easement.

Senior Citizens' Center: A privately or publicly owned and operated facility designed to provide daytime care and/or instruction for two (2) or more unrelated senior citizens and operated on a regular basis.

Setback: The distance from any Property Line to the closest edge of a Principal or Accessory Building.

Setback Line: A line establishing the minimum allowable distance between an applicable Property Line (that is, front, side or rear Property Line) and the nearest portion of any Principal or Accessory Building, excluding the outermost four feet (4') of any attached steps, roof, gutters and similar fixtures. Covered porches, whether enclosed or not, shall be considered as part of the Building and shall not extend beyond the Setback Line. Decks, whether free-standing or not, shall not extend beyond the Setback Line unless otherwise permitted in accordance with Section ~~612~~606.4.

Sign: Any words, lettering, numerals, parts of letters or numerals, figures, phrases, sentences, emblems, devices, designs, trade names or trademarks by which anything is made known, including any surface fabric or other material or Structure designed to carry such devices, such as are used to designate or attract attention to an individual, a firm, an association, a corporation, a profession, a business, or a commodity or product, which is exposed to public view and used to attract attention. This definition shall not include the flag, badge, or insignia of any governmental unit. (See Article ~~XVIII~~)

Special Use: A specific Use which may be permitted in a Zoning District by the Board of Adjustment subject to the Board's findings that the Use would not adversely affect adjacent property or the health, safety or general welfare of persons in the area adjacent to the Use. Such Use may be permitted only in a Zoning District where said Use is specifically listed as a Special Use.

Special Use Permit: A permit issued by the Board of Adjustment that authorizes the recipient to make ~~use~~Use of property in accordance with the requirements of this Ordinance and any additional requirements imposed by the Board of Adjustment.

Street: A dedicated Right-of-Way for vehicular traffic which affords the principal means of access to abutting property.

Street Line: The dividing line between a Street Right-of-Way and the contiguous property.

Structure: Anything constructed or erected, the ~~use~~Use of which requires permanent location on the ground, or attachment to something having a permanent location on the ground, including Decks, retaining walls, exterior stairways, Fences, and ~~business~~Signs.

Studio: The workshop of an artist, sculptor, photographer or craftsman.

Swimming Pool: A water-filled enclosure, permanently constructed or portable, having a depth of more than eighteen inches below the level of the surrounding land, or an above-surface pool, having a depth of more than thirty inches, designed, used and maintained for swimming and bathing purposes.

Trailer: Any vehicle or Structure capable of moving or being moved, over ~~streets~~Streets and highways on its own wheels or on flat beds or other carriers, which is designed to be utilized to:

- 1) Provide temporary quarters for the conduct of a business, profession, trade or occupation; or
- 2) Serve as a carrier of people, new or used goods, products, or equipment;

Use: The purpose or activity for which land or Buildings are designed, arranged, or intended or for which land or Buildings are occupied or maintained.

Variance: An exception to the terms of the Zoning Ordinance as authorized in Section ~~1203~~310.32. As used in this Ordinance, a Variance is authorized only for height, area, size of Structure, size of Yards, and open spaces, as provided in Section ~~1204~~310.32 of this Code.

Visible: Capable of being seen without visual aid by a person of normal visual acuity.

Wayfaring: Signs, maps, and other graphic or audible methods used to convey location and directions to travelers, normally consisting of roadside Structures, informational kiosks or other visual means of providing orientation.

Yard: A space on the same Lot with a Principal Building which is open, unoccupied, and unobstructed by Buildings or Structures from ground to sky except where encroachments are expressly permitted.

- 1) Minimum Front Yard: A required open space on the same Lot with a Principal Building between the front Setback Line and the front Property Line and extending the full Width of the Lot.
- 2) Minimum Rear Yard: A required open space on the same Lot with a Principal Building between the rear Setback Line and the rear Property Line extending the full Width of the Lot.
- 3) Minimum Side Yard: A required open space on the same Lot with a Principal Building between the side Setback Line and the side Property Line of the Lot and extending from the front Property Line to the rear Property Line.

Zoning Administrator: The officer or other designated authority charged with the administration and enforcement of this Ordinance.

Zoning District: The term applied to various geographical areas of the Town of Montreat for the purpose of interpreting the provisions of the Ordinance. The Zoning Districts are designated with the ~~use~~Use of symbols on the Official Zoning Map. Regulations controlling land use in the various Zoning Districts within the Town of Montreat are set forth in Article VII of this Ordinance.

~~Figure 1. Yards and Setbacks~~ ~~Include an illustration with standards.~~

ARTICLE III – ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

301 **ADMINISTRATION OF THIS ORDINANCE.** The regulations set forth in this Ordinance shall be applicable to all Zoning Districts, shall be minimum regulations, and shall apply uniformly to each class or kind of Structure or land, except as may be provided for elsewhere in this Ordinance. The Zoning Administrator appointed by the Town of Montreat Board of Commissioners is duly charged with the administration of the provisions of this Ordinance. All questions arising in connection with this Ordinance

shall be presented first to the Zoning Administrator who shall be responsible for the day to day administration of this Ordinance.

302 **CERTIFICATE OF ZONING COMPLIANCE REQUIRED.** No Building or other Structure shall be erected, moved, added to or structurally altered, nor shall any new ~~parking spaces~~Parking Spaces or parking lots be added, nor shall any Building Permit be issued nor shall any change in the ~~use~~Use of any Building, Structure or land be made until a Certificate of Zoning Compliance shall have been issued by the Zoning Administrator. No certification of zoning compliance shall be issued except in conformity with the provisions of this Ordinance. Replacement of roof shingles does not require Zoning Compliance. Where a ~~variance~~Variance or ~~Conditional~~Special Use Permit is required, the Zoning Administrator shall not issue a Certificate of Zoning Compliance until such ~~variance~~Variance or permit shall be approved by the Board of Adjustment. A copy of all Certificates of Zoning Compliance shall be kept in the Town office.

302.1 **APPLICATIONS FOR ZONING COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE.** All applications for zoning compliance certificates shall be accompanied by a plan drawn to scale showing:

- 1) the actual dimensions of the Lot to be built upon;
- 2) accurate dimensions and the ~~use~~Use of the proposed Building or Structure;
- 3) the location on the Lot of the Building or Structure proposed to be erected or altered, including an outline of all proposed Structures and the distances from all Structures to adjoining ~~property lines~~Property Lines;
- 4) the location of all underground and above ground utilities;
- 5) all utility E, rights-of-way, culverts and drainage ways;
- 6) the parcel identification number consistent with Buncombe County tax records;
- 7) evidence that taxes on the property proposed for construction were paid prior to submitting the application;
- 8) such other information as may be necessary to provide for the enforcement of the provisions of this Ordinance, including the architectural or Building plans of the Structure proposed to be erected or altered; and
- 9) Evidence of Title

Prior to issuance of a Certificate of Zoning Compliance, the Zoning Administrator may consult with qualified personnel for assistance to determine if the application meets the requirements of this Ordinance.

302.2 **ZONING COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE FEE.** All applications for a Certificate of Zoning Compliance shall be accompanied by an application fee based upon the

number of principal Structures per application. The fee shall set forth in the Town of Montreat Fee Schedule.

302.3 **CERTIFICATE OF ZONING COMPLIANCE LIMITED TO SIX MONTHS PLUS ONE EXTENSION.** If within six (6) months of the date on which a Certificate of Zoning Compliance is issued, construction has not begun on the ~~structure~~Structure for which the certificate had been issued, the certificate shall expire; but the Zoning Administrator shall grant one (1) extension of six (6) months to the certificate if so requested by the applicant. Such request shall be granted without any requirement of any additional fee.

302.4 **PRIOR APPROVAL REQUIRED FOR PLAN CHANGES.** Any changes to a development proposal in the Town, for which a Certificate of Zoning Compliance has been issued, voids the Certificate of Zoning Compliance for the proposal. A new application consistent with Section ~~602~~302.1 shall be submitted to the Town Zoning Administrator describing the project including all proposed changes. No construction shall take place that is inconsistent with the approved plans until amended plans are fully approved by the Zoning Administrator.

302.5 **RE-SUBMISSION OF APPLICATION FOR ZONING COMPLIANCE.** An application that has been denied by the Zoning Administrator but not appealed to the Board of Adjustment may be re-submitted not more than once, unless there is a material change in the application or a change in the zoning ordinances related to the application.

303 **BUILDING AND OCCUPANCY PERMITS REQUIRED.**

303.1 **BUILDING PERMIT REQUIRED.** Upon receiving a Certificate of Zoning Compliance, the property owner shall obtain a Building Permit from the Town of Montreat Building Inspector for the construction or structural alteration of any Building or Structure. A permit fee, as set by the Town Commissioners shall be paid to the Town.

303.2 **BUILDING PERMIT EXPIRATION.** A Building Permit shall expire six (6) months from the date it was issued if the work authorized by the Building Permit has not been commenced. In addition, a Building Permit shall immediately expire if the work authorized by the Building Permit has been commenced but has been discontinued for a period of twelve (12) months.

303.3 **CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY REQUIRED.** No new Building or part thereof shall be occupied, and no addition to or enlargement of any existing Building shall be occupied, and no existing Building after being altered or moved shall be occupied, and no change of occupancy shall be made in any existing Building or part thereof, until the Building Inspector has issued a Certificate of Occupancy

therefor. A temporary Certificate of Occupancy may be issued for a portion or portions of a Building which may safely be occupied prior to final completion and occupancy of the entire Building. Application for a Certificate of Occupancy may be made by the owner or his/her agent after all final inspections have been made for new Buildings, or, in the case of existing Buildings after supplying the information and data necessary to determine compliance with this chapter, the appropriate regulatory codes and the Zoning Ordinance for the occupancy intended. The Building Inspector shall issue a Certificate of Occupancy when, after examination and inspection, it is found that the Building in all respects conforms to the provisions of this chapter, the regulatory codes, and the Zoning Ordinance for the occupancy intended.

303.4 **CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE.** At the conclusion of all work done under a permit, the appropriate inspector shall make a final inspection and if he or she finds that the completed work complies with all State and local laws and with the terms of the permit, he or she shall issue Certificate of Compliance. No new Building or part thereof may be occupied, and no addition or enlargement of an existing Building may be occupied, and no existing Building that has been altered or moved may be occupied until the inspection department has issued a Certificate of Compliance. A temporary Certificate of Compliance may be issued permitting occupancy for a stated period of specified portions of the Building that the inspector finds may safely be occupied prior to final completion of the entire Building. Violations of this section shall constitute a Class 1 misdemeanor. The Building Inspector shall issue a Certificate of Occupancy when, after examination and inspection, it is found that the Building in all respects conforms to the provisions of this chapter, the regulatory codes, and the Zoning Ordinance for the occupancy intended.

304 **COMPLIANCE.** In case any Building is erected, constructed, reconstructed, altered, repaired, converted or maintained, or any Building or land is used in violation of this Ordinance, the Zoning Administrator or any other appropriate Town authority, or any person who would be damaged by such violation, in addition to other remedies, may institute an action for injunction, or mandamus, or other appropriate action or proceedings to prevent such violation.

305 **APPEAL FROM THE ZONING ADMINISTRATOR.** All questions arising in connection with this Ordinance shall be presented first to the Zoning Administrator, and such questions shall be presented to the Board of Adjustment only as an appeal from a ruling of the Zoning Administrator. Any order, requirement, decision or determination made by the Zoning Administrator shall be recorded in writing and may be appealed to the Board of Adjustment pursuant to the procedure found in ~~Article X~~[Sections 311 and 312](#) of this Ordinance.

306 **NOTICE OF VIOLATIONS AND CITATION PROCEDURES.**

306.1 **NOTICE REQUIRED BEFORE PENALTY.** No penalty shall be assessed unless and until the person alleged to be in violation has been notified of the violation in accordance with this section.

306.2 **NOTICE OF VIOLATION.** Whenever any Town official charged with the duty of enforcing regulations in this Ordinance has reasonable cause to believe that a person is violating any of the provisions of this Ordinance or any plan, order, or condition issued pursuant to this ordinance, that official shall cause the condition to be remedied. If the owner ~~or~~and occupant of the land, Building, ~~sign, structure~~Sign, Structure, or ~~use~~Use in violation fails to take prompt corrective action after having been informed of the violation, the Zoning Administrator shall give the owner ~~or~~and occupant written Notice of Violation, by certified or registered mail, to his last known address or by personal service or by posting the Notice of Violation conspicuously on the property:

- (1) that the land, Building, ~~sign, structure~~Sign, Structure, or ~~use~~Use is in violation of this Ordinance;
- (2) the nature of the violation, and citation of the Section of this Ordinance violated;
- (3) the measures necessary to remedy the violation; and,
- (4) a notification of owner or occupant's right to appeal.

306.3 **APPEAL.** Any owner or occupant who has received a Notice of Violation may appeal in writing the decision of the Zoning Administrator to the Board of Adjustment, in accordance with the provisions of Article -----, within thirty days following the date of the Notice of Violation. The Board of Adjustment shall hear an appeal within a reasonable time, and it may affirm, modify, or revoke the Notice of Violation. In the absence of an appeal, the remedies and penalties sought by the Zoning Administrator in the Notice of Violation shall be final.

306.4 **ORDER OF CORRECTIVE ACTION.** - If upon a hearing held pursuant to an appeal as prescribed above, the Board of Adjustment shall find that the owner or occupant is in violation of this Ordinance, the Board of Adjustment shall make an order in writing to the owner or occupant affirming the violation and ordering compliance.

306.5 **FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH AN ORDER** - If the owner or occupant of a property fails to comply with a Notice of Violation from which no appeal has been taken, or an Order of Corrective Action following an appeal, the owner or occupant shall be subject to such remedies and penalties as may be provided for by State Law. If the owner or occupant fails to comply with the

remedies and penalties prescribed, enforcement shall be sought through an order of a court of competent jurisdiction.

307 **RESPONSIBILITY FOR VIOLATIONS.** The owner or occupant of any land, Building, ~~structure, sign~~Structure, Sign, or ~~use~~Use of land or part thereof and any architect, builder, contractor, agent or any other person who participates or acts in concert, assists, directs, creates, or maintains any condition that is in violation of the requirements of this Ordinance may be held responsible for the violation and subject to the civil penalties and remedies herein provided.

308 **VIOLATIONS.** Any person violating any provision of this Ordinance shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be subject to a fine as provided by N.C.G.S. § 160A-175 or other applicable law and in addition thereto such violation may be enjoined and restrained as provided in N.C.G.S. § 160D-404.

308.1 Any one or all of the following procedures may be used to enforce the provisions of this Ordinance:

- (A) **Injunction** - Any violation of this Ordinance or of any condition, order, or requirement, or remedy adopted pursuant hereto may be restrained, corrected, abated, mandated, or enjoined by other appropriate proceeding pursuant to state law.
- (B) **Civil Penalties** - Any person who violates any provisions of this Ordinance shall be subject to the assessment of a civil penalty under the procedures provided in Section ~~30-7.5~~308.2.
- (C) **Denial of Permit or Certificate** - The Zoning Administrator may withhold or deny any permit, certificate, occupancy or other form of authorization on any land, Building, ~~sign, structure~~Sign, Structure or ~~use~~Use in which there is an uncorrected violation of a provision of this Ordinance or of a condition or qualification of a permit, certificate or other authorization previously granted.
- (D) **Conditional Permit** - The Zoning Administrator may condition the authorization of any permit or certificate upon the correction of the deficiency, payment of civil penalties within a specified time, or the posting of security in form and amount approved by the town attorney.
- (E) **Revocation of Permits** - ~~In accordance with Section 30-8.6,~~permitsPermits shall be revoked for any substantial departure from the approved applications, plans, or specifications; refusal or failure to comply with the requirements of state or local laws, or for false

statements or misrepresentations made in securing the permit. Any permit mistakenly issued in violation of an applicable state or local law may also be revoked.

- (F) Criminal Penalties - Any violation of this Ordinance shall be a misdemeanor or infraction as provided by N.C.G.S. § 14-4.
- (G) State and Common Law Remedies - In addition to other enforcement provisions contained in this Article, the Town Board of Commissioners may exercise any and all enforcement powers granted to it by state law or common law.

308.2 ~~308.2~~ PENALTIES

- (A) Penalties - Any person who violates any provisions of this Ordinance shall be subject to assessment of the maximum civil penalty allowed by law.
- (B) Notice - No civil penalty shall be assessed until the person alleged to be in violation has been notified of the violation in accordance with Section ~~30-7.3~~ 306.2. If after receiving a notice of violation under Section ~~30-7.3~~ 306.2, the owner or other violator fails to take corrective action, a civil penalty may be imposed under this Section in the form of a citation. The citation shall be served in the manner of a Notice of Violation. The citation shall state the nature of the violation, the civil penalty to be imposed upon the violator and shall direct the violator to pay the civil penalty within fifteen days of the date of the notice.
- (C) Responsible Parties - The owner or occupant of any land, Building, ~~structure, sign~~ Structure, Sign, or ~~use~~ Use of land or part thereof and any architect, builder, contractor, agent or any other person who participates or acts in concert, assists, directs, creates, or maintains any condition that is in violation of the requirements of this Ordinance may be held responsible for the violation and subject to the civil penalties and remedies herein provided.
- (D) Continuing Violation - For each day the violation is not corrected, the violator will be guilty of an additional and separate offense and subject to additional civil penalty.

- (E) Demand for Payment - The Zoning Administrator shall make written demand for payment upon the property owner or the person in violation and shall set forth in detail a description of the violation for which the civil penalty has been imposed.
- (F) Nonpayment - If payment is not received or equitable settlement reached within thirty days; after demand for payment is made, the matter shall be referred to legal counsel for institution of a civil action in the appropriate division of the General Courts of Justice for recovery of the civil penalty. Provided however, if the civil penalty is not paid within the time prescribed, the Zoning Administrator may have a criminal summons or warrant issued against the violator. Upon conviction, the violator shall be subject to any criminal penalty the court may impose pursuant to N.C.G.S. § 14-4.

308.3 REMEDIES. The remedies and penalties provided for violations of this Ordinance, whether civil or criminal, shall be cumulative and in addition to any other remedy provided by law, and may be exercised in any order and can include:

- (A) Civil Penalty. Violations of this Ordinance shall subject the offender to a civil penalty upon the issuance of a citation for a violation. The Town may recover the civil penalty, if not paid to the Town Administrator within thirty (30) days of the date the citation was issued, in a civil action in the nature of a debt pursuant to N.C.G.S. § 160A-175. Each day that any violation of the provisions of this Code continues shall constitute a separate and distinct offense.
- (B) Withholding of Certificate of Occupancy. The Zoning Administrator or other authorized agent may refuse to issue a certificate of occupancy for the Building constructed or being constructed on the property until the applicant or other responsible person has taken the remedial measures set forth in the notice of violation or has otherwise cured the violations described therein.
- (C) Disapproval of Subsequent Permits and Development Approvals. As long as a violation of this Ordinance continues and remains uncorrected, the Zoning Administrator or other authorized agent may withhold, and the Town Planning Commission or Board of Adjustment may disapprove, any request for permit or development approval or authorization provided by this Ordinance for the property on which the violation occurs.
- (D) Injunction and Order of Abatement. The Zoning Administrator, with the written authorization of the Town Administrator, may institute an action in a court of competent jurisdiction for a mandatory or prohibitory injunction and order of abatement to correct a violation of this Ordinance. Any

person violating this Ordinance shall be subject to the full range of equitable remedies provided in the General Statutes or at common law.

(E) Abatement of Public Health Nuisance. If the violation is dangerous or prejudicial to the public health or public safety and is within the geographic limits prescribed by N.C.G.S. § 160A-193, the Zoning Administrator, with ~~the~~ written authorization of the Town Administrator, may remove, abate or remedy the violation and the costs, if not paid, shall be a lien against the property.

309 **ESTABLISHMENT OF THE PLANNING AND ZONING COMMISSION.** The Planning and Zoning Commission (also referred to as the Planning Commission) shall be composed of seven members selected by the Board of Commissioners for matters within the Town of Montreat and for extraterritorial matters. The seven-member Planning Commission shall be composed of six members residing in the Town of Montreat, and one member residing or owning property in Buncombe County (outside the ETJ of the Town of Montreat). Two alternate members shall who reside in the Town of Montreat shall also be selected by the Town Board of Commissioners. Members shall serve a term of three years. No member shall serve more than two consecutive terms. When a vacancy occurs on the Board for the member representing Buncombe ~~or McDowell~~ County, the Town shall notify the respective Buncombe County Board of County Commissioners and request an appointment within 90 days. If no appointment is made during that period the Town Board of Commissioners shall fill the vacancy. All appointments to the Planning Commission shall comply with the requirements of N.C.G.S. § 160D-301.

309. ~~1~~ **PROCEEDINGS OF THE PLANNING AND ZONING COMMISSION.** The Planning and Zoning Commission shall elect from the members a chair and a vice-chair who shall serve for one (1) year or until reelected or until a successor is elected. The Planning Commission shall appoint a secretary who may be a municipal officer, an employee of the Town, or a member of the Planning and Zoning Commission. The Planning Commission shall adopt rules for transaction of its business and shall keep records of its resolutions and discussions, findings and recommendations. Such records shall be public records and filed in the Town office. Meetings of the Planning Commission shall be held quarterly, at the call of the chair, and at other times as the Planning Commission may determine. There shall be a quorum of four (4) members for the purpose of taking an official action required by this Ordinance. The alternate member may vote in the absence of a regular member but his/her presence shall not be counted when establishing a quorum. All meetings of the Planning Commission shall be open to the public.

309.2 **POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE PLANNING AND ZONING COMMISSION.** In addition to its powers and duties under the Subdivision Ordinance, it shall be the duty of the Planning Commission:

- (A) ~~——A.——~~ To acquire and maintain, in current form, such basic information and materials as are necessary to an understanding of past trends, present conditions, and forces at work to cause changes in those conditions;
- (B) ~~——B.——~~ To prepare, and from time to time, amend and revise a comprehensive plan for the physical development of the Town;
- (C) ~~——C.——~~ To establish principles and policies for guiding action in the development of the area;
- (D) ~~——D.——~~ To prepare and recommend to the Town Board of Commissioners Ordinances promoting orderly development along the lines indicated in the comprehensive plan;

~~——E.—— To receive, review and make recommendations upon those applications for permits for Conditional Use Permits as required by the provisions of this Ordinance;~~

- (E) ~~——F.——~~ To receive and review all applications for amendment to this Zoning Ordinance and to make recommendations thereon to the Town Board of Commissioners;
- (F) ~~G.——~~ To keep the Town Board of Commissioners and the general public informed and advised as to these matters;
- (G) To serve as the Stormwater Advisory Committee and assist the Town Board of Commissioners in meeting the mission and achieving the identified goals and objectives of the Town's Stormwater Management Program; and
- (H) To perform any other duties to which it may be lawfully assigned.

309.3 APPLICATION PROCEDURE.

1) Application forms for amendment requests shall be obtained from the Town Office. Completed application forms, plus any additional information that the Chair or applicant feels to be pertinent, shall be filed with the Zoning Administrator within at least thirty (30) days prior to the Planning and Zoning Commission's meeting at which the application is to be considered. An application requesting a change in the Official Zoning Map shall include a description of the property in question. Any communication purporting to be an application for an amendment shall

be regarded as mere notice to seek relief until it is made in the required form.

- 2) An application fee as set forth in the Town of Montreat Fee Schedule shall accompany each application and this fee shall be nonrefundable except in any case where the application is withdrawn prior to its consideration by the Planning and Zoning Commission. Provided, that no application fee shall be required for an application submitted by the Board of Commissioners, the Board of Adjustment or any other Town board or commission.
- 3) Once the Zoning Administrator has received the complete application and all other pertinent materials necessary for the consideration of the application, he/she shall forward the application and other materials to the Chair of the Planning and Zoning Commission who shall call for a meeting of the Planning and Zoning Commission to review said application within thirty (30) days of the date the completed application is received by the Chair. The regular meeting of the Planning and Zoning Commission may serve in the place of a called meeting if it falls within the time period set forth in this Subsection below.

309.4 HEARING BY THE PLANNING AND ZONING COMMISSION. The Zoning Administrator shall transmit copies of all papers and other data submitted by the applicant on behalf of the amendment request to the members of the Planning and Zoning Commission.

- 1) The Planning and Zoning Commission shall review and prepare a report, including its official recommendation to accept or reject the proposed amendment. The Planning and Zoning Commission shall deliver its written report containing its official recommendation to the Board of Commissioners within ninety (90) days of the date of the meeting at which it considered an application. Failure of the Planning and Zoning Commission to submit recommendations within the ninety (90) day period shall constitute a favorable recommendation.
- 2) The Planning and Zoning Commission shall provide a written recommendation to the Board of Commissioners that addresses plan consistency and other matters as deemed appropriate.
- 3) All meetings of the Planning and Zoning Commission shall be open to the public. At a meeting, any party may appear in person, by agent, or by attorney.
- 4) No member shall be excused from voting except upon matters involving the consideration of his/her own financial interest or official conduct. In all other cases, a failure to vote by a member who is physically present in the meeting room, or who has withdrawn without being excused by a

majority vote of the remaining members present, shall be recorded as an affirmative vote. The question of compensation and allowances of members of the Planning and Zoning Commission is not a matter of involving a member's own financial interest or official conduct.

309.5 PUBLIC HEARING BY THE BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS. Before enacting an amendment to the Ordinance, the Board of Commissioners shall hold a public hearing. Public hearings shall be held during the regularly scheduled meeting of the Board of Commissioners. At least ten (10) days notice of time and place of the hearing shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation in Montreat for two (2) consecutive weeks. At the public hearing, the Board of Commissioners may adopt the proposed amendment, reject the proposed amendment, or refer the proposed amendment back to the Planning and Zoning Commission for further consideration or hearing.

309.6 CHANGES IN THE OFFICIAL ZONING MAP. Before enacting a change to the Official Zoning Map, the Board of Commissioners shall hold a public hearing. Public hearings shall be held during the regularly scheduled meeting of the Board of Commissioners.

A) If the proposed change to the Official Zoning Map affects fewer than fifty (50) different properties, the owners (as shown on county tax listing) of the parcel(s) of land affected by the proposed change in the zoning map and the owners (as shown on the county tax listings) of all parcels of land abutting that parcel of land shall be mailed a notice of a public hearing on the proposed change by first class mail at the last addresses listed for such owners on the county tax abstracts. This notice must be deposited in the mail at least ten (10) but not more than twenty-five (25) days prior to the date of the public hearing. The person(s) mailing such notices shall certify to the Board of Commissioners that the notices were mailed in accordance with this section, and such certificate shall be deemed conclusive in the absence of fraud.

B) If the proposed change to the Official Zoning Map affects at least fifty (50) different properties, then the Town may elect to mail notices as provided above or may, as an alternative, elect to publish once a week for four successive weeks in a newspaper having general circulation in Montreat an advertisement of the public hearing that shows the boundaries of the area affected by the proposed change to the Official Zoning Map and explains the nature of the proposed change. The final

two advertisements shall comply with and be deemed to satisfy the provisions of N.C.G.S. §160D-601. The advertisement shall not be less than one-half of a newspaper page in size. The advertisement shall only be effective for property owners who reside in the area of general circulation of the newspaper which publishes the notice. Property owners who reside outside the newspaper circulation area, according to the address listed on the most recent property tax listing for the affected property, shall be notified by first class mail pursuant to this ordinance. The person(s) mailing such notices shall certify to the Board of Commissioners that the notices were mailed in accordance with this section, and such certificate shall be deemed conclusive in the absence of fraud. In addition to the published notice, the Town shall post one or more prominent Signs on or immediately adjacent to the subject area reasonably calculated to give public notice of the proposed change in the Official Zoning Map.

- C) At the public hearing, the Board of Commissioners may adopt the proposed change, reject the proposed change, or refer the proposed change back to the Planning and Zoning Commission for further consideration or hearing.
- D) Following final action by the Board of Commissioners, the Zoning Administrator shall make any necessary changes in the Zoning Map and shall maintain a written record of the type and date of such changes. Action by the Board of Commissioners shall be considered official seven (7) days after the date the change was accepted by the Board of Commissioners, even if the Zoning Administrator has failed to make the appropriate changes.
- E) The Board of Commissioners shall not reconsider a proposed change to the Official Zoning Map if such change is for the same property or portion thereof, for a period of one (1) year from the date of final determination of the prior request. This waiting period may be waived by a three-fourths vote of the Board of Commissioners if it determines that there may have been substantial changes in conditions or circumstances which may relate to the request.

310 **ZONING BOARD OF adjustment**

310.1 Zoning Board of Adjustment. The Board of ADJUSTMENT. The Zoning Board of Adjustment (sometimes referred to as the Board of Adjustment) shall have the authority

to rule on matters of interpretation of this Ordinance, consider appeals from decisions of the Zoning Administrator, issue ~~Conditional~~Special Use Permits, grant ~~variances~~Variances and perform other duties as defined in this Ordinance. Any appeal from a decision of the Board of Adjustment shall be subject to review by the superior court pursuant to G.S. 160D-1402.

~~310.2 Authority~~1 COMPOSITION. The Zoning Board of Adjustment shall be composed of seven members selected by the Board of Commissioners for matters within the Town of Montreat and for extra-territorial jurisdiction matters. The seven-member Board of Adjustment shall be ~~comprised~~composed of ~~five~~six members residing in the Town of Montreat, and one member residing in Buncombe County, and one residing in McDowell County. ~~The five-member Board of Adjustment shall be composed of five members residing or owning property in the ETJ of the~~ Town of Montreat. Two alternate members ~~shall~~who reside in the Town of Montreat, shall also be selected by the Town Board of Commissioners. When a vacancy occurs on the Board for the member representing Buncombe ~~or McDowell~~ County, the Town shall notify the respective Board of County Commissioners and request an appointment within 90 days. If no appointment is made during that period, the Town Board of Commissioners shall fill the vacancy. All appointments to the Board of Adjustment shall comply with the requirements of N.C.G.S. § 160D-302.

~~310.32~~310.32 **PROCEEDINGS OF THE ZONING BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT.** The Zoning Board of Adjustment shall elect a chair and a vice-chair from its members who shall serve for one (1) year or until reelected or until their successors are elected. The Board of Adjustment shall appoint a secretary. The Board of Adjustment shall adopt bylaws and rules in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance and N.C.G.S §160D-406. Meetings of the Board of Adjustment shall be held at the call of the chair and at other such times as the Board may determine. The chair, the vice-chair, or the clerk to the Board may administer oaths according to the procedures adopted in the Board's bylaws and rules. All meetings of the Board of Adjustment shall be open to the public.

310.3 POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE ZONING BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT. The Zoning Board of Adjustment shall have the following powers and duties:

~~310.4 Appeal from the Decision of the Zoning Administrator.~~ 310.31

APPEALS. All questions arising in connection with the enforcement of the Ordinance shall be presented first to the Zoning Administrator and

Article III: Administrative Provisions

such questions shall be presented to the Board of Adjustment only on appeal from the decision of the Zoning Administrator (See also Section 1203 D). A decision of the Zoning Administrator, as used in this section, refers to any final binding order, requirement, or determination made with respect to application of the Montreat Zoning Ordinance. Landowners may provide constructive notice of a final, binding determination by posting a ~~sign~~Sign on the affected site for 10 days in accordance with G.S. ~~160A-388(b1)(4)~~160D-403.

~~310.5 Powers and Duties of the Zoning Board of Adjustment. The Zoning Board of Adjustment shall have the following powers and duties:~~

~~310.51 Appeals. The Board of Adjustment shall hear and decide appeals from decisions of the Zoning Administrator concerning enforcement of this Ordinance and appeals arising out of any other ordinance that regulates land use or development, in accordance with the following:~~

- A) Any person who has standing under G.S. 160D-1402(c) or the Town may appeal a decision to the Board of Adjustment by filing a notice of appeal with the Town Clerk. The notice of appeal shall state the grounds for the appeal.
- B) The Zoning Administrator (or other Town official who made the decision) shall give written notice of the decision to the owner of the property that is the subject of the decision and to the party who sought the decision (if different from the owner). The written notice shall be delivered by personal delivery, electronic mail, or by first-class mail.
- C) The owner or other party shall have thirty days from receipt of the written notice within which to file an appeal. Any other person with standing to appeal shall have thirty days from receipt of actual or constructive notice of the decision within which to file an appeal.
- D) An appeal of a notice of violation or other enforcement order stays enforcement of the action appealed from, unless the Zoning

Article III: Administrative Provisions

Administrator certifies to the Board, after notice of appeal shall have been filed, that by reason of the facts stated in an affidavit, a stay would cause imminent peril to life or property or because the violation is transitory in nature, a stay would seriously interfere with enforcement of the Ordinance. In that case, enforcement proceedings shall not be stayed except by a restraining order, which may be granted by a court. If enforcement proceedings are not stayed, the appellant may file with the Zoning Administrator a request for an expedited hearing of the appeal, and the Board of Adjustment shall meet to hear the appeal within 15 days after such a request is filed. Notwithstanding the foregoing, appeals of decisions granting a permit or otherwise affirming that a proposed ~~use~~Use of property is consistent with the ordinance shall not stay further review of an application for permits or permissions to ~~use~~Use such property; in these situations the appellant may request and the Board may grant a stay of a final decision of permit applications or building permits affected by the issue being appealed.

- E) ~~Subject to the provisions of subdivision (3) of this subsection, the~~The Board of Adjustment shall hear and decide the appeal within a reasonable time.
- F) The official who made the decision shall be present at the hearing as a witness. The appellant shall not be limited at the hearing to matters stated in the notice of appeal. If any party or the Town would be unduly prejudiced by the presentation of matters not presented in the notice of appeal, the Board shall continue the hearing.
- G) When hearing an appeal pursuant to G.S. 160D-947(e) or any other appeal in the nature of certiorari, the hearing shall be based on the record and the scope of review shall be as provided in G.S. 160D-1402(j).
- H) The parties to an appeal that has been made under this subsection may agree to mediation or other forms of alternative dispute resolution in accordance with standards and procedures established and approved by the Board.

In exercising the above powers, the Board of Adjustment may, in conformity with the provisions of G.S. 160D-405, reverse or affirm wholly or in part, or may modify the decision appealed from and shall make any

order, requirements, decision or determination and to that end, shall have all of the powers of the Zoning Administrator.

310.5232 VARIANCE. When unnecessary hardships would result from carrying out the strict letter of this Ordinance, the Board of Adjustment shall grant a ~~variance~~Variance upon showing of all the following:

A) Unnecessary hardship would result from the strict application of the Ordinance. It shall not be necessary to demonstrate that, in the absence of the ~~variance~~Variance, no reasonable ~~use~~Use can be made of the property.

~~B)~~ The hardship results from conditions that are peculiar to the property, such as location, size, or topography. Hardships resulting from personal circumstances, as well as hardships resulting from conditions that are common to the neighborhood or the general public, may not be the basis for granting a ~~variance~~Variance.

~~B)C)~~ The hardship did not result from actions taken by the applicant or the property owner. The act of purchasing property with knowledge that circumstances exist that may justify the granting of a ~~variance~~Variance shall not be regarded as a self-created hardship.

~~C)D)~~ The ~~variance~~Variance is consistent with the spirit, purpose and intent of the Ordinance such that public safety is secured and substantial justice is achieved.

~~D)E)~~ The ~~variance~~Variance requested is the minimum ~~variance~~Variance that will make possible the legal ~~use~~Use of the land, Building or Structure.

~~E)F)~~ The ~~variance~~Variance is not a request to permit a ~~use~~Use of land, Building or Structure which is not permitted in the Zoning District involved.

The existence of a non-conforming ~~use~~Use of neighboring land, Building or Structures in the same Zoning District or of permitted or non-conforming ~~use~~Use in other Zoning Districts shall not constitute a reason

Article III: Administrative Provisions

for granting the requested ~~variance~~Variance. In granting a ~~variance~~Variance, the Board of Adjustment shall make written findings that all of the requirements listed above have been met. If a ~~variance~~Variance is granted it shall be the least possible deviation from the requirements of this subchapter. In granting any ~~variance~~Variance, the Board of Adjustment may prescribe appropriate conditions and safeguards in conformity with this Article. Violations of the provisions of the ~~variance~~Variance granted, including any conditions or safeguards, which are a part of the grant of the ~~variance~~Variance, shall be deemed a violation of this Ordinance. The Board of Adjustment may hear appeals to grant a ~~variance~~Variance arising out of any other ordinance that regulates land ~~use~~Use or development. The ordinance(s) shall also provide consistent, clearly-defined standards to establish findings through the ~~variance~~Variance process as outlined in this section.

~~310.53~~33 **SPECIAL USE PERMITS.** It shall be the duty of the Board of Adjustment to hear requests for Special Use Permits and grant said permits in accordance with the guidelines set forth by this Ordinance (See ~~Article VIII~~Section 617).

310.34 **SUBPOENAS.** The Board of Adjustment may subpoena witnesses and compel the production of evidence through the chair or acting chair. To request issuance of a subpoena, persons with standing (G.S. 160D-1402(c)) may make a written request to the chair explaining why it is necessary for certain witnesses or evidence to be compelled. The chair shall issue requested subpoena s/he determines to be relevant, reasonable in nature and scope, and not oppressive. The chair shall rule on any motion to quash or modify a subpoena. Decisions regarding subpoenas made by the chair may be appealed to the full Board of Adjustment. If a person fails or refuses to obey a subpoena issued pursuant to this subsection, the Board of Adjustment or the party seeking the subpoena may apply to the General Court of Justice for an order requiring that its subpoena be obeyed, and the court shall have jurisdiction to issue these orders after notice to the proper parties.

~~311~~310.4 **APPLICATION Procedure AND VARIANCE PROCEDURES.** The Board of Adjustment shall hear and decide appeals from any decision or determination made by the Zoning Administrator and all requests for ~~variances~~Variances.

310.41 FILING APPEALS AND APPLICATIONS. All appeals and applications for ~~variance~~Variance shall be filed with the Town Clerk, who shall refer such applications to the Board of Adjustment when all required materials have been submitted. All appeals and applications shall be made on the forms provided by the Town for that purpose. All information required on the form shall be completed and all required materials shall be submitted before an appeal or application shall be considered as having been filed. When the completed appeal or application has been filed with the Town Clerk, the Zoning Administrator shall immediately notify the Chair of the Board of Adjustment that such appeal or application has been filed.

~~317.2~~**310.42 REQUIRED MATERIALS.** All appeals or applications for ~~variance~~Variance shall be filed together with the following materials:

- A) A neatly drawn map of the property which is the subject of the appeal or application, drawn to scale and showing the location of any Building and other improvement located on the property and showing any adjoining road;
- B) If the appeal or ~~variance~~Variance concerns the elevation of a Building, a drawing showing the elevation of all Buildings and improvements located on the property which is the subject of the appeal and application;
- C) A copy of the deed for the property which is the subject of the appeal or application for a ~~variance~~Variance, a copy of the plat showing such property if one exists, and any contract to purchase or other relevant document; and
- D) A fee set by the Town Board of Commissioners, with recommendations from the Board of Adjustment, which becomes nonrefundable when the Zoning Administrator gives notice to the Chair of the Board of Adjustment that the completed appeal or application has been filed; and any other materials reasonably required by the Chair of the Board of Adjustment.

310.5 TIME OF HEARING. The Chairperson will set the date of hearing in accordance with an annual schedule published in January, maintained by the Clerk to the Board of Adjustment. This schedule will be made available to the Zoning

Administrator in order that he/she may inform applicants of the current schedule. All cases shall be heard within 60 days.

310.51 NOTICE OF HEARING. The Board of Adjustment shall mail a notice of hearing (i) to the party whose appeal, application, or request is the subject of the hearing; (ii) to the owner of the property that is the subject of the hearing; (iii) to the owners of all parcels of land ~~abutting the parcel~~within 250' of land that is the subject of the hearing; and (iv) to any other persons entitled to receive notice under this Ordinance. The notice of hearing must be deposited in the mail at least 10 days, but not more than 25 days, prior to the date of the hearing. The Town shall also prominently post a notice of the hearing on the property that is the subject of the hearing or on an adjacent ~~street right~~Street Right-of-way at least 10 days, but not more than 25 days, prior to the date of the hearing.

318310.6 DECISION OF THE ZONING BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT. The concurring vote of four-fifths of the members of the Board of Adjustment shall be necessary to grant a ~~variance~~Variance of any provision of this Ordinance. A majority of the members is required to decide any other quasi-judicial matter or to determine an appeal made in the nature of certiorari. The Board of Adjustment shall determine contested facts, make decisions within a reasonable time, and base quasi-judicial decisions on competent, material and substantial evidence in the record. Quasi-judicial decisions of the Board shall be in writing and shall reflect the Board's determination of contested facts and their application to standards found in this Ordinance. A quasi-judicial decision is effective upon filing the written decision with the Clerk to the Board. The decision of the Board shall be delivered by personal delivery, electronic mail, or first-class mail to the applicant, the property owner, and any person who has submitted a written request for a copy, prior to the date the decision becomes effective.

319310.7 APPEALS FROM DECISIONS OF THE ZONING BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT. Every quasi-judicial decision of the Board shall be subject to review by the superior court by proceedings in the nature of certiorari pursuant to N.C.G.S. 160D-1402. Any party with standing under N.C.G.S. 160D-1402 may appeal by filing a petition for review. A petition for review must be filed with the clerk of superior court by the later of thirty days after the decision is effective or after a written copy of the decision is given in accordance of Section 1205. When first-

class mail is used to deliver the decision to a party, three days shall be added to the time to file the petition for review.

~~320~~310.8 **VARIANCE LIMITED TO SIX MONTHS.** Any ~~variance~~Variance granted by the Board of Adjustment must be acted upon within six months or it shall become null and void. The Board of Adjustment may grant one six month extension of a ~~variance~~Variance if so requested by the applicant.

AMENDMENTS

~~321~~ ~~Authority.~~ ~~310.9~~ **AMENDMENTS.** This Ordinance, including the Official Zoning Map of Montreat, North Carolina, may be amended from time to time by the Board of Commissioners in accordance with the provisions of this Article.

~~322~~ ~~Requirement for Change.~~ When the public necessity, convenience, general welfare, or good zoning practices justify such action, and after the review and report by the Planning and Zoning Commission if required, the Board of Commissioners may undertake the necessary steps to amend the Zoning Ordinance.

~~323~~ ~~310.91~~ **PROCEDURE FOR AMENDMENTS.** ~~Requests to amend the Zoning Ordinance or the Official Zoning Map shall proceed in accordance with the following requirements:~~

~~A.~~ ~~Initiation of Amendments.~~ A proposed change or amendment to the Zoning Ordinance or the Official Zoning Map may be initiated by the Board of Commissioners, the Planning and Zoning Commission, the Board of Adjustment, or one or more owners of property within the area affected by the proposed amendment. For purposes of this Article only, the term “property owner” shall

include the holder of a sales contract or option to purchase property affected by the proposed change.

B. Application Procedure.

~~1) Application forms for amendment requests shall be obtained from the Town Office. Completed application forms, plus any additional information that the Chair or applicant feels to be pertinent, shall be filed with the Zoning Administrator within at least thirty (30) days prior to the Planning and Zoning Commission's meeting at which the application is to be considered. An application requesting a change in the Official Zoning Map shall include a description of the property in question. Any communication purporting to be an application for an amendment shall be regarded as mere notice to seek relief until it is made in the required form.~~

~~2) An application fee as set forth in the Town of Montreat Fee Schedule shall accompany each application and this fee shall be nonrefundable except in any case where the application is withdrawn prior to its consideration by the Planning and Zoning Commission. Provided, that no application fee shall be required for an application submitted by the Board of Commissioners, the Board of Adjustment or any other Town board or commission.~~

~~3) Once the Zoning Administrator has received the complete application and all other pertinent materials necessary for the consideration of the application, he/she shall forward the application and other materials to the Chair of the Planning and Zoning Commission who shall call for a meeting of the Planning and Zoning Commission to review said application within thirty (30) days of the date the completed application is received by the Chair. The regular meeting of the Planning and Zoning Commission may serve in the place of a called meeting if it falls within the time period set forth in this Subsection below.~~

C. Hearing by the Planning and Zoning Commission. ~~The Zoning Administrator shall transmit copies of all papers and other data submitted by the applicant on behalf of the amendment request to the members of the Planning and Zoning Commission.~~

~~1) The Planning and Zoning Commission shall review and prepare a report, including its official recommendation to accept or reject the proposed amendment. The Planning and Zoning Commission shall deliver its written report containing its official recommendation to the Board of Commissioners within ninety (90) days of the date of the meeting at which it considered an application. Failure of the Planning and Zoning~~

~~Commission to submit recommendations within the ninety (90) day period shall constitute a favorable recommendation.~~

~~2)1) The Planning and Zoning Commission shall provide a written recommendation to the Board of Commissioners that addresses plan consistency and other matters as deemed appropriate.~~

~~3)1) All meetings of the Planning and Zoning Commission shall be open to the public. At a meeting, any party may appear in person, by agent, or by attorney.~~

~~4)1) No member shall be excused from voting except upon matters involving the consideration of his/her own financial interest or official conduct. In all other cases, a failure to vote by a member who is physically present in the meeting room, or who has withdrawn without being excused by a majority vote of the remaining members present, shall be recorded as an affirmative vote. The question of compensation and allowances of members of the Planning and Zoning Commission is not a matter of involving a member's own financial interest or official conduct.~~

~~324 PUBLIC HEARING BY THE BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS.~~

~~A. Amendment to the Zoning Ordinance. Before enacting an amendment to the Ordinance, the Board of Commissioners shall hold a public hearing. Public hearings shall be held during the regularly scheduled meeting of the Board of Commissioners. At least ten (10) days notice of time and place of the hearing shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation in Montreat for two (2) consecutive weeks. At the public hearing, the Board of Commissioners may adopt the proposed amendment, reject the proposed amendment, or refer the proposed amendment back to the Planning and Zoning Commission for further consideration or hearing.~~

~~309.6309.5 CHANGES IN THE OFFICIAL ZONING MAP. Before enacting a change to the Official Zoning Map, the Board of Commissioners shall hold a public hearing. Public hearings shall be held during the regularly scheduled meeting of the Board of Commissioners.~~

~~A) If the proposed change to the Official Zoning Map affects fewer than fifty (50) different properties, the owners (as shown on county tax listing) of the parcel(s) of land affected by the proposed change in the zoning map and the owners (as shown on the county tax listings) of all parcels of land abutting that parcel of land shall be mailed a notice of a public hearing on the proposed change by first class mail at the last addresses listed for such owners on the county tax abstracts. This notice must be deposited in the mail at least ten (10) but not more than~~

~~twenty-five (25) days prior to the date of the public hearing. The person(s) mailing such notices shall certify to the Board of Commissioners that the notices were mailed in accordance with this section, and such certificate shall be deemed conclusive in the absence of fraud.~~

~~(1) If the proposed change to the Official Zoning Map affects at least fifty (50) different properties, then the Town may elect to mail notices as provided above or may, as an alternative, elect to publish once a week for four successive weeks in a newspaper having general circulation in Montreat an advertisement of the public hearing that shows the boundaries of the area affected by the proposed change to the Official Zoning Map and explains the nature of the proposed change. The final two advertisements shall comply with and be deemed to satisfy the provisions of N.C.G.S. §160D-601. The advertisement shall not be less than one-half of a newspaper page in size. The advertisement shall only be effective for property owners who reside in the area of general circulation of the newspaper which publishes the notice. Property owners who reside outside the newspaper circulation area, according to the address listed on the most recent property tax listing for the affected property, shall be notified by first class mail pursuant to this ordinance. The person(s) mailing such notices shall certify to the Board of Commissioners that the notices were mailed in accordance with this section, and such certificate shall be deemed conclusive in the absence of fraud. In addition to the published notice, the Town shall post one or more prominent signs on or immediately adjacent to the subject area reasonably calculated to give public notice of the proposed change in the Official Zoning Map.~~

~~B)A) At the public hearing, the Board of Commissioners may adopt the proposed change, reject the proposed change, or refer the proposed change back to the Planning and Zoning Commission for further consideration or hearing.~~

~~C)A) Following final action by the Board of Commissioners, the Zoning Administrator shall make any necessary changes in the Zoning Map and shall maintain a written record of the type and date of such changes. Action by the Board of Commissioners shall be considered official seven (7) days after the date the change was accepted by the Board of Commissioners, even if the Zoning Administrator has failed to make the appropriate changes.~~

~~D)A) The Board of Commissioners shall not reconsider a proposed change to the Official Zoning Map if such change is for the same property or portion thereof, for a period of one (1) year from the date of final determination of the prior request. This waiting period may be waived by a three-fourths vote of the Board of Commissioners if it~~

~~determines that there may have been substantial changes in conditions
or circumstances which may relate to the request.~~

ARTICLE IV ~~—~~ ESTABLISHMENT OF ZONING DISTRICTS

400 **ESTABLISHMENT OF DISTRICTS.** For the purposes of this Ordinance, the Town of Montreat is divided into Zoning Districts as follows:

- R-1: Low Density Residential District
- R-2: Medium Density Residential District
- R-3: Low Density Residential District
- I/R: Institutional/Residential District
- I: Institutional District
- WL: Woodlands District
- TCO: Town Center Overlay District
- RPO: Ridge Protection Overlay District
- CD: Conservation District
- PUD: Planned Unit Development District

In addition to the general zoning Districts delineated above, a Conditional Zoning District (bearing the designation CZ) corresponding to the general use zoning Districts may be established as authorized in this ordinance. Accordingly, the following ~~conditional zoning~~Conditional Zoning Districts may be designated upon approval by the Board of Commissioners of a petition to establish a ~~conditional zoning~~Conditional Zoning District:

- R-1: (CZ) Low Density Residential District
- R-2: (CZ) Medium Density Residential District
- R-3: (CZ) Low Density Residential District
- I/R: (CZ) Institutional/Residential District
- I: (CZ) Institutional District

401 **DISTRICT BOUNDARIES.** The boundaries of the above Zoning Districts are hereby established as shown on the Official Zoning Map of the Town of Montreat, North Carolina, which, together with all explanatory matters thereon, is hereby adopted by reference and declared to be a part of this Ordinance.

401.1 The Official Zoning Map shall be identified by the signature of the Mayor attested by the Town Clerk, and bearing the Seal of the Town under the words: "Official Zoning Map, Town of Montreat, North Carolina," together with the date of the adoption of the Official Zoning Map.

- 401.2 If, in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance and North Carolina General Statutes Chapter 160D, changes are made in District boundaries or other matters portrayed on the Official Zoning Map, such changes shall be ~~caused to be~~ entered on the Official Zoning Map by the ~~Zoning Official~~ Zoning Administrator promptly after the amendment has been approved by the Board of Town Commissioners.
- 401.3 No changes of any nature shall be made on the Official Zoning Map or any matter shown thereon except in conformity with the procedures set forth in this Ordinance. Any unauthorized change of whatever kind by any person or persons shall be void and a violation of this Ordinance.
- 401.4 The Official Zoning Map shall be located in the office of the Town of Montreat. It shall be the final authority as to the current zoning status of land, Buildings, and other ~~structures~~Structures in the Town.

403402 **RULES FOR INTERPRETATION OF ZONING DISTRICT BOUNDARIES.** When uncertainty exists as to the boundaries of Districts as shown on the Official Zoning Map, the following rules shall apply:

- ~~403~~ 402.1 Boundaries indicated as approximately following the center lines of ~~streets~~Streets, highways, Alleys, or public utility Easements shall be construed as following such center lines;
- ~~403~~ 402.2 Boundaries indicated as approximately following platted Lot or tract lines shall be construed as following such lines, whether public or private;
- ~~403~~ 402.3 Boundaries indicated as approximately following the Town Limits shall be construed as following such Town Limits;
- ~~403~~ 402.4 Boundaries indicated as following railroad lines shall be construed to be midway between the main tracks;
- ~~403~~ 402.5 Boundaries indicated as approximately following the center lines of streams, rivers, channels, lakes, or other lines shall be construed as following the center line;
- ~~403~~ 402.6 Boundaries indicated as approximately following topographic elevations shall be construed as following such elevations;
- ~~403~~ 402.7 Boundaries indicated as parallel to or extensions of features indicated above shall be so construed.

~~403.9~~402.8

If the boundary location cannot be resolved according to any of the above criteria, the Board of Adjustment shall interpret the intent of the map as to the location of District boundaries.

ARTICLE V ~~-~~ ZONING DISTRICT REGULATIONS

~~500.4~~ **PERMITTED USES TABLE** - The following table establishes what principal ~~uses~~Uses will be allowed in a particular Zoning ~~Districts~~District within the Town of Montreat. The ~~uses~~Uses in this table will be permitted as indicated by the letter P and shall conform to all regulations of the applicable Zoning District. Uses which are not listed in the Table are not permitted in the Town of Montreat.

~~500.21~~ When shown with an S, the ~~use~~Use is permitted only as a "~~Conditional~~ Special Use Permit" and will be approved in accordance with the provisions of Article VIII of this Ordinance.

USE CATEGORY	PERMITTED USES								
	R-1	R-2	R-3	IR	I	WL	RPO	CD	TCO
RESIDENTIAL									
Single Unit Dwelling	P	P	P	P					P
Two Unit Dwelling (Duplex)	P	P	P	P					S
Multi-Unit Dwelling				P					S
Dormitory					P				P
Family Care Homes	P	P	P	P					P
Group Care Facility (Nursing Homes, Rest Homes, Congregate Care, and Similar Facilities.)				S	P				
Manufactured Home, Class A	S	S	S						
Manufactured Home, Class B	S	S	S						

ACCESSORY USES AND STRUCTURES									
Accessory Buildings or Uses	P	P	P	P	P				P
Accessory Dwelling Unit	S	S	S	S					S
Home Occupation	P	P	P	P					P
Studios	S	S	S	P					
Swimming Pools, Private	P	P	P	P	P				P
PUBLIC & INSTITUTIONAL									
Auditorium				P	P				P
College				P	P				P
Conference Center				S	P				P
Churches				S	P				P
Columbarium				S	S				S
Community Facility		S		S	P				P
Educational Facility				P	P				P
Libraries, Public				P	P				P
Municipal Government Facilities				P	P				P
Museums, Public				P	P				P
Parks or other Public Recreational Facilities	S	S	S	S	S	S		S	S
Public Works Maintenance Facility	S	S	S	P	P				P
Commercial COMMERCIAL									
Bed and Breakfast		S		S					
Boarding Houses		S		S	P				P
Bookstore				P	P				
Camps, Summer						S			P

Campgrounds						S			
Convenience Store				S	S				
Day Care, Home	S	S							
Day Care Center				S	P				
Drug Stores and Pharmacies				S	P				P
Eating Establishments (Excluding Drive-ins)				S	P				P
General Merchandise and Sales Retail				P	P				P
Hospitals				S	S				S
Inn				S	P				P
Lodge				S	P				P
Professional Offices, including but not limited to medical, dental, law, or real estate				S	P				P
Professional Services				P	P				
Riding Stables						S			
Swimming Pools, Public				S	S				S
Theaters, Privately Operated					S				S
Theaters, Public Outdoor					S				S
Other									
Agriculture excluding logging and timber harvest						P	P	S	
Telecommunication Tower					S				S

501 **R-1 RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT.**

501.1 Purpose. This Zoning District is established to protect areas in which the principal ~~use~~Use of the land is for low Density, Single- and Two-Family Dwellings as well

as for the related recreational facilities normally required to provide for an orderly and attractive residential area. Any ~~use~~Use, which, because of its characteristics, would interfere with the development of or be detrimental to the residential nature of the area is prohibited.

501.2 Permitted Uses. See Section 500.

501.3 Special Uses. See Section ~~500~~617 and Article ~~VIII~~V.

501.4 Minimum Lot Area.

501.41 Ten thousand (10,000) square feet for all Single-Family Dwellings.

501.42 Fifteen thousand (15,000) square feet for Two-Family Dwellings.

501.43 Fifteen thousand (15,000) square feet for other ~~uses~~Uses.

501.5 Minimum Lot Width. Seventy-five feet (75').

501.6 Minimum Lot Depth. One hundred feet (100').

501.5 Minimum Front Yard. Thirty feet (30').

501.8 Minimum Side Yard.

501.81 Single-Family and Two-Family Dwelling Units: Fifteen feet (15')

501.82 All Other Uses: Twenty-five feet (25').

501.83 Lots with side ~~yard~~Yard abutting Woodland District (as to the side ~~yard~~Yard abutting the Woodland District): 10 feet (10')

501.9 Minimum Rear Yard. Twenty percent (20%) of the mean Lot Depth provided that rear ~~yards~~Yards on Lots used for Dwelling purposes need not exceed thirty five feet (35').

501.91 Lots with rear ~~yard~~Yard abutting Woodland District: 10 feet (10')

501.10 Maximum Building Height. Thirty-five feet (35').

501.11 Off-Street Parking and Loading Regulations. See Article ~~XVII~~VII.

501.12 Accessory Buildings. See Section ~~612~~606 and 500.

501.13 Signs. See Article ~~XVIII~~VIII.

502 **R-2 RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT.**

502.1 Purpose. This Zoning District is established to protect areas in which the principal ~~use~~Use of the land is for medium Density, Single-Family, Multi-Family and group Dwellings as well as for the related recreational, religious, and educational facilities normally required to provide for an orderly, attractive

residential area. Any ~~use~~Use which, because of its characteristics, would interfere with the development of, or be detrimental to the residential nature of the area is prohibited.

502.2 Permitted Uses. See Section 500.

502.3 Special Uses. See Section ~~500~~617 and Article ~~V~~IV.

502.4 Minimum Lot Area.

502.41 Eight thousand (8,000) square feet for all Single-Family Dwellings.

502.42 Twelve thousand (12,000) square feet for all Two-Family Dwellings.

502.43 Twelve thousand (12,000) square feet for all other ~~uses~~Uses.

502.5 Minimum Lot Width. Sixty feet (60').

502.6 Minimum Lot Depth: One hundred feet (100').

502.5 Minimum Front Yard. Thirty feet (30').

502.8 Minimum Side Yard.

502.81 Single-Family Dwellings: Ten feet (10').

502.82 All Other Uses: Twenty feet (20').

502.83 Lots with side Yard abutting Woodland District: (as to the side Yard abutting the Woodland District): Ten feet (10').

502.9 Minimum Rear Yard. Twenty percent (20%) of the mean Lot Depth, provided that such rear ~~yards~~Yards used for Dwellings need not exceed thirty feet (30').

502.91 Lots with rear yard abutting Woodland District: 10 feet (10')

502.10 Maximum Building Height. Thirty-five feet (35').

502.11 Off-Street Parking and Loading Regulations. See Article ~~X~~VII.

502.12 Accessory Buildings. See Section ~~612~~606 and 500.

502.13 Signs. See Article ~~X~~VIII.

503 **R-3 RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT.**

503.1 Purpose. This Zoning District is established to protect areas in which the principal ~~use~~Use of the land is for low Density, Single- and Two-Family Dwellings as well as for the related recreational facilities normally required to provide for an orderly and attractive residential area. Any ~~use~~Use, which, because of its characteristics would interfere with the development of or be detrimental to the residential nature of the area is prohibited. The R-3 Residential

District is similar to the R-1 District except that minimum Lot sizes are increased due to the limited availability of Town services and the environmentally sensitive nature of the land within these outlying regions.

503.2 Permitted Uses. See Section 500.

503.3 Special Uses. See Section ~~500~~617 and Article ~~VIII~~.V.

503.4 Minimum Lot Area.

503.41 Twenty thousand (20,000) square feet for all Single-Family Dwellings.

503.42 Thirty thousand (30,000) square feet for Two-Family Dwellings.

503.43 Thirty thousand (30,000) square feet for all other ~~uses~~Uses.

503.5 Minimum Lot Width. Seventy-five feet (75').

503.6 Minimum Lot Depth. One hundred feet (100').

503.5 Minimum Front Yard. Thirty feet (30').

503.8 Minimum Side Yard.

503.81 Single-Family and Two-Family Dwelling Units: Fifteen (15) feet.

503.82 All Other Uses: Twenty-five (25) feet.

503.83 Lots with side Yard abutting Woodland District: (as to the side Yard abutting the Woodland District): 10 feet (10')

503.9 Minimum Rear Yard. Twenty percent of the mean Lot Depth provided that rear ~~yards~~Yards on Lots used for Dwelling purposes need not exceed thirty-five feet.

503.91 Lots with rear yard abutting Woodland District: 10 feet (10')

503.10 Maximum Building Height. Thirty-five feet (35').

503.11 Off-Street Parking and Loading Regulations. See Article ~~XVII~~.V.

503.12 Accessory Buildings. See Section 612 and 500.

503.13 Signs. See Article ~~XVIII~~.V.

504 **I/R INSTITUTIONAL/RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT.**

504.1 Purpose. The purpose of the Institutional/Residential Zoning District is to provide for a zone of transition between purely residential and purely institutional Districts or to serve as a residential District to accommodate a mixture of

residential, office, and institutional ~~uses~~Uses in conditions of good health and safety, and to provide for protected property values in areas which are predominately residential in character.

504.2 Permitted Uses. See Section 500.

504.3 Special Uses. See Section ~~500~~617 and Article ~~VII~~V.

504.4 Minimum Lot Area.

504.41 Single-Family Dwellings. Six thousand (6,000) square feet.

504.42 Two-Family Dwellings. Ten thousand (10,000) square feet.

504.43 Multi-Family Dwellings. Fifteen thousand (15,000) square feet plus three thousand (3,000) square feet for each Dwelling Unit in excess of two (2).

504.44 Ten thousand (10,000) square feet for all other ~~uses~~Uses.

504.5 Minimum Lot Width.

504.51 Single-Family Dwellings. Sixty-five feet (65').

504.52 Two-Family Dwellings. Eighty feet (80').

504.53 Multi-Family Dwellings. One Hundred feet (100').

504.54 Other ~~uses~~Uses. One Hundred feet (100') at Front Building line.

504.6 Minimum Lot Depth. One Hundred feet (100').

~~504.7~~504.7 Minimum Front Yard. Twenty-five feet (25').

504.8 Minimum Side Yard.

504.81 Interior Side. Twelve feet (12').

504.82 Street side at Corner Lot. Seventeen and one-half feet (15.5').

504.9 Minimum Rear Yard. Twenty-five feet (25').

504.10 ~~Maximum~~10 Maximum Building Height. Forty feet (40'). All proposed Buildings, other than Single-Family, must be approved by the authority having jurisdiction for fire code enforcement. Structures over thirty five feet (35') will require special fire protection systems.

504.11 Off-Street Parking and Loading Regulations. See Article ~~XVII~~VII.

504.12 Screening Regulations. It shall be the responsibility of the property owner or lessee to provide the following screening measures:

504.121 Like or similar ~~uses~~Uses abutting each other in different Districts:
None.

504.122 Unlike or dissimilar ~~uses~~Uses abutting each other in same or
different Districts: Six foot (6') high closed Fence or evergreen
vegetation of sufficient Density to serve the purpose of a solid
Fence.

504.13 Signs. See Article ~~XVIII~~.

505 **I – INSTITUTIONAL DISTRICT.**

505.1 Purpose. The Institutional Zoning District is established to permit certain
institutional ~~uses~~Uses as defined in Article V, Definitions,
Educational Facility.

505.2 Permitted Uses. See Section 500 and Article V, Definitions, Educational
Facility.

505.3 Special Uses. See Section ~~500~~617 and Article ~~VII~~V.

505.4 Minimum Lot Area. Seven thousand five hundred (7,500) square feet.

505.5 Minimum Lot Width. Seventy-five feet (75').

505.6 Minimum Lot Depth. One hundred feet (100').

505.~~57~~ Yard Requirements.

505.~~54~~71 Adjacent Lots within the Institutional District shall have no
front, side, or rear ~~yard~~Yard requirements except that a twenty five
foot (25') Building ~~setback~~Setback shall be required from the
~~right~~Right-of-wayWay lines of any adjacent ~~streets~~Streets.

505.~~52~~72 Lots within the Institutional District and abutting a different
Zoning District shall be required to provide a twenty five foot (25')
side, rear, and/or front ~~yard~~Yard on the perimeter facing the
different Zoning District.

505.8 Maximum Building Height. Sixty feet (60'). All proposed Buildings, other than
~~Single Family~~Single Family, must be approved by the authority having jurisdiction
for fire code enforcement. Structures over 35 feet will require special fire
protection systems.

505.9 Off-Street Parking and Loading Regulations. See Article ~~XVII~~.

505.10 Screening Regulations. It shall be the responsibility of the property owner
or lessee to provide the following screening measures:

505.101 Like or similar ~~uses~~Uses abutting each other in different Districts:
None.

505.102 Unlike or dissimilar ~~uses~~Uses abutting each other in same or
different Districts: Six feet (6') high closed Fence or evergreen
vegetation of sufficient Density to serve the purpose of a solid
Fence.

505.11 Signs. See Article ~~XVIII~~VIII.

506 **WL - WOODLAND DISTRICT.** That area outside the high and low pressure water
service areas of the Town of Montreat that is indicated as Woodland District on the
Official Zoning Map of the Town.

506.1 Purpose. This Zoning District is established to provide for agricultural
~~uses~~Uses including, but not limited to, grazing and fishing, ~~but on land that~~
because of extremes in topography and soils, is unsuitable for residential,
commercial, institutional or related development.

506.2 Permitted Uses. Agricultural ~~uses~~Uses and enterprises. (See Section 500).

506.3 Special Uses. See Section ~~500-617~~ and Article V.

~~505~~507 **RPO - RIDGE PROTECTION OVERLAY DISTRICT.** That area extending 500 feet
on all sides of the summit of certain ridges in the Town as indicated on the official zoning
map of the Town of Montreat. The requirements of this section shall supplement the
requirements of the underlying Zoning District as well as the provisions of the North
Carolina Mountain Ridge Protection Act (N.C. G.S. § 113A). In case of conflict between
the requirements of this section and any other law or regulation the more stringent
provision shall apply.

~~505~~507.1 Purpose. This Zoning District is established to protect
sensitive woodlands on the ridge tops in and around the Flat Creek Basin which
contains the Town of Montreat. Special protection is needed in these areas
because of their high elevation, steep slopes and susceptibility to erosion that may
adversely affect water supplies and aquatic life in the Town. Special protection is
also needed to protect and preserve vistas in the Flat Creek Basin which are vital
to the tourism component of the town economy and which are highly valued by
residents of the Town as well.

~~505~~507.2 Permitted Uses. Agricultural ~~uses~~Uses and enterprises except logging and timber harvest. (See Section 500.)

~~505~~507.3 Special Uses. None allowed.

508 **TCO - TOWN CENTER OVERLAY DISTRICT.** That core area centered on Lake Susan which encompasses the majority of seasonal, community activity and Institutional facilities and ~~uses~~Uses as indicated on the official zoning map of the Town of Montreat. The requirements of this section shall supplement the requirements of the underlying Zoning District(s). In case of conflict between the requirements of this section and any other law or regulation the more stringent provision shall apply.

508.1 Purpose. This Zoning District is established to support and encourage specific permitted ~~uses~~Uses representative of the core Institutional and Institutional/Residential Districts of Town. The Town Center of Montreat contains many significant historical buildings and other architectural features of interest. These touchstones define the unique character and rich heritage that residents and visitors alike have come to cherish.

508.2 Permitted Uses. See Section 500.

508.3 Special Uses. See Section ~~500~~617 and Article V.

508.4 Signs. See Article ~~X (Note Section 1005.26 specific provisions).~~VIII.

509 **CD – CONSERVATION DISTRICT.** That area along Flat Creek from the Montreat Gate to Lookout Road and delineated on the Official Zoning Map of the Town of Montreat as Conservation District.

509.1 Purpose. This Zoning District is established to protect tracts of land from residential, commercial, and institutional development and to preserve land for ~~parks~~Parks, open space, recreational areas, greenways, trails, waterways and flood plain areas.

509.2 Signs. See Article ~~X, Section 1004.9~~VIII.

510 **CONDITIONAL ZONING DISTRICT**

In addition to the general zoning Districts delineated above, a Conditional Zoning District (bearing the designation CZ) corresponding to the general ~~use~~Use zoning Districts may be established as authorized in this ordinance.

R-1: (CZ) Low Density Residential District
R-2: (CZ) Medium Density Residential District
R-3: (CZ) Low Density Residential District

I/R: (CZ) Institutional/Residential District
I: (CZ) Institutional District

Conditional ~~zoning~~Zoning Districts are Districts that correspond to the general ~~use~~Use zoning Districts which are otherwise applicable. In addition to imposing the standards, restrictions and regulations provided for in the corresponding general ~~use~~Use zoning District applicable to a parcel of property, a ~~conditional-zoning~~Conditional Zoning District ~~imposes~~may impose additional standards, restrictions and regulations as a condition to and as part of the legislative decision creating the District in exchange for reductions in otherwise applicable ~~setback~~Setback and other site specific development standards and requirements of the applicable general ~~use~~Use District.

~~District.~~

510.1 **PURPOSE.** Conditional Zoning Districts are primarily intended to allow for the zoning and development of property in accordance with general ~~use~~Use zoning District standards with additional and/or modified standards that enable the ~~use~~Use and development of the subject property in a manner which is better suited to the topography and other unique characteristics of the site and which is also consistent with the character of the ~~use~~Use and development of the neighboring properties.

The review process established in this Ordinance provides for accommodation of such development by a reclassification of property into a ~~conditional-zoning~~Conditional Zoning District, subject to specific conditions and standards, which promote and provide for the compatibility of the ~~use~~Use and development of the subject parcel with the ~~use~~Use and development of the neighboring properties. Zoning petitions to establish a ~~conditional-zoning~~Conditional Zoning District will be processed in accordance with the provisions of this zoning ordinance for zoning amendments as well as this section. ~~A conditional-zoning~~A Conditional Zoning District classification will be considered only if the application is made by the owner of the property or his/her authorized agent.

510.2. **USES WITHIN DISTRICT.** Within a ~~conditional-zoning~~Conditional Zoning District, only those ~~uses~~Uses listed as permitted ~~uses~~Uses in the corresponding general zoning District shall be permitted. Individual conditions and site specific standards are limited to those needed to bring a project into compliance with town ordinances and adopted plans. The applicant shall propose development standards to mitigate the impacts reasonably expected to be generated, especially

with regard to property adjacent to the ~~conditional zoning~~Conditional Zoning District. Special ~~uses~~Uses shall require a ~~special-use permit~~Special Use Permit as required for the applicable general ~~use~~Use zoning District.

510.3 CONDITIONS.

- (A) In a ~~conditional zoning~~Conditional Zoning District, conditions may specify the ~~uses~~Uses proposed for the District; the location on the property of the proposed ~~use~~Use; the number of Dwelling Units or other ~~structures~~Structures; the location and extent of supporting facilities such as parking areas, driveways, and access ~~streets~~Streets; design elements of the proposed ~~use~~Use; the location and extent of Buffer areas and other special purpose areas; the timing of development; the location and extent of ~~right~~Right-of-~~way~~Way and other areas to be dedicated for public purposes; the alteration of ~~streets~~Streets to mitigate traffic and environmental impacts; ~~use~~Use limitations; and other matters the applicant proposes, or agrees to and which the town requests.
- (B) In considering a reclassification of property to a ~~conditional zoning~~Conditional Zoning District, the Town Board of Commissioners may request that reasonable and appropriate conditions be attached to approval of the rezoning. Any such conditions should relate to the relationship of the proposed ~~use~~Use to surrounding property, proposed support facilities such as parking areas and driveways, pedestrian and vehicular circulation, screening and Buffer areas, the timing of development, ~~street~~Street and ~~right~~Right-of-~~way~~Way improvements, water and sewer improvements, stormwater, the provision of open space, and other matters that the Town Board of Commissioners may find appropriate or the applicant may propose.
- (C) Such conditions to approval of the rezoning may include Dedication to the Town or State or a recognized legal entity, as appropriate, of any rights-of-way or Easements for roads, water, and sewer or other public utilities necessary to serve the proposed development. The applicant shall have a reasonable opportunity to consider and respond to any such conditions prior to final action by the Town Board of Commissioners.
- (D) Before filing an application for a ~~conditional zoning~~Conditional Zoning District, the application(s) is encouraged to meet with the Zoning Administrator to discuss the nature of the proposed reclassification, the standards for development under the existing and proposed classifications,

and concerns that persons residing in the vicinity of the property may have regarding the proposed reclassification, if known.

(E) All applications must include an exhibit map/schematic plan and supporting text which will become a part of the ordinance amendment, including the items listed below:

- (1) A site plan drawn to scale locating all proposed improvements, showing the total acreage, present zoning classifications and ~~uses~~Uses for the subject property and adjacent properties, date, and north arrow.
- (2) The owners' names, addresses, and the tax parcel numbers of all adjoining properties.
- (3) All existing Easements, reservations, rights-of way, and all ~~yards~~Yards required for the ~~conditional zoning~~Conditional Zoning District requested.
- (4) Delineation of areas within the regulatory floodplain as shown on official Flood Hazard Boundary Maps for the Town of Montreat including delineation of streams and associated stream Buffers.
- (5) Proposed ~~uses~~Uses of land and ~~structures~~Structures. For residential ~~uses~~Uses this includes the number of units and an outline of area where the ~~structure~~Structure will be located and appropriate ~~setbacks~~Setbacks. For nonresidential ~~uses~~Uses, this includes the approximate square footage of all ~~structures~~Structures and an outline of the area where the ~~structures~~Structures will be located.

(F) The Planning and Zoning Commission and/or Town Board of Commissioners may request additional information as they deem necessary. This information may include:

- (1) Proposed screening, including walls, Fences, or planting areas as well as treatment of any existing natural features.
- (2) Existing and proposed topography at five-foot contour intervals or less.
- (3) Generalized information on the number, height, and size or, in especially critical situations, the location of ~~structures~~Structures.
- (4) Proposed number and location of detached ~~signs~~Signs
- (5) Approximate completion time of the project and proposed phasing, if any.
- (6) Transportation plan with provisions for internal vehicular, transit, bicycle, and pedestrian circulation and parking-

(7) Conditions proposed to be incorporated in the ~~conditional zoning~~Conditional Zoning District.

(G) In approving a ~~conditional zoning~~Conditional Zoning District, the Town Board of Commissioners may, impose more restrictive requirements than would otherwise be required by this ordinance and those in the application, as deemed necessary to ensure that the purposes and intent of this ordinance are met.

(I) Other than ~~use~~Use conditions, no proposed condition can be a mere repetition of an already applicable requirement of this ordinance. The Zoning Administrator may order the removal of any such condition.

510.4 **COMMUNITY MEETING.** With respect to all Districts, the applicant is required to hold a community meeting prior to the application deadline for a ~~conditional zoning~~Conditional Zoning District rezoning. Notice of the meeting shall be provided to owners of property within 250' of subject property, as listed with the Buncombe County Tax Department. Notice may be sent to additional properties by the applicant. At a minimum, the notice shall be sent by standard mail and be postmarked at least fourteen (14) days prior to the date of the community meeting. Additional types of public notice may be provided by the applicant.

(A) A written report of the community meeting shall be included as part of the application packet. The written report of the meeting shall include a listing of those persons and organizations contacted about the meeting and the manner and date of contact, the time, date, and location of the meeting, and a description of any changes to the rezoning application made by the applicant as a result of the meeting.

(B) Revisions to an approved Conditional Zoning District necessitating a Public Hearing applicable to the Institutional/ Residential (I/R) and the Institutional (I) Districts shall also require a community meeting.

510.5 **SCOPE OF APPROVAL.**

(A) Any conditions approved in association with a Conditional Zoning District and so authorized shall be perpetually binding unless subsequently changed or amended as provided for in this Article. The applicant shall obtain certification of the approval of the Conditional Zoning District from the Town Clerk and shall record the certification and accompanying map exhibit/site plan in the office of the Register of Deeds of Buncombe County.

The applicant shall return a certified copy of the recorded documents to the Town Clerk.

- (B) If for any reason any condition established pursuant to these regulations is found to be illegal or invalid, or if the applicant should fail to accept any condition, the approval of the Conditional Zoning District may be deemed null and void and the governing body may initiate proceedings to rezone the property to its previous zoning classification. Continued or repeated violations of the conditions in an approved Conditional Zoning District shall constitute an applicant's failure to accept said conditions.
- (C) Any violations of a condition in an approved Conditional Zoning District shall be treated the same as any other violation of this Ordinance and shall be subject to the same remedies and penalties as any such violation.
- (D) The approval of a zoning map or text amendment does not authorize any development activity. A Certificate of Zoning Compliance and any other administrative permits required by this ordinance shall be required, before the initiation of any development activity.
- (E) If an application for conditional zoning is approved, thereafter the development and ~~use~~Use of the property shall be governed by the standards, restrictions and regulations provided for in the corresponding general ~~use~~Use zoning District, together with such changes, standards and conditions imposed by the Town Board of Commissioners.
- (F) If an application is approved, only those ~~uses~~Uses and ~~structure~~Structure indicated in the approved application and exhibit map/schematic plan shall be allowed on the subject property. A change of location of any ~~structures~~Structures may be authorized pursuant to applicable provisions of the ordinance.
- (G) Following the approval of a rezoning application for a ~~conditional zoning~~Conditional Zoning District, the subject property shall be identified on the Zoning Map by the appropriate District designation.
- (H) Any approved ~~conditional zoning~~Conditional Zoning District shall have vested rights.

510.6 ALTERATIONS TO APPROVAL.

- (A) Except as provided herein, changes to an approved ~~conditional zoning~~

Conditional Zoning District or to the conditions attached to the approval shall be treated the same as a new application for a ~~conditional zoning~~Conditional Zoning District and shall be processed in accordance with the original procedures.

- (B) The Planning and Zoning Commission shall have the authority to approve an administrative change to an approved ~~conditional zoning~~Conditional Zoning District application. The standard for approving or denying such a requested change shall be that the change does not significantly alter the approved plan or its conditions and that the change does not have a significant impact upon abutting properties. Changes that increase the Density of nonresidential development up to 10% of the approved Building square footage, but not more than 5,000 square feet, may be considered. For residential development, increases in Density are not allowed as an administrative change.
- (C) The Planning and Zoning Commission shall always have the discretion to decline to exercise this delegated authority if it believes a requested change should be deemed a rezoning application requiring a public hearing and Town Board of Commissioners approval under the circumstances. If the Planning and Zoning Commission declines to exercise this authority, then the applicant may only file a rezoning application in accordance with the applicable provisions of this Ordinance.

511 **LOT REQUIREMENTS SUMMARY TABLE.**

Zoning District and Use	Minimum Lot Dimensions			Minimum Yard/Setback		
	Size	Width	Depth	Front	Side	Rear
	(sq. ft.)	(feet)	(feet)	(feet)	(feet)	(feet)
R-1						

Single-Family, Group	10,000	55	100	30	15	**
Two-Family	15,000	55	100	30	15	**
Other uses Uses	15,000	55	100	30	25	**
R-2						
Single-Family, Group	8,000	60	100	30	10	**
Two-Family	12,000	60	100	30	10	**
Multi-Family	20,000*	60	100	30	20	**
Other uses Uses	12,000	60	100	30	20	**
Side-and/-rear yard setbacks Yard Setbacks for Lots in R-1, R-2, and R-3 District abutting Woodland District:10 feet (10')						
R-3 (septic)						
Single-Family	20,000	55	100	30	15	**
Two-Family	30,000	55	100	30	15	**
Other uses Uses	30,000	55	100	30	25	**
I/R						
Single-Family	6,000	65	100	25	12/15.5	25
Two-Family	10,000	80	100	25	12/15.5	25
Multi-Family	15,000***	100	100	25	12/15.5	25
Other uses Uses	10,000	100	100	25	12/15.5	25
					interior/corner	
I						
All permitted uses Uses	5,500	55	100	N/A - 25' from street right Street Right-of-wayWay and when adjacent to a different Zoning District		

* For each unit in excess of four, an additional 3,500 sq. ft. is required per unit.

** Minimum ~~rear yard~~Rear Yard is 20% of the mean Lot Depth but no more than 35' in R-1 and R-3, or no more than 30' in R-2 for residential ~~uses~~Uses.

*** For each unit in excess of two, an additional 3,000 sq. ft. is required per unit.

512 **PLANNED UNIT DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT (“PUD”)**

- A. This District allows projects of innovative design and layout that may not otherwise be permitted under this ordinance because of the strict application of zoning District regulations and/or general development standards. Variations from otherwise applicable regulations and standards may be granted with the adoption of the required Planned Unit Development District Master Plan (PUD Master Plan).

In return for greater flexibility, Planned Unit Developments are expected to deliver exceptional design, character and quality that preserve critical environmental resources and provide open space amenities. Such development shall incorporate creative design in the layout of Buildings, open space, and circulation; assure compatibility with surrounding land [uses/Uses](#) and neighborhood character; and provide greater efficiency in the layout and provision of roads, utilities, and other infrastructure.

B. The PUD District encourages innovative land planning and design concepts by:

- (1) Providing flexibility in the application of zoning and development standards or regulations that were designed primarily for individual Lots;
- (2) Allowing greater freedom in selecting the means to provide access, light, open space, and design amenities;
- (3) Allowing greater freedom for a broad mix of various land [uses/Uses](#) in the same development;
- (4) Promoting quality design and environmentally sensitive development by allowing development to take advantage of special site characteristics, locations, and land [uses/Uses](#);
- (5) Encouraging quality design by allowing higher densities when such increases are supported by superior standards or the provision of additional amenities; and
- (6) Protecting health, safety and general welfare without unduly inhibiting the development of property.

C. A Planned Unit Development shall be a new zoning District that replaces the existing zoning District. The development standards and land [uses/Uses](#) in the approved PUD Master Plan are the zoning regulations, standards, and land [uses/Uses](#) for a PUD in the PUD District. The Official Zoning Map shall identify the area covered by each PUD District.

- (1) All [uses/Uses](#) that are set out in the approved PUD Master Plan shall be treated as a permitted [use/Use](#) within the District.
- (2) Except as otherwise provided by the adopted PUD Master Plan, property within an approved PUD shall be subject to all applicable regulations, subdivision plan approvals, site plan approvals, and other permits and approvals required by Town ordinances.
- (3) There is no minimum acreage required. However, the size of the PUD shall be evaluated by the Planning and Zoning Commission as warrants the location of the specific proposal.
- (4) The PUD Master Plan shall identify the total number of residential units and the maximum square footage for non-residential [uses/Uses](#). The form for presenting these quantities shall be clearly presented and easy to track. If the measure used includes Density, gross density is the applicable standard.

- (5) Development standards established by the approved PUD Master Plan shall be the applicable development standards within the PUD. Such standards shall include, but are not limited to, Building Height, building separations, building ~~setbacks~~Setbacks, parking requirements, Lot size, ~~yard~~Yard, Buffer and landscape requirements or other dimensional standards.
- (6) Development of property within a PUD is subject to all applicable Town regulations such as: subdivision plan approvals, site plan approvals, and other permits and approvals required by Town ordinances. The installation of transportation infrastructure shall be required in developing areas of the PUD as needed to serve that portions of the PUD.

D. Procedure

- (1) A PUD zoning District shall be established through the process for rezoning property pursuant to the procedures for amendments as set forth in Article -- of this ordinance.
- (2) A pre-application meeting with the appropriate Town staff is required prior to formal submission of the application.

E. Requirements

- (1) Submittal of an application to rezone property to a PUD shall include submission of a Planned Unit Development District Master Plan (PUD Master Plan). The PUD and the PUD Master Plan shall be treated as a single item when acted on by the Town Board of Commissioners. The PUD Master Plan shall include the following:
 - a. a map, including parcel numbers, showing the parcels proposed for the PUD;
 - b. a topographic map(s) for the property included in the proposed PUD;
 - c. a list of permitted ~~uses~~Uses proposed in the PUD;
 - d. the locations of the proposed ~~uses~~Uses;
 - e. a summary of the amount, quantity, or gross density of those ~~uses~~Uses proposed in the PUD;
 - f. a map(s) showing the locations of water bodies appearing on USGS or NRCS Soil Survey maps within or adjacent to the boundary of the proposed PUD;
 - g. a map(s) showing the locations of wetlands, stream Buffers, the 100 year floodplain, and slopes greater than 30%;
 - h. a utility plan that includes the type and general location of the proposed public utilities;
 - i. a plan addressing stormwater within the proposed PUD;
 - j. proposed land development standards/regulations for the PUD,
- (2) The PUD Master Plan may include the following, as appropriate:
 - a. a public service plan for the PUD that evaluates potential impacts on: police service, fire service, schools;

- b. a multi-modal transportation plan for the PUD that includes the location of existing and proposed major roads in and adjacent to the PUD. To the extent practicable, the on-site transportation system shall be integrated with the off-site transportation system shown on any adopted adjacent Comprehensive Transportation Plan.
- c. a plan for an on-site transportation systems that addresses vehicular, bicycle, transit and pedestrian circulation;
- d. the location of known historic ~~structures~~Structures or sites within the PUD;
- e. a recreation and open space plan(s) that includes the locations and standards for open space and recreation areas within the PUD;
- f. a boundary Buffer plan showing transition treatments between the proposed PUD and adjacent properties;
- g. a plan for development phasing within the PUD.

(3) In addition the applicant may choose to include other items or plans. The elements of the PUD Master Plan may be presented in various forms and can include a combination of text and illustrations. The form(s) chosen shall clearly illustrate the elements of the PUD Master Plan being presented.

(4) The Town Administrator or Town Council may require a Traffic Impact Analysis (TIA) to be conducted by the applicant and submitted as part of the rezoning application.

(5) A mix of land ~~uses~~Uses and/or residential character types may be included in the PUD zoning District. The PUD Master Plan shall identify how ~~uses~~Uses will be mixed within the PUD. Uses may vary for and within areas or phases of the PUD and it is acknowledged that the mix of ~~uses~~Uses may need to change over time.

F. Recreation Areas and Open Space

(1) General Requirement: The location and proposed amount of open space and recreation space shall be identified in the PUD Master Plan. The open space within a PUD may contain areas for both active and passive ~~uses~~Uses. The PUD Master Plan shall consider adopted Town plans for greenways, recreation space, and open space, but may propose revisions, alternatives, and/or clarifications to this plan.

(2) Conservation and/or Preservation Areas: The PUD Master Plan shall provide for utilization of portions of the PUD that are subject to conservation Easements or otherwise set aside for preservation, open space and/or recreation.

(3) Management of Recreation Areas and Open Space: Because these areas may be placed under the control of a public entity such as the Town, or a private

entity, such as a property owners association or the Montreat Conference Center, the PUD Master Plan shall identify which area are to be public and which are to be private. The PUD Master Plan shall include a management plan for those areas that will be privately controlled addressing long-term maintenance responsibility for these areas.

G. Landscaping and Buffers

- (1) Compliance with General Landscaping Requirements: Landscaping shall comply with the standards of Article ~~IX~~ of this ordinance, except that variations from or modifications to these standards may be permitted in accordance with the PUD Master Plan or when a site plan or subdivision plan is presented for approval. The proposed landscaping should ensure compatibility with land ~~uses~~Uses on surrounding properties, create attractive ~~streetscapes~~Streetscapes and parking areas, and be consistent with the urban design objectives and/or character of the PUD.
- (2) Boundary Transitions: The PUD Master Plan shall include a plan(s) for the transition between those land ~~uses~~Uses proposed within the PUD and those land ~~uses~~Uses adjacent to the outer boundary of the PUD. These may include Buffers, specific compatible land ~~uses~~Uses, and/or other transitions. These boundary transitions may be varied over their length and/or width.

H. Interpreting the PUD Master Plan

The Town Administrator, or Town Administrator's designee is authorized, when necessary, to interpret the development standards and/or plans contained in the PUD Master Plan. In such cases, the interpretation should be applied in a way that most closely meets the original intent of the PUD Master Plan.

I. Amendments to the PUD and PUD Master Plan

The Planned Unit Development District (PUD) and the Planned Development District Master Plan (PUD Master Plan) may be amended by the approval of a request to the Town Council. Amendments shall be established through the process for rezoning property pursuant to the procedures for amendments as set forth in Article -- of this ordinance.

ARTICLE VI – DEVELOPMENT PROVISIONS

600 **USE.** No Building, Structure or land shall hereafter be used or occupied and no Building or Structure or part thereof shall be erected, moved or structurally altered except in conformity with the regulations of this Ordinance for the Zoning District in which it is located.

600.1 No part of a ~~yard~~Yard, off-~~street~~Street Parking or Loading Space, or other open space required in connection with any Building for the purpose of complying with this Ordinance shall be used and included as part of a ~~yard~~Yard, open space, or off-~~street~~Street Parking or Loading Space similarly required for any other Building.

600.2 Rights-of-way or access Easements shall not be considered a part of a Lot or open space, or front, side, or rear ~~yard~~Yard for the purpose of meeting ~~yard~~Yard requirements.

601 **LOT REDUCTION PROHIBITED.** No ~~yard~~Yard or Lot existing at the time of the passage of this Ordinance shall be reduced in dimension or area below the minimum requirement set herein. Yards or Lots created after the effective date of this Ordinance shall meet at least the minimum requirements set by this Ordinance.

602 **EVERY LOT MUST HAVE ACCESS TO A STREET.** No Building, Structure or Use of land shall be established on a Lot within the Town limits which does not have legal and physical vehicular access to a dedicated and accepted public Street.

In the Extraterritorial Jurisdiction, no Building, Structure or Use of land for other than agricultural purposes shall be established on a Lot which does not have legal and physical vehicular access to a dedicated and accepted public Street or to a platted roadway connected to a public Street.

For any Lot that does not abut a public Street or, in the case of the Extraterritorial Jurisdiction for any Lot that does not abut a public Street or platted roadway, no Building, Structure or Use of land shall be established on such Lot unless it has a legal Easement connecting such Lot with a public Street, which Easement must:

1. Have a minimum width of twelve feet (12’):
2. Be physically passable for vehicular traffic; and
3. Be an Easement of record and appurtenant to the Lot for which it provides access.

If the Street or platted roadway providing access to a proposed development does not meet the Town ~~street~~Street standards for public ~~streets~~Streets, the developer shall make the necessary improvements to bring the ~~street~~Street or road up to such Town standards.

603 **MINIMUM LOT AREA.** The minimum Lot area shall be as specified in Article V for each Zoning District. In areas not served by a public or community sewer system, the minimum Lot area shall be determined by the Buncombe County Health Department. This minimum Lot area shall be that necessary for safe on-site waste disposal system, but in no case, shall the Lot be smaller than the required area for the Zoning District in which it is located.

604 **HEIGHT AND DENSITY.** No Structure shall hereafter be erected or altered so as to exceed the Density and height regulations of this Ordinance for the District in which it is located.

605 **ONE PRINCIPAL BUILDING PER LOT.** Every Building hereafter erected, moved or structurally altered shall be located on a Lot and in no case shall there be more than one (1) Principal Building and its Accessory Buildings on the Lot.

606 **ACCESSORY BUILDINGS AND USES.**

606.1 **GENERAL REQUIREMENTS.**

- 1) Accessory Buildings shall not be used as a Dwelling Unit.
- 2) In residential zoning Districts, no more than two (2) Accessory Buildings or ~~uses~~Uses shall be permitted per Lot.
- 3) Accessory Buildings larger than six hundred (600) square feet including entrance and/or outside covered areas ~~and/or~~ exceeding ten (10) feet in height at eave line shall be permitted by Special~~Conditional~~ Use permit only.
- 4) Accessory Buildings or ~~uses~~Uses must meet the minimum ~~setbacks~~Setbacks required by the respective zoning District. Garages shall be located only in the side or rear ~~yards~~Yards, unless as permitted in Section 606.2, and must meet the minimum ~~setbacks~~Setbacks required by the respective zoning District except under the provisions found in Section ~~612~~606.2.
- 5) Accessory Buildings with any dimension greater than twelve feet (12') must meet the provisions of current NC State Residential Building Code.

606.2 **GARAGES IN FRONT YARD.** A residential property owner may apply for a Special Use Permit to build a Garage within the front ~~yard-setback~~Yard Setback subject to meeting all the following conditions:

- 1) The Zoning Administrator determines this will reduce damage to the natural topography, trees and natural green space, or where the topography will create a hardship that would result in significant damage to the topography, trees and plant life without such relief;

- 2) The materials used, meet or exceed the quality and appearance of the principal residence.
- 3) The Garage must be enclosed by an operable Garage door to be maintained in good working order, excluding carports.
- 4) The Garage doors shall be kept closed when the house is unoccupied for more than one day; and
- 5) The property owner agrees to maintain the Garage and its appearance to reasonably remain in the condition it is in when completed and approved by the Building Inspector. The Zoning Administrator shall determine when this provision has been violated.

606.3 **PORTABLE STORAGE CONTAINER**. In addition to meeting the general requirements found in Section 606.1, ~~portable-storage-containers~~Portable Storage Containers shall meet the following conditions:

- 1) Portable ~~storage-containers~~Storage Containers shall not be located or placed within any Easements or ~~street~~Street rights-of-way, without the written permission and authorization of the Town.
- 2) Portable ~~storage-containers~~Storage Containers are to be used for storage incidental to the principal ~~use~~Use on the same Lot. Storage containers shall not be used for retail sales or any other principal ~~use~~Use.
- 3) ~~A portable-storage-container~~A Portable Storage Container shall be allowed on a property for a continuous period of no more than one hundred and eighty (180) days per twelve-month period. Exceptions to this time limit may be made by the Zoning Administrator ~~to compensate for an act of God~~.
- 4) In Residential Districts (R-1, R-2, R-3), ~~portable-storage-containers~~Portable Storage Containers shall not be more than eight (8) feet in width and not more than twenty-four (24) feet in length.
- 5) For an active construction project in the Institutional/Residential (IR) and Institutional (I) Districts, ~~portable-storage-containers~~Portable Storage Containers shall not be more than ten (10) feet in width and not more than forty (40) feet in length and shall be allowed on a property for a continuous period of no more than two hundred and ten (210) days per twelve-month period.

606.4 **REASONABLE ACCOMMODATION.** In addition to meeting the general requirements of Section 612.1, a property owner may erect or install Accessibility Features within the required ~~yard-setback~~Yard Setback, subject to meeting all the following conditions:

- 1) The proposed accessibility improvements shall provide “reasonable accommodations” to avoid discrimination against individuals with disabilities. The intrusion upon the ~~setback~~Setback will not exceed that which is practically required as determined by the Zoning Administrator.
- 2) Expansion of, or addition to, Decks and other appurtenant ~~structures~~Structures beyond what is deemed necessary by the Zoning Administrator to provide reasonable accommodation for accessibility shall not be permitted.
- 3) Accessibility improvements designed and sited to occupy a portion of ~~street-right~~Street Right-of-wayWay fronting the property served are also subject to review for Administrative Approval by the Town Administrator prior to application for the associated construction permits

~~605~~607 **CORNER LOTS.** Any Structure on any Corner Lot shall comply with the minimum ~~setback~~Setback (front ~~yard~~Yard) requirements of the ~~street~~Street which it faces, and shall comply with fifty percent (50%) of the ~~minimum-front-yard~~Minimum Front Yard Setback requirements on any other ~~street~~Street which the Corner Lot abuts. The ~~yard~~Yard opposite the designated front ~~yard~~Yard shall meet the minimum rear ~~yard~~Yard requirements and the remaining ~~yard~~Yard shall meet the ~~minimum-side-yard~~Minimum Side Yard requirements. In case of doubt as to which ~~street~~Street a Structure faces, or if a Structure is built so as not to face any ~~street~~Street, the Zoning Administrator shall determine which ~~setback~~Setback, side ~~yard~~Yard and rear ~~yard~~Yard requirements apply.

~~606~~608 **DOUBLE FRONTAGE LOTS.** On Lots having frontage on two ~~streets~~Streets, but not located on a corner, the ~~minimum-front-yard~~Minimum Front Yard shall be provided on each ~~street~~Street in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance. On Lots having frontage on more than two ~~streets~~Streets, the ~~minimum-front-yard~~Minimum Front Yard shall be provided in accordance with the regulations set forth in this Ordinance on at least two of the ~~street~~Street frontages. The ~~minimum-front-yard~~Minimum Front Yard on the other frontage or frontages may be reduced along the other ~~streets~~Streets in accordance with the side ~~yard~~Yard requirements of the Zoning District.

607609

SPECIAL FRONT YARD REQUIREMENTS IN DEVELOPED AREAS. The front ~~setback~~Setback requirements of this Ordinance shall not apply to any Lot where the average front ~~setback~~Setback of already built-upon Lots located directly adjacent to, on either side of, and fronting on the same side of the ~~street~~Street as such Lot, is less than the minimum required front ~~setback~~Setback for the District in which the Lot is located. In such case, the front ~~setback~~Setback for such Lot may be less than the minimum required front ~~setback~~Setback but not less than the average of the existing front ~~setbacks~~Setbacks for the Lots located on each side of the subject Lot.

Should only one of the adjacent Lots have an existing ~~structure~~Structure located upon it, which ~~structure~~Structure is located less than the minimum required front ~~setback~~Setback, and the other adjacent Lot either (a) has no ~~structure~~Structure located upon it, or (b) has a ~~structure~~Structure upon it which is located more than the minimum required ~~setback~~Setback from the front ~~property line~~Property Line, then, for averaging purposes, the minimum required front ~~setback~~Setback shall be used for such other adjacent Lot.

Should there be only one buildable Lot adjacent to the subject Lot (for example, the subject Lot is a Corner Lot, or adjoins a public space, etc.) and should the sole adjacent Lot have an existing ~~structure~~Structure located upon it, which ~~structure~~Structure is located less than the minimum required front ~~setback~~Setback, then the minimum required front ~~setback~~Setback for the subject Lot shall be the same as the existing front ~~setback~~Setback for the sole adjacent Lot.

Provided, however, in no event shall the minimum required front ~~setback~~Setback be less than fifteen (15) feet.

608610

SITES.

NUISANCES AND HAZARDS AT BUILDING

The holder of any Building Permit issued by the Town Building Inspector shall be responsible for maintaining the corresponding construction site free of rubbish, hazards, and unsightly conditions from the beginning of construction until occupancy. The Zoning Administrator (or his or her designee) or the Building Inspector shall determine if a hazardous or unsightly condition exists and notify the holder of the Building Permit of a potential violation of this ordinance. The Town shall begin enforcement action if the situation is not corrected to the satisfaction of the

Zoning Administrator within seven (7) days of notification. (For General Nuisances refer to the Montreat Code of General Ordinances, Chapter I, Article I.)

~~609~~611 **MANUFACTURED HOMES.**

~~609~~ 611.1 **PURPOSE.** To establish review guidelines for manufactured homes in order to insure that such homes will meet certain specifications and will provide pleasant living conditions while protecting adjacent property.

609611.2 **LOCATION.** Any manufactured home established as a residence within the Town of Montreat after the adoption of this Ordinance may be located on a Lot in the R-1 Residential Zoning District. Manufactured homes used as residences on individual Lots shall be considered principal ~~uses~~Uses for the purposes of this Ordinance and shall be subject to the criteria set forth in Section 623.4-5 below.

609611.3 **EXEMPTIONS.** Manufactured homes on Lots may be exempt from the criteria in Section 623.4-5 providing that a valid Temporary Manufactured Home Placement permit is obtained from the Zoning Administrator. Each permit, when granted, shall be for one (1) calendar month, after which said permit can be renewed provided the below criteria are met.

609611.31 When fire, flood, or other natural catastrophe makes an existing Single-Family Dwelling uninhabitable, the Zoning Administrator shall allow a manufactured home to be used on the same Lot as a temporary residence for a period not to exceed six (6) months.

609611.32 During the active construction period of any construction project, the Zoning Administrator shall allow a manufactured home on the same Lot by the owner of the Lot for a period not to exceed twelve (12) months or the active construction period, whichever is less.

~~609~~611.4 **CLASSES OF MANUFACTURED HOMES.** For the purposes of this Ordinance, manufactured homes shall be classed as follows: A manufactured home must meet all of the restrictions outlined under a particular class before it may be classified either A, B, or C.

~~609611~~.41 Class A. This class of manufactured home shall be allowed as a ~~use~~Use by right in the R-1 Zoning District. In order for a manufactured home to be placed within this class, it must adhere to the following standards:

- 1) The unit must comply with National Manufactured Home Construction and Safety Standards adopted by the U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development;
- 2) The unit must comply with the appearance criteria set forth in Section 623.5; and
- 3) The unit must not exceed a length to width ratio of 3:1.

~~609611~~.42 Class B. This class of manufactured home shall be allowed as a Special ~~conditional-use~~Use in the R-1 Zoning District. In order for a manufactured home to be placed within this class, it must adhere to the following standards:

- 1) The unit must comply with National Manufactured Home Construction and Safety Standards adopted by the U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development;
- 2) The unit must comply with the appearance criteria set forth in Section 623.5; and
- 3) The unit must not exceed a length to width ratio of 4:1.

609.43 Class C. This class shall not be allowed in the Town of Montreat, except for ~~use~~Use by a temporary business as outlined in Section 623.34 above, and shall include all manufactured homes which cannot be classified as either Class A or Class B manufactured home.

~~609611~~.5 APPEARANCE CRITERIA. Class A and Class B manufactured homes must meet the following criteria. Before issuing a Certificate of Occupancy for a Class A or a Class B manufactured home, the Zoning Administrator must certify the home meets the following appearance criteria.

~~609611~~.51 Chassis Removal. The home shall have wheels, axles, transporting lights and towing apparatus removed.

~~609611~~.52 Foundation. A continuous primarily masonry foundation, unpierced except for required ventilation and access shall be installed under all elements of the Structure. Footings for walls shall be below the

frost line. The ground surface below the foundation shall be protected with a poly vapor barrier. Installation shall include a positive surface water drainage away from the home.

~~609~~611.53 Roofing. The home shall have a pitched roof and the roofing material must be compatible with residential construction within the area in which it is located.

~~609~~611.54 Exterior Finish. The exterior materials shall be of a color, material, and scale comparable with those existing in residential construction within the area which it is located and in no case shall the degree of reflectivity of exterior finishes exceed that of gloss white paint. Siding, trim, and features should be compatible with those existing in residential construction within the area in which it is located.

~~611~~612 **REGULATIONS FOR CUT AND FILL SLOPES.** Cut and fill slopes shall not exceed a 1:1 cut and 1.5:1 (horizontal distance: vertical distance). However, if stable exposed rock is the intended result, the cut and/or fill slope may be increased with approval of the Zoning Administrator and supporting recommendation from a North Carolina-registered professional engineer

613 **DRAINAGE.** A culvert of sufficient capacity or other means of drainage to control storm water runoff is required for each driveway or roadway connected to any public or private road in the Town of Montreat. Consultation is required with the Public Works Director regarding the type, material, placement, and method of installation of each such drainage facility. Written plans for drainage will be submitted to the Zoning Administrator for zoning compliance approval.

~~613~~ ~~611.1~~ Sedimentation Control. All land disturbing activity is to be planned and conducted so as to prevent off-site sedimentation and storm water runoff damage.

614 **AGRICULTURAL USES.** Agricultural enterprises are allowed in certain Districts in the Town ~~(see Section 700).~~ Such ~~uses~~ Uses are allowed with the understanding by the

Town that the land will be managed in such a way as to generate no off-site adverse effects such as sedimentation or other water pollution. As a general rule, grazing a horse on less than two acres is likely to produce such adverse effects. The Town Zoning Administrator is authorized to investigate reports of adverse off-site impacts of any land ~~use~~Use and to report such activities to appropriate regulatory agencies.

615 **PARKING AND STORAGE OF TRAVEL TRAILERS, CAMPERS AND RECREATIONAL VEHICLES.**

615.1 **PARKING ON PRIVATE PROPERTY.** No travel trailer, camper or recreational vehicle shall be used as a residence in the Town.

- 1) Exceptions to the requirements of this section shall be made for any visitor of a resident of the Town when the visitor parks the travel trailer, camper, or recreational vehicle on property of the Town resident, with the permission of the resident and for a period not to exceed seven (7) days per year. No more than one such travel trailer, camper, or recreational vehicle occupied by visitors shall be allowed to park on any Lot in the Town.
- 2) The provisions of this section shall not be interpreted to prevent the storage or occasional use of a vacant travel trailer, camper, or recreational vehicle at a residence in the Town by the owner of that residence. Occasional use shall mean not more than seven days in succession nor more than four times in a twelve month period.
- 3) No travel trailer, camper, or recreational vehicle shall be offered for rent or lease on a short or long term basis in the Town.

615.2 **PARKING ON PUBLIC PROPERTY PROHIBITED.** No person shall park a travel trailer, camper, or recreational vehicle for the purpose of overnight habitation on any public property in the Town including but not limited to public ~~streets,~~ ~~street~~Streets, Street rights-of-way, walkways, sidewalks, parking Lots, and any other public area.

616 **APPROVAL FOR CONSTRUCTION IN RIGHTS-OF-WAY.** Town rights-of-way are reserved for public purposes such as ~~streets,~~ ~~street~~Streets, Street shoulders, utility lines, Alleys, future ~~street~~Street improvements, bikeways, walkways, driveway connections, drainage, and plantings for beautification. Any and all construction in public rights-of-way is prohibited without the prior written permission of the Town Administrator. At the discretion of the Zoning Official and the Town Administrator, private construction projects that produce a public benefit may be allowed in public rights-of-way (for example: a retaining wall that keeps a drainage ditch clear.) No private improvements on

public rights-of-way shall be allowed which will interfere with existing or future public benefits of public rights-of-way.

- 617 **DRIVEWAY CONNECTIONS.** To the greatest extent practicable, and unless otherwise approved by the Town, driveway connections to public ~~streets~~Streets shall be made within the adjacent frontage area described by lines extending perpendicular from the ~~street~~Street side to the nearest property corners. If existing conditions or other factors, including but not limited to excessively steep gradient or stormwater control considerations pose inordinate difficulty for, or preclude, a driveway connection to the public ~~street~~Street solely within the frontage area described above, application shall be made to the Board of Adjustment seeking a ~~variance~~Variance from the provisions stated herein. The ~~variance~~Variance requirement shall be waived if an Easement is granted by the neighboring landowners(s) permitting driveway access through the grantor's Lot.

~~620~~ Fences.

~~618~~ 620.1 No FENCES.

618.1 NEW FENCE REQUIREMENTS. All new Fences installed after the effective date of this Ordinance shall comply with the following requirements:

1. Except for front yard Fences permitted by subsection 2) below, Fences shall be installed in the area comprised by (a) the rear yard of a Lot, and (b) that portion of the side yards of the Lot extending from (i) lines drawn from each of the front corners of the Principal Building on the Lot to the nearest side Property Line at its nearest point, to (ii) the rear Property Line. Provided, however, that in the event the rear Property Line or the side Property Line of a Lot is adjacent to a Street, no portion of the Fence shall be located in the Minimum Rear Yard or Minimum Side Yard, as applicable.
2. Decorative Fences shall be permitted in front yards provided (a) they are of picket construction, and (b) they are not constructed higher than thirty-six inches (36") above natural grade. In Institutional and Institutional/Residential Zoning Districts, the Zoning Administrator may approve opaque Fences constructed higher than thirty-six inches (36") in front yards which screen propane tanks, HVAC equipment and similar unsightly Building appurtenances so long as landscaping is installed in accordance with the requirements set forth in subsection 3) below to provide a visual buffer from public view.
3. For Fences facing Streets (including without limitation Fences constructed in side yards facing Streets), landscaping vegetation shall be installed so that no

more than one-third (1/3rd) of the exterior Fence surface area shall be visible from the Street within three (3) years. No more than forty percent (40%) of the landscaping material may be deciduous. Decorative Fences that are at least thirty percent (30%) open shall be exempt from this landscaping requirement.

4. Fences shall be constructed of the following materials: (i) wood of natural color, white (or other light color matching the exterior of the Dwelling on the applicable Lot), black, dark green or brown, (ii) metal (except for chain link or wire), plastic or composite materials designed for residential fencing purposes and colored white (or other light color matching the exterior color of the Dwelling on the applicable Lot), black, dark green or brown, (iii) chain link or other wire material designed for residential fencing purposes and colored black, dark green or brown, or (iv) brick, stone, cast-stone or decorative block. Colors other than white (or other light color matching the exterior color of the Dwelling on the applicable Lot), black, dark green and brown may be utilized if approved by the Zoning Administrator.
5. Fences shall not be constructed higher than five feet (5') above natural grade, except and provided that in Institutional and Institutional/Residential Zoning Districts, the Board of Adjustment may approve as a Special Use Fences constructed higher than constructed five feet (5') either (i) in front yards as provided in subsection 2) above, or (ii) in side or rear yards to screen propane tanks, HVAC equipment and similar unsightly Building appurtenances or for special security or safety needs, so long as landscaping is install in accordance with the requirements set forth in subsection 3) above to provide a visual buffer.
6. No Fence shall be constructed in a drainage easement without the permission of the Zoning Administrator.
7. No Fence shall be constructed in a utility easement without the permission of all utility companies that operate and maintain lines and/or facilities in the easement.
- 3.8. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, no Fence shall be located, constructed or maintained in such a way as to obstruct the view of motorists or pedestrians using any ~~streets~~streets, private ~~driveway~~driveways, parking aisles or the approach to any street intersection, ~~or otherwise~~ so as to constitute a traffic hazard.

618.2 -620.2—PROHIBITED FENCES.

1. Electrically charged Fences and ~~other~~ sharp metal or glass Fences are prohibited.

~~2.~~ ~~620.3~~ Barbed wire Fences are ~~allowed~~prohibited except only for special security or safety needs (such as to limit access to high towers, electrical high -voltage sites, hazardous equipment, ~~etc.~~) ~~The barbed wire will be higher than six (6) feet, constructed of no more than three (3) strands and will project over the projected property on~~like).

~~618.2~~618.3 **EXISTING FENCES.** All existing fencing that is replaced shall meet the interior side. ~~Otherwise, barbed wire Fences are prohibited.~~ requirements for new fencing. Without limiting the generality of the immediately preceding sentence, except in the event of casualty, no existing chain link Fence may be replaced by a new chain link Fence.

~~623~~ 619 **REGULATIONS FOR SPECIAL USE PERMITS**

~~A.~~ The development standards listed herein are additional to other requirements in this Ordinance. These development standards are ~~use~~Use- specific and apply to those ~~uses~~Uses requiring approval of a Special Use (designated with a ‘S’ in the Table of Permitted Uses, Section ~~5.2~~500). Such ~~uses~~Uses shall be subject to these standards as well as any additional standards or conditions required by the Special Use Permit.

~~ARTICLE~~ : SPECIAL USE PERMITS

~~SECTION 100-1~~ OBJECTIVES AND PURPOSE

~~1.~~ 619.1 **OBJECTIVES AND PURPOSE.** Permitted Special Uses add flexibility to the Zoning Ordinance. Subject to good planning and design standards, certain ~~uses~~Uses of property are allowed in specified Districts where those ~~uses~~Uses would not otherwise be acceptable. By means of controls exercised through the Special Use Permit procedures, ~~uses~~Uses of property, which would otherwise be undesirable in certain Districts, can be developed to minimize any harmful effects they might have on surrounding properties.

~~2.~~ The ~~uses~~Uses for which Special Use Permits are required are listed in the Table of Permitted Uses.

~~SECTION 2 PROCEDURES FOR SPECIAL USE PERMITS APPROVED BY THE BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT~~

~~2.1~~ 619.2 PROCEDURES FOR SPECIAL USE PERMITS APPROVED BY THE BOARD

OF ADJUSTMENT. A Special Use Permit may be issued by the Zoning Administrator after approval by the Board of Adjustment for the ~~uses~~ Uses as designated in the Table of Permitted Uses, ~~Section 500.~~ All applications for Special Use Permits shall be submitted in accordance with application requirements. Once the application has been determined complete, the Zoning Administrator shall schedule a Public Hearing.

The Board of Adjustment shall hold a public hearing prior to rendering a decision on the Special Use Permit, and if approved, shall include approval of such plans as may be required. In approving the permit, the Board of Adjustment shall find:

- (A) That the ~~use~~ Use will not materially harm the public health, safety or general welfare if located where proposed and developed according to the plan as submitted and approved;
- (B) That the ~~use~~ Use meets all the required and applicable development standards and conditions;
- (C) That the ~~use~~ Use will not substantially injure the value of adjoining or abutting property; and,
- (D) That the location and character of the ~~use~~ Use, if developed according to the plan as submitted and approved, will be in harmony with the area in which it is to be located,
- (E) and be in general conformity with the adopted policies and plans, including the Comprehensive Plan of the Town of Montreat.

~~2.2~~ 619.3 PUBLIC HEARING. Notice of hearings conducted pursuant to this section shall be mailed to the person or entity whose appeal, application, or request is the subject of the hearing; to the owner of the property that is the subject of the hearing if the owner did not initiate the hearing; to the owners of all parcels of land within 250 feet of the parcel of land that is the subject of the hearing; and to other persons as may be required or necessary. In the absence of evidence to the contrary, the city may rely on the county tax listing to determine owners of property entitled to mailed notice. The notice must be deposited in the mail at least 10 days, but not more than 25 days, prior to the date of the hearing. Within that same time period, the city shall also prominently post a notice of the hearing on the site that is the subject of the hearing or on an adjacent ~~street~~ Street or highway ~~right~~ Right-of-~~way~~ Way.

- (A) The Zoning Administrator shall mail written notice of the public hearing to the owners of all properties involved in the permit request

as well as the owners of all properties or any portion of properties within 250 feet of the property involved in the permit request.

- (B) The Zoning Administrator shall also post a notice ~~sign~~Sign(s), at least ~~one calendar day week (with exception of holidays)~~10 but not more than 25 days prior to the public hearing, on the property affected and/or in the vicinity stating the information included (A) above.
- (C) The Zoning Administrator shall make every reasonable effort to comply with the notice provisions set forth in this Section. However, it is the Board of Adjustment intention that no failure to comply with any of the notice provisions ~~(except those set forth in subsection 110-2.2-A)~~ shall render any permit request invalid.
- (D) At the conclusion of the public hearing, the Board of Adjustment may proceed to vote on the permit request, refer it to a committee for further study, or take any other action consistent with its usual rules of procedure.
- (E) The Board of Adjustment is not required to take final action on a Permit request within any specific period of time, but it should proceed as expeditiously as practicable on permit requests since inordinate delays can result in the applicant incurring unnecessary costs.
- (F) ~~Subject to subsection~~, theThe Board of Adjustment, shall approve the requested permit unless it concludes, based upon the information submitted at the hearing, that:
 - (1) The requested permit is not within its jurisdiction according to the Table of Permissible Uses; or
 - (2) The application is incomplete; or
 - (3) If completed as proposed in the application, the development will not comply with one or more requirements of this Ordinance.
- (G) Even if the Board of ~~Adjustments~~Adjustment finds that the application complies with all other provisions of this Ordinance, it may still deny the permit if it concludes, based upon the information submitted at the hearing, that if completed as proposed, the development, more probably than not:

- (1) Will materially harm the public health or safety; or
- (2) Will substantially injure the value of adjoining or abutting property; or
- (3) Will not be in harmony with the area in which it is to be located; or
- (4) Will not be in general conformity with the land development plan or other plans officially adopted by the Town Council.

(H) The burden of presenting a complete application to the Board of ~~Adjustments~~ Adjustment shall be upon the applicant. However, unless the Board informs the applicant at the hearing in what way the application is incomplete and offers the applicant an opportunity to complete the application (either at that meeting or at a continuation hearing), the application shall be presumed to be complete. Once a completed application has been submitted, which shall include a presentation by the applicant, if competent, material and substantial evidence that the applicant has complied with the requirements of the ordinance, made a "prima facie" (based on immediate impression) case with respect to ~~use~~ Use, specific findings, and is entitled to a permit, the burden of presenting competent, material and substantial evidence "contra" to the application rests with those parties opposed to the application.

(~~I~~) The burden of persuasion on the issue of whether the development, if completed as proposed, will comply with the requirements of this Ordinance remains at all times on the applicant. The burden of persuasion on the issue of whether the application should be turned down for any of the reasons set forth in Subsection (H) rests on the party or parties urging that the requested permit should be denied.

~~—2.3—~~ 619.4 CONDITIONS. In approving the Special Use Permit, the Board of Adjustment may impose such conditions as will, in its opinion, assure that the ~~use~~ Use in its proposed location will be harmonious and with the spirit and intent of this Ordinance. All such additional conditions shall be entered in the minutes of the meeting at which the Special Use Permit is granted and also onto the Special Use Permit and on the plans submitted therewith. All conditions shall run with the land and shall be binding on the original applicant for the Special Use Permit, its heirs, successors and assigns. In order to ensure that such conditions and requirements of each Special Use Permit will be fulfilled, the petitioner for the Special Use Permit may be required to provide physical improvements required as a basis for the issuance of the Special Use Permit.

~~2.4~~ While considering said application, the Board of Adjustment may request technical reports from experts and analysis from government agencies.

~~2.5~~ If the Board of Adjustment denies the Special Use Permit, the reasons therefore shall be entered in the minutes of the meeting at which the permit is denied.

~~2.6~~ In addition to the specific conditions required and whatever additional conditions the Board of Adjustment deems to be reasonable and appropriate, Special Uses shall comply with the height, ~~yard~~Yard, area and parking regulations of the zone in which they are located.

~~2.7~~ In the event of failure to comply with the plans approved by the Board of Adjustment, or with any conditions imposed upon the Special Use Permit, the permit shall thereupon immediately become void and of no effect. No building permits for further construction or Certificate of Occupancy/Compliance under the Special Use Permit shall be issued, and the ~~use~~Use of all completed ~~structures~~Structures shall immediately cease and not thereafter be ~~used~~Used for any purpose other than a ~~use~~Use as permitted by the zone in which the property is located.

~~2.8~~ Where plans are required to be submitted and approved as part of the application for a Special Use Permit, modifications of the original plans may be made by the Board of Adjustment.

~~623.1.620~~ **ACCESSORY DWELLING UNITS**

Purpose

The purpose of an Accessory Dwelling Unit is to:

- (a) Provide flexible housing options for residents and their families;
- (b) Integrate affordable housing into the community with minimal negative impact;
- (c) Provide elderly citizens with the opportunity to retain their homes and age in place.

620.1 **STANDARDS**

1. An Accessory Dwelling Unit shall be located only on a residential Lot containing one Single-Family detached ~~structure~~Structure. The residential Lot may contain other accessory ~~structures~~Structures as provided in this ordinance.
2. Only one Accessory Dwelling Unit shall be permitted per Lot.

3. Accessory ~~structures~~Structures shall not exceed the height of the principal ~~structure~~Structure.
4. The accessory Dwelling shall meet the appropriate ~~setbacks~~Setbacks.
5. The accessory Dwelling shall be clearly subordinate to the main ~~structure~~Structure.
6. The Accessory Dwelling Unit must contain complete kitchen facilities including a stove or cook top and a full bath including lavatory, water closet, and tub or shower (or combination).
7. At least one ~~parking space~~Parking Space shall be provided in addition to those required for the principal Dwelling.
8. Manufactured housing, campers, travel trailers and recreational vehicles are not permitted for ~~use~~Use as an accessory Dwelling.
9. An Accessory Dwelling Unit shall be occupied by no more than four (4) persons.

~~623.2.621~~ HOME OCCUPATION.

- ~~621.1~~ ~~1~~ No person other than members of the Family residing on the premises shall be engaged in such occupation; except one non-resident employee may work in the Home Occupation.
- ~~621.2~~ ~~2~~ The ~~use~~Use of the Dwelling Unit for the Home Occupation shall be clearly incidental and subordinate to its ~~use~~Use for residential purposes by its occupants, and not more than fifty percent (50%) of the FloorAarea of the Dwelling Unit shall be used in the conduct of the Home Occupation;
- ~~621.3~~ ~~3~~ There shall be no change in the outside appearance of the Building or premises, or other ~~visible~~Visible evidence of the conduct of such Home Occupation other than one (1) non-illuminated ~~sign~~Sign, not exceeding a four (4) square foot area.
- ~~621.4~~ ~~4~~ No traffic shall be generated by such Home Occupation in greater volume than would normally be expected in a residential neighborhood, and any need for parking generated by the conduct of such Home Occupation shall be met off the ~~street~~Street and other than in a required front ~~yard~~setbackYard Setback.

ARTICLE ~~IX~~ VII – PARKING AND LOADING REGULATIONS

~~(Revised 6/14/2001); (Revised 11/14/2002); (Revised 9/10/2009)~~

~~(Revised 1/14/2010); (Revised 1/10/2013)); (Revised 07/ —/2020~~

700 **GENERAL STATEMENT.** The Town of Montreat is a unique community that features and includes: (i) a conference center; (ii) a college, (ii) inns, (iii) gymnasiums, playgrounds, tennis courts and other athletic and recreational facilities; (iv) scenic areas and trails; (v) offices and other supporting facilities; and (vi) residential areas for single and Multi-Family ~~use~~Use, dormitories and apartments (collectively the “Usages”). Many of these facilities and the parking lots, spaces, ~~structures~~Structures and facilities that support them have existed for decades and it would be difficult and expensive for the owners and/or operators thereof to add or reconfigure onsite and offsite parking beyond that which is presently in ~~use~~Use and serving such facilities. Therefore, it is the intention of the Town of Montreat that as to all of the present Usages, the parking serving such Usages be deemed to be conforming to the maximum extent, and only with respect to

construction of additional ~~structures~~Structures or substantial expansion, modification or alteration of existing Usages, will additional parking be required and in such cases the provisions of this Ordinance shall apply. It is also noted that in many cases parking facilities for conference center and college buildings can be combined to support more than one facility or Usage, instead of new or additional spaces being required for each separate Building or facility. It is the intention of the Town of Montreat that Off-Street Parking areas shall be required at the time of initial construction of any new Building or at the time of any expansion of an existing Building that produces an increase in Dwelling Units, guest rooms, Floor Area, seating or bed capacity, or when a conversion in ~~use~~Use occurs. Such off-~~street~~Street parking areas shall be provided and maintained in accordance with the requirements set forth herein.

The requirement for additional off-~~street~~Street parking areas to supplement existing parking shall apply to new construction or modifications to existing Buildings resulting in increases in Net Floor Area or changes in ~~use~~Use or occupancy classification. The requirement for additional parking shall be based upon the increased net floor area or change only and related solely to the need for increased parking resulting from the increases in net floor area or changes in ~~use~~Use or occupancy classification.

701 PARKING AREA CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS. With the exception of Sections ~~A~~701.1 and ~~F~~701.6 below, Single- and Two-~~family~~Family residential ~~uses~~Uses shall be exempt from the parking area construction standards unless specifically referenced. As stated in Section ~~900.1700~~ above, entrances, ~~parking spaces~~Parking Spaces/areas, aisles or driveways in existence prior to adoption of this Ordinance which do not meet the specific provisions contained herein shall nevertheless be considered to be conforming, and may be continued or maintained.

701.1 Parking Space Requirements. For the purpose of this Ordinance, ~~parking space~~Parking Space dimensions (other than those designed to be handicap accessible) shall be as follows:

701.11 A standard car ~~parking space~~Parking Space is nine feet (9') wide and eighteen feet (18') long.

701.12 A compact car ~~parking space~~Parking Space is eight feet (8') wide and sixteen feet (16') long.

701.13 Parallel ~~parking space~~Parking Space dimensions shall be a minimum of eight feet (8') wide and twenty feet (20') long.

701.2 Entrances (sometimes "Aisle") and Driveway Widths. No two-way entrance aisle or driveway shall be greater than twenty-four feet (24')

wide. In no event shall an entrance be greater than twelve feet (12') for one-way traffic.

701.3 Surfacing.

701.31 All vehicular ~~parking spaces~~Parking Spaces shall be constructed of durable, dustless surface as defined herein unless otherwise approved by the Zoning Administrator and shall comply with the remaining requirements of this section for durable, dustless surfaces.

701.32 The installation of a durable, dustless surface may be temporarily delayed upon approval of the Zoning Administrator whenever it can be shown by the property owner or developer that the permanent size, shape or location of the parking area cannot be determined until the construction of a Building or permanent development of the property is completed. In those instances where a nondurable, non-dustless surface is approved, such surface shall at all times be maintained in good condition and free of ruts, potholes and vegetation. Failure to properly maintain such area shall be sufficient cause for the Zoning Administrator to require the owner to construct a durable, dustless surface.

701.33 For the purposes of this Section, a durable, dustless surface shall be constructed of concrete, asphalt, macadam, brick or similar material or special paving brick or block or structural grid material of such design as to permit the passage of water freely through the brick or block or permit the cultivation of grass within the voids thereof.

701.34 Loose stone or compacted stone without a suitable bonding agent may be acceptable as a durable, dustless surface if incorporated as part of an approved engineered pervious surface designed to accept the associated vehicular loads.

701.4 Curbing. The Town of Montreat encourages Low Impact Development (LID) and other innovative stormwater management techniques. Conventional curbing may be waived by the Town if alternative designs are approved and incorporated to encourage sheet flow drainage into pervious areas, or otherwise designed as part of an overall engineered stormwater retention/treatment system. All non-exempt residential and non-residential paved parking areas not utilizing approved alternative techniques shall be curbed using a standard curb with a minimum width of ~~1' 6"~~ 6" and may include a horizontal drain support/gutter having a minimum width of one (1) foot.

Off-~~street~~Street parking areas shall be designed so that parked vehicles do not encroach upon or extend onto public rights-of-way, sidewalks, or allow vehicles to strike against or damage any wall, vegetation, utility, or other ~~structure~~Structure. Such off-~~street~~Street parking areas shall be provided and maintained in accordance with the requirements set forth herein.

701.5 Markings and Signage. All non-exempt residential and non-residential paved ~~parking spaces~~Parking Spaces/areas shall be clearly delineated and identified by ~~use~~Use of reflective paint, signage or other durable surface treatment as approved by the Town. Signage shall be Engineering Grade Prismatic (EGP) reflective finish designed in compliance with the current effective Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) available for review at the Town Services Office. Accessible spaces for ~~use~~Use by persons with disabilities shall be provided in conformity with the current effective North Carolina State Building Code and ADA standards. Compact car, bicycle, and other special-~~use parking spaces~~Use Parking Spaces, if constructed or erected, shall be clearly identified and located to facilitate ~~use~~Use by residents and/or the public.

Parking areas shall be constructed with a well-maintained traffic directional system and proper drainage.

701.6 Stormwater Management. All newly-installed parking lots, regardless of surfacing, shall retain stormwater onsite or direct flows to systems designed to effectively remove pollutants and promote infiltration and recharge of the subsurface aquifer.

701.7 Landscaping. Landscaping requirements are set forth in Section 631 of this Ordinance Code.

701.8 Permitted Slope. With respect to new construction: (i) no grade within a commercial or institutional parking area (excluding portions thereof used for driveway purposes) shall exceed sixteen percent (16%) slope; and (ii) residential parking areas shall not exceed twenty percent (20%) slope. Driveway areas that exceed 20% slope and/or which do not provide adequate turnaround width for parked vehicles shall not be included in calculation of required ~~parking spaces~~Parking Spaces. Accessible ~~parking spaces~~Parking Spaces, as defined by the current effective North Carolina State Building Code and ADA standards shall not exceed a surface slope of two percent (2%) at any point.

702 OFF-STREET PARKING SPACE REQUIREMENTS. Off-~~street parking space~~Street Parking Space shall be provided for ~~uses~~Uses listed below as specified.

702.1 Single-Family Dwellings, Two Family Dwellings, and Multi-Family Dwellings.

The total number of required ~~parking spaces~~Parking Spaces for residential ~~structures~~Structures shall be calculated by considering heated square footage as follows: Two (2) spaces required per Dwelling Unit up to 2500 square feet. One (1) additional space required for each additional 1000 square feet or portion thereof above 2500. For existing residential ~~structures~~Structures as of the date of adoption of this Ordinance, one (1) additional ~~parking space~~Parking Space shall be required for each 1000 square feet (or portion thereof in excess of 500 square feet) that is added to the ~~structure~~Structure. By way of example, if 500-1499 square feet is added, one (1) additional space is required; if 1500-2499 square feet is added, two (2) additional spaces are required.

702.2 Bed and Breakfasts, Boarding Houses, and Hotels. A minimum of one (1) standard car ~~parking space~~Parking Space for resident owner or manager is required, and a minimum of one (1) standard space per Dwelling Unit or rooming unit. Ten percent (10%) of the total number of required standard spaces may be met through installation of compact car spaces.

702.3 Dormitories. One (1) standard space is required per each two (2) persons in the dorm based on full occupancy. Ten percent (10%) of the total number of required standard spaces may be met through installation of compact spaces.

702.4 Other Occupancies/Uses. One (1) standard space is required per 1,000 square feet of Gross Floor Area. Ten percent (10%) of the total number of required standard spaces may be met through installation of compact car spaces.

703 **BICYCLE PARKING.** Providing for bicycle parking is encouraged but not required.

704 **SHARED PARKING.** Shared parking may be approved under the following conditions:

704.1 Adjacent parking areas serving non-residential Buildings must be interconnected.

704.2 Ordinarily only two (2) facilities/Buildings that meet the conditions stated in this section may request shared parking for a given parking lot/area, but the Zoning Administrator may approve shared parking for more than two (2) Buildings pursuant to a plan approved by the Zoning Adjustment Board.

704.3 Where vehicular access is provided between adjoining non-residential ~~uses~~Uses and the operating hours of adjoining ~~uses~~Uses do not overlap, all of the required ~~parking spaces~~Parking Spaces (up to 100%) may be shared. For example, if a church, theater, assembly hall or other ~~use~~Use with peak hours of attendance at night or on Sundays, is located next to another ~~use~~Use or ~~uses~~Uses that are closed

at night or on Sundays, both ~~uses~~Uses may be able to take advantage of this option.

704.4 If the operating hours of two (2) adjoining non-residential ~~uses~~Uses overlap five or fewer hours each day, half of the required ~~parking spaces~~Parking Spaces (up to 50%) may be shared.

704.5 Where shared parking is being utilized to satisfy the parking requirements for new construction or the expansion of existing facilities/Buildings, the owners of the adjoining ~~uses~~Uses shall have shared parking Easements or agreements in place providing them with an enforceable legal right to ~~use~~Use the shared spaces as represented to the Town.

705 **USE OF PUBLIC STREETS FOR PARKING.** When determining parking area requirements for individual ~~uses~~Uses, portions of public ~~streets~~Streets may not be considered as permissible for parking unless part of an overall parking plan developed to accommodate new construction, alterations to, or changes in ~~use~~Use of, existing Buildings, and as provided for below;

705.1 ~~905.1 Parallel parking and/or diagonal parking are currently permitted only along select streets in the Institutional (I) or Institutional/Residential (I/R) Districts, as delineated on the official zoning map, due to historic use of these locations for parking.~~—Requests for approval of new parallel parking or diagonal ~~parking spaces~~Parking Spaces in the I and I/R Districts of Town are subject to review and approval on a case-by-case basis by the Town Administrator.

705.2 ~~905.2~~—Residential Buildings may meet or contribute to meeting motor vehicle parking requirements with on-~~street~~Street parking if individual driveways are minimized and the fronting ~~street~~Street is sized or specifically designed to accommodate the parking needs of residential Buildings. On-~~street~~Street parking shall be permitted by the Town Administrator. Owners of residential Buildings who ~~use~~Use public ~~street parking spaces~~Street Parking Spaces are subject to the following provisions: (i) their ~~use~~Use of public ~~street parking spaces~~Street Parking Spaces is non-exclusive and continued access by the public shall be maintained; and (ii) no private signage shall be permitted that restricts public ~~use~~Use of designated on-~~street parking spaces~~Street Parking Spaces or areas.

706 STRUCTURED PARKING. Above or below-ground ~~structured~~Structured parking shall be permitted in accordance with a plan approved by the Zoning Adjustment Board.

707 OFF-STREET LOADING REGULATIONS. Every Building, excluding Single-Family, Two-Family and Multi-Family Dwellings, shall provide space indicated herein for the loading and unloading of vehicles off the ~~street~~Street. Such space shall have access to an Alley or if there is no Alley, to a ~~street~~Street. Required space shall be considered as follows:

707.1 Multi-Family Dwellings with more than ten Dwelling Units: One (1) Loading Space.

707.2 All other ~~uses~~Uses: Each applicant shall submit a Loading Space and driveway plan with data demonstrating the adequacy of the facilities proposed in the plan. The plan is subject to approval of the Zoning Administrator.

ARTICLE ~~X – SIGN REGULATIONS~~ VIII – SIGNAGE

801 **PURPOSE.** The purposes of this Article are: (i) to permit such ~~signs~~Signs in the Town of Montreat that will not, by their reason, size, location, construction, or manner of display, confuse or mislead the public, obstruct the vision necessary for traffic safety, or otherwise endanger public health and safety; and (ii) to permit and regulate ~~signs~~Signs in such a way as to support and complement land-~~use~~Use objectives set forth in the Zoning Ordinance for the Town of Montreat.

802 **GENERAL REGULATIONS.** The following regulations shall apply to all ~~signs~~Signs in all Zoning Districts:

801.1 **COMPLIANCE.** No ~~sign~~Sign of any type shall be constructed, erected, painted, posted, placed, replaced, or hung in any District except in compliance with this Ordinance.

801.2 **MAINTENANCE.** All ~~signs~~Signs, together with braces, guys and supports shall at all times be kept in good repair. If at any time a ~~sign~~Sign should become unsafe or poorly maintained, the Zoning Administrator shall send written notice to the owner ~~or lessee~~ of the ~~sign~~Sign that the ~~sign~~Sign must be repaired, maintained or removed. Upon failure of the owner to correct such condition within thirty (30) days of such notice, the Zoning Administrator shall proceed with enforcement action pursuant to Section ~~801.9~~.

801.3 **REMOVAL OF OBSOLETE SIGNS.** Signs identifying establishments no longer in existence, products no longer being sold, and service no longer being rendered shall be removed from the premises within ten (10) days from the date of termination of such activities. Temporary ~~signs~~Signs, pole-mounted banners giving notice of seasonal or special events, and political ~~signs~~Signs shall be removed within two (2) days after termination of the event or election advertised. Upon failure of the owner of these ~~signs~~Signs to remove such ~~signs~~Signs within the prescribed time period, the Zoning Administrator shall proceed with enforcement action pursuant to ~~Section 801.9~~.

~~801.3~~801.4 **MEASUREMENT OF AREA; HEIGHT.** Sign area shall be computed by means of the smallest square, circle, rectangle, triangle, or combination thereof which will encompass the entire advertising copy or art designed to attract attention including borders and other architectural embellishments. Sign height shall be measured from the ~~street~~Street grade of

the closest point in the ~~street~~Street along which the ~~sign~~Sign is located or the average grade at the base of the ~~sign~~Sign, whichever is higher, to the highest point of the ~~sign-structure~~Sign Structure.

~~801.4~~801.5 **BUILDING CODE COMPLIANCE.** All commercial ~~signs~~Signs shall fully comply with the requirements of the North Carolina State Building Code and National Electrical Code (NEC). A Building permit shall be required for any projecting ~~sign~~Sign attached to a Building or ~~structure~~Structure which has a surface area in excess of six (6) square feet. An electrical permit is required for any internally or externally illuminated ~~sign~~Sign powered by electrical sources regulated by requirements of the NEC.

~~801.5~~801.6 **SIGN SETBACK REQUIREMENTS.** No projecting portion of any free-standing ~~sign~~Sign may be located closer than two feet (2') to any vehicular or pedestrian traveled way. For the purposes of this Ordinance, house numbers and nameplates shall be exempt from this ~~setback~~Setback requirement.

~~801.6~~801.7 **ILLUMINATION OF SIGNS.** Unless otherwise expressly prohibited, ~~signs~~Signs may be illuminated from above at a downward angle provided that lighting directed toward a ~~sign~~Sign shall be shielded in such a manner as to illuminate only the face of the ~~sign~~Sign, and shall not project light into any portion of the traveled roadway or toward neighboring Buildings.

~~801.7~~801.8 **SIGN PERMIT REQUIRED.** A ~~sign~~Sign permit, issued by the Zoning Administrator shall be required for all ~~signs~~Signs except those specified in Section ~~1003~~803 and ~~1004~~-804. No permit shall be issued until the Zoning Administrator inspects plans for such ~~signs~~Signs and determines that they are in accordance with the requirements contained in this Article. The fee schedule for ~~sign~~Sign permits shall be set forth in the Town of Montreat Fee Schedule.

~~801.8~~801.9 **ENFORCEMENT OF REGULATIONS.** Any ~~sign~~Sign constructed after the date of enactment of this Article or any ~~sign~~Sign maintained in a non-conforming manner shall be subject to the following actions:

801.91 ~~1001.91~~Notice. The Zoning Administrator shall notify in writing the following persons of the non-conforming ~~sign~~Sign:

1. The owner of the ~~sign~~Sign;
2. The owner of the property on which the ~~sign~~Sign is located; and;
3. The occupant of the property on which the ~~sign~~Sign is located.

4. Notice shall be given to the above persons that the non-conforming condition must be corrected within thirty (30) days from the date of notification.

801.92 Penalties. Penalties for these requirements are specified in ~~Section 308~~ Section 308.

801.93 Appeals. Any person having an interest in a ~~sign~~ Sign found to be non-conforming, or the property on which it is located, may appeal to the Board of Adjustment a determination by the Zoning Administrator ordering removal or compliance, as provided in ~~Article XII~~ Section 310 of this Ordinance.

801.94 Removal. If the non-conforming ~~sign~~ Sign has not been removed or brought into compliance with the provisions of this Ordinance within the allotted thirty (30) days and if no appeal has been taken, as specified above, then said ~~sign~~ Sign shall be removed by the Town and the cost of removal shall be billed to the owner of the ~~sign~~ Sign.

801.95 Failure to Pay Removal Costs. (a) Pursuant to N.C.G.S. § 160A-193, if the Zoning Administrator determines that a ~~sign~~ Sign removed by the Town was dangerous or prejudicial to the public health or safety and the owner of the ~~sign~~ Sign has not paid the costs of removal within 30 days of the billing date, then a lien in the amount of the costs of removal shall be placed on the real property where the removed ~~sign~~ Sign was located, and shall be collected as unpaid ad valorem property taxes. (b) If no determination of danger or prejudice to the public health or safety is made, then the costs of removal shall be collected by the Town in a civil action in the nature of a debt.

802 **PROHIBITED SIGNS**. The following ~~signs~~ Signs are prohibited, unless otherwise expressly permitted in this Ordinance:

802.1 Signs Constituting Traffic Hazards. Any ~~sign~~ Sign located in a manner or place so as to constitute a hazard to vehicular or pedestrian traffic as determined by the Zoning Administrator.

802.2 Signs in Street Right-of-Way. Any free-standing ~~sign~~ Sign located in a ~~street~~ Street right-of way or projecting over into a ~~street~~ Street Right-of-way. One house number and/or name plate shall be permissible for each home.

802.3 Signs Obstructing Passages. Any ~~sign~~Sign that obstructs or substantially interferes with any window, door, fire escape, stairway, ladder or opening intended to provide light, air, ingress or egress for any Building.

~~802.4~~ Off-Premises Advertising Signs. Billboards and other types of off premises advertising ~~signs.~~Signs.

~~802.4~~~~802.5~~ Flashing Devices. Any flashing device or ~~sign~~Sign displaying flashing or intermittent lights or lights of changing degrees of intensity.

~~802.5~~~~802.6~~ Moving Devices. Any commercial ~~use~~Use of moving ~~signs~~Signs or device to attract attention, all or any part of which moves by any means, including motion by the movement of the atmosphere or by electrical or other means, including but not limited to, pennants, flags, propellers, or discs, whether or not any said device has a written message.

~~802.6~~~~802.7~~ Posted Signs. Any ~~sign~~Sign posted to utility poles, trees, Fences, rocks or other ~~signs~~Signs. Honorarium Signs meeting the requirements of 1005.25 are not prohibited under this section. House Number and Nameplate Signs meeting the requirements of 1004.6 are not prohibited under this section.

~~802.7~~~~802.8~~ Copies of Official Signs. Any ~~sign~~Sign which is a copy or an imitation of an official ~~sign~~Sign, or which purports to have official status but does not have an official purpose.

~~802.8~~~~802.9~~ Portable Signs. A ~~sign~~Sign that is not permanent, affixed to a Building, Structure or the ground.

~~802.9~~~~802.10~~ Roof Signs. A roof ~~sign~~Sign is any ~~sign~~Sign which is affixed to the roof of a Building or Structure.

~~802.10~~~~802.11~~ Signs Not Permitted. Any ~~sign~~Sign not expressly permitted elsewhere in this Ordinance.

803 EXEMPT SIGNS. The following ~~signs~~Signs are exempt from the provisions of this Ordinance:

803.1 Governmental Agency Signs. Signs erected or maintained by a governmental agency to regulate, control or direct traffic including Wayfinding ~~signs,~~~~signs~~Signs, Signs indicating bus stops, parking areas, and similar transportation facilities, or ~~signs~~Signs employed to serve as a directory for services that may be found within the Town. Informational kiosks that provide maps and locational information. Such ~~signs~~Signs may be illuminated, flashing, or moving as required for public safety. Furthermore, ~~signs~~Signs erected by a governmental agency which convey information regarding a public service, or the location of a public facility may also be illuminated as necessary.

803.2 Signs Required by Law. Signs erected pursuant to federal, state, or local laws or ordinances.

803.3 Warning Signs. Signs which warn of hazards to life, limb, and property such as high voltage electrical equipment, explosives and the like.

803.4 ~~1003.4~~ Montreat Conference Center Sign Structure Near Gate.
The longstanding Montreat Conference Center ~~sign-structure~~Sign Structure containing approximately five sign ~~positions~~panels is exempt as a grandfathered sign structure. Sign panels may be changed as and when necessary. If destroyed by casualty or other cause, such sign structure may be reconstructed consistent with its previous size and design. A change in the design or size of the Montreat Conference Center sign structure is subject to approval of the Zoning Administrator.

804 **SIGNS PERMITTED OR REQUIRED WITHOUT A PERMIT.** The following types of ~~signs~~Signs shall be permitted in any Zoning District without the issuance of a sign permit provided they meet the stated requirements:

804.1 Temporary Real Estate Signs. Temporary real estate ~~signs~~Signs advertising a specific piece of property for sale, lease, rent, or development, located on said property, provided such ~~signs~~Signs shall not exceed six (6) square feet in surface area per side. Signs shall not be illuminated and shall not exceed one (1) per parcel of land unless such land is located at an intersection of two ~~streets~~Streets; in such a case, two ~~signs~~Signs shall be allowed, one facing each ~~street~~Street.

804.2 Signs on Window Glass. Signs on window glass, regardless of size.

804.3 Private Regulatory Signs. Private, unofficial regulatory ~~signs~~Signs not exceeding two (2) square feet in surface area per side, which indicate directions, entrances and exits, available parking facilities, no smoking,

control of pets and other similar requirements. Such ~~signs~~Signs shall be located entirely on the property to which they pertain and shall not contain any advertising message.

804.4 Construction Signs. One (1) construction ~~sign~~Sign per construction project not exceeding sixteen (16) square feet of ~~sign~~Sign area in residential Zoning Districts or thirty two (32) square feet in the Institutional or Institutional/Residential Zoning Districts, provided that such ~~signs~~Signs shall be erected no more than five (5) days prior to the beginning of construction for which a valid Building Permit has been issued, shall be confined to the site of construction, and shall be removed five (5) days after completion of construction and prior to occupancy.

804.5 Public Notice. Official notices posted by public officers or employees in the performance of their duties.

804.6 House Number Signs. Street address numbers must be clearly displayed so that the location can be identified easily from the road. Every property owner of improved property shall purchase and display in a conspicuous place on said property the number assigned.

804.6.1 The official address number must be displayed on the front of a Building or at the entrance to a Building which is most clearly ~~visible~~Visible from the ~~street~~Street or road during both day and night.

804.6.2 If a Building is more than seventy-five feet (75') from any road or if two or more homes use the same entrance, the address number(s) shall be displayed at the end of the driveway or Easement nearest the road which provides access to the Building(s)

804.6.3 Numerals indicating the address number shall be at least three (3) inches in height and shall be posted and maintained so as to be legible from the road.

804.6.4 Numerals must be of contrasting color to the background. Reflective numbering or placing reflective dots at the ~~sign~~Sign to direct attention to it is encouraged.

804.6.5 The Zoning Administrator will have the right to authorize and approve alternate methods of displaying house numbers which meet the intent of this Ordinance when strict adherence to these standards cannot reasonably be met.

804.7 RESIDENTIAL NAMEPLATE SIGNS. Residential nameplate ~~signs~~Signs are permitted and may include house numbers. Residential nameplate ~~signs~~Signs shall not exceed six (6) square feet in area.

804.8 **POLITICAL SIGNS.** Political ~~signs~~Signs shall, with the permission of the property owner, be allowed on private property more than five (5) feet from the traveled portion of the roadway, sixty (60) days before and on the date of the election or referendum, and shall be removed within one day after said election or referendum. Political ~~signs~~Signs are defined as ~~signs~~Signs for candidates for election or for issues on the ballot, and such ~~signs~~Signs shall not exceed eight (8) square feet in area per display side. Political ~~signs~~Signs may not be illuminated.

804.9 **TEMPORARY SPECIAL EVENT/PUBLIC INTEREST SIGNS.** Signs providing notice of upcoming events or gatherings of special interest to the public, meeting dates and locations, etc. may be displayed, but only in accordance with the following requirements:

- (a) Such ~~signs~~Signs shall be no larger than four (4) square feet of surface area per side;
- (b) Such ~~signs~~Signs must be located at least two (2) feet from the paved or traveled portion of the road or sidewalk along which they are placed;
- (c) Such ~~signs~~Signs shall be placed no earlier than fifteen (15) days before the event to which they refer; and
- (d) Such ~~signs~~Signs must be removed no later than two (2) days after the conclusion of the event to which they refer. Signs shall be limited to informational material only; no commercial advertisements or for-profit endorsements shall be permitted.

805 **SIGNS ALLOWED WITH PERMITS.** The following types of ~~signs~~Signs shall be allowed within the Town of Montreat upon the issuance of a sign permit for each proposed ~~sign~~Sign and subject to the regulations set forth below:

805.1 **Signs Allowed in Residential Zoning Districts (R-1, R-2, and R-3).** The following types of ~~signs~~Signs shall be allowed in all of the residential Zoning Districts subject to the accompanying restrictions and the issuance of a sign permit:

805.2 **Home Occupation Signs.** Each Home Occupation shall be allowed one (1) ~~sign~~Sign for purposes of identification. Said ~~sign~~Sign shall not exceed four (4) square feet of surface area. Signs shall not be illuminated.

805.3 **Subdivision Signs.** One (1) ground ~~sign~~Sign per entrance to a subdivision. Said ~~sign~~Sign(s) shall be no larger than sixteen (16) square feet of surface area per side. Signs shall not exceed six feet (6') in height and may not be illuminated.

- 805.4 Non-Residential Uses. Non-residential ~~uses~~Uses permitted as a ~~special use~~Special Use in residential Zoning Districts shall be allowed one (1) freestanding or wall identification ~~sign~~Sign per ~~street~~Street fronted on by the permitted ~~use~~Use. Said ~~sign~~Sign shall be no larger than eight (8) square feet of surface area per side. Signs shall not exceed eight feet (8') in height and shall not be illuminated.
- 805.5 Signs Allowed in the Institutional/Residential and Institutional Zoning Districts. The following types of ~~signs~~Signs shall be allowed in the above Zoning Districts for ~~uses~~Uses permitted in accordance with the ~~special use~~Special Use permitting process or for a ~~use~~Use-by-right for that Zoning District subject to the accompanying restrictions and the issuance of a sign permit:
- 805.6 Ground or Free-Standing Signs. For each Principal Building on a Lot, one (1) ground ~~sign~~Sign not to exceed the following surface area limitations: Sixteen (16) square feet in surface area per side of ~~sign~~Sign.
- 805.7 ~~1005.22~~ Wall Signs. For each Principal Building on a Lot located in the Zoning Districts set forth in Section 1005.2: One (1) wall ~~sign~~Sign located on the ~~street~~Street frontage side of the Building not to exceed sixteen (16) square feet. Existing or newly engraved permanent wall ~~signs~~Signs consisting of chiseled or hewn stone which identify the current ~~use~~Use or occupancy of an associated ~~structure~~Structure are permitted to serve as one (1) allowable wall ~~sign~~Sign on the ~~street~~Street frontage side of the Building. Should the ~~use~~Use or occupancy change such that the chiseled or engraved ~~sign~~Sign no longer serves to indicate the current ~~use~~Use or occupancy of the ~~structure~~Structure, one (1) new wall ~~sign~~Sign shall be permitted.
- 805.8 ~~1005.23~~ Multi-Multi-Tenant Signs. Buildings occupied by two or more tenants, regardless of individual or shared ownership, are permitted to have one (1) free-standing ~~sign~~Sign on the property on which the Building is located. The maximum size of such free-standing ~~signs~~Signs shall not exceed sixteen (16) square feet in surface area per side of ~~sign~~Sign. In addition, each multi-tenant Building shall be allowed one (1) wall ~~sign~~Sign, per tenant, not to exceed eight (8) square feet of surface area. The ~~sign-structure~~Sign Structure(s) may be designed to allow the addition or removal of copy elements as tenants change in the case of multi-tenant Buildings.
- 805.9 Buildings Located on Corner Lots. In cases where a Building is located on a corner or Double-Frontage Lot, then said Building is allowed

two (2) wall and two (2) freestanding ~~signs~~Signs - one (1) of each ~~sign~~Sign type facing each ~~street~~Street that borders the Lot.

805.10 Honorarium Signs. Honorarium ~~Signs~~signs shall be permitted if the size and scale are deemed proportionate to the ~~structure~~Structure and location whereon displayed. Signs may be located on existing rocks, Buildings or other ~~structures~~Structures as approved by the property owner. Signs shall be constructed of stone or bronze and securely anchored so as to prevent dislocation by weathering or impact. Signs erected above walkways or other areas of public assembly shall be subject to approval by the Building Inspector for adequate anchorage and structural support.

805.11 Educational Signs. Signs that supply information about people, facilities, natural features or other areas of educational or historical interest shall be permitted as educational ~~signs~~Signs. Maximum size of such free-standing ~~signs~~Signs shall not exceed twelve (12) square feet in surface area for pedestal mounted ~~structures~~Structures.

806 **TEMPORARY SIGNS ALLOWED IN ALL ZONING DISTRICTS.** In addition to the provisions of 1004.9, temporary ~~signs~~Signs, flags, or banners advertising the initial openings of businesses, establishments, special events or special sales may be permitted provided the ~~size~~, location and duration of such ~~signs~~Signs is approved by the Zoning Administrator. Such ~~signs~~Signs may be freestanding or attached to any ~~part~~part of a Building, wall, or other ~~structure and said signs shall not exceed 165 square feet in aggregate surface area~~Structure and shall meet all other ~~applicable~~ requirements. An example of a ~~sign~~Sign permitted hereunder is ~~with the~~ Welcome wall ~~sign~~Sign hung by Montreat College (approximately 23' x 7') below the wall of the Howerton Building at the beginning of academic ~~quarters~~ terms.

807 **RECREATIONAL SIGNS.** Sign ~~structures~~Structures designed to identify the location of, and provide other information concerning, specific recreational features, such as hiking and walking trails and bicycle paths, through maps and trail-head informational displays, are permitted in all zoning Districts. Such ~~signs~~Signs are to be limited to the location of the associated feature(s) and are subject to approval by the owner of the land on which the ~~sign~~Sign and recreational feature(s) are located. Maximum size of such free-standing ~~signs~~Signs shall not exceed twenty-four (24) square feet in surface area for multi-base frame ~~structures~~Structures. Sign ~~structures~~Structures are to be fabricated of naturally-durable species of wood in the form of logs and roughhewn dimensional timbers that cohere with the adjacent natural setting and location. Sign ~~structures~~Structures may be allowed with small roof or canopy features to provide weather-protective cover for viewers, subject to approval by the Building Inspector. Roof coverings shall also be constructed of naturally durable species of wood such as cedar, redwood, black locust or black walnut.

808 ~~Campus Identification and Directive~~**UTILITY POLE BANNERS.** ~~Banners IN TOWN CENTER OVERLAY DISTRICT.~~ Upon receipt of a sign permit, Owners of property located in the Institutional Use Zoning District and within the Town Center Overlay Area may, in accordance with this section install temporary banners on utility poles located on their property for the purposes of (i) identifying ~~portions of the Montreat College campus and Buildings or locales thereon may be installed on utility poles and other Structures on the campus.~~ buildings on the owner's property, or (ii) identifying special events occurring at or being celebrated on the owner's property. The location, ~~sized~~size and ~~duration~~period of ~~such~~time the banners ~~must~~may be displayed and total number of banners proposed shall be approved in advance by the Zoning Administrator, in ~~his~~her or his reasonable discretion; and ~~shall be subject to~~in addition, the following requirements must be met: (a) the owner of the property shall obtain the prior written consent of the owner of the utility pole or structure must have consented to to the placement of the banner ~~thereon~~thereon; (b) the maximum size of each banner size isshall be 28.5 inches in width by ~~six~~feet (6') in length; (c) the bottom of the banner mustshall be no ~~lower~~less than ~~eleven~~feet (11') above the ground surface; ~~and~~ (measured from the base of the applicable utility pole); (d) if ~~at the utility pole is located~~within ~~three~~feet (3') of the back of the ~~street~~curb (or if there is no curbing, within three feet (3') of the edge of the pavement) of an adjoining Street, the banner mustshall not be installed on the ~~road~~street side of the ~~pole~~utility pole; (e) banners promoting special events shall not be permitted to be installed longer than one (1) month; and (f) any banner on a particular utility pole shall not be displayed from such pole more than eight (8) months during any calendar year.

~~1005.6~~—Upon receipt of a sign permit, Owners of property located in the Institutional Use Zoning District and within the Town Center Overlay Area may install banners for limited time periods on utility poles located within a Town Street Right-of-Way adjacent to the Owner's property for the purposes of identifying the campus or buildings on the Owner's property or special events occurring at or being celebrated on the owner's property, provided (i) the owner obtains the prior written consent of the Zoning Administrator upon such conditions as the Zoning Administrator may require in her or his sole discretion, including without limitation the execution of a written agreement setting forth any restrictions as to the location, size, number and permitted time periods for such banner(s), and (ii) requirements (a) through (f) provided for in the immediately preceding grammatical paragraph of this section are complied with in all respects.

809 **WAYFARING SIGNS.** Government agency-owned ~~wayfaring signs~~Wayfaring Signs are exempt from the provisions of this Ordinance as provided in section 1003.2 above. Privately owned ~~wayfaring signs~~Wayfaring Signs which do not exceed four (4) square feet in surface area are permitted in all Zoning Districts except R-1, R-2 and R-3, provided the location of such ~~signs~~Signs is approved by the Zoning Administrator. Privately owned ~~wayfaring signs~~Wayfaring Signs that are part of a community ~~wayfaring~~Wayfaring system approved and adopted by the Town may be greater than four (4) square feet in surface area

and may be in any Zoning District if and to the extent such is provided for in the ordinance adopting such community ~~wayfaring~~Wayfaring system. No ~~wayfaring signs~~Wayfaring Signs other than government agency-owned ~~wayfaring signs~~Wayfaring Signs may be placed on public rights-of-way or other Town property without obtaining the permission and approval of the Town, which approval or permission may be withheld or conditioned by the Town in its sole and complete discretion. As used in this ordinance, the term “~~wayfaring sign~~Wayfaring Sign” means a ~~sign~~Sign designed and intended to help to direct a person from point to point or confirming a person’s progress along a route.

810 **NON-CONFORMING SIGNS.** Any ~~sign~~Sign which existed on the date of adoption of this Ordinance, but which does not meet the requirements of the Ordinance shall be deemed a non-conforming ~~sign~~Sign and may continue to be used, but only in accordance with the following provisions:

810.1 **Maintenance of Non-Conforming Signs.** All non-conforming ~~signs~~Signs shall be maintained in accordance with the requirements of this Article, provided, however, that no repainting of the ~~sign~~Sign shall alter the design of the ~~sign~~Sign in any fashion. If the design or dimensions of a non-conforming ~~sign~~Sign are altered, the non-conforming ~~sign~~Sign shall be removed or conformed to this Article at the time of the redesign.

810.2 **Replacement of Non-Conforming Signs.** If a non-conforming ~~sign~~Sign is destroyed by vandals or adverse weather conditions, such ~~sign~~Sign may be replaced. If it is replaced, it shall conform to the requirements in this Article. Normal weathering does not constitute destruction by adverse weather conditions which would permit replacement of a non-conforming ~~sign~~Sign. If a ~~sign~~Sign is allowed to deteriorate, it shall not be replaced under this Section.

810.3 **Relocation of Non-Conforming Signs.** A non-conforming ~~sign~~Sign may be relocated on the same premises on which it is located if the relocation brings the ~~sign~~Sign into conformity.

810.4 **Removal of Non-Conforming Signs.** All non-conforming ~~signs~~signs must be removed or brought into compliance with this Ordinance no later than five (5) years after the date of adoption of this Ordinance.

ARTICLE IX – LANDSCAPING

900 **LANDSCAPING REQUIREMENTS.**

~~618.1 Existing Flora.~~

~~900 All developers of public and private property shall make every effort to protect and retain existing trees, shrubbery, vines, and grasses not actually lying in public roadways, drainage ways, Building foundation sites, private driveways, paths and public walkways wherever possible. Trees are to be protected and preserved during construction in accordance with sound conservation practices. All such trees may be preserved by well islands or retaining walls wherever abutting grades are altered.~~

901 **Purpose**

~~901.1~~ The intent of this section is to improve the appearance, quality and quantity of landscaped areas that are ~~visible~~ **Visible** from public roadways and within parking lots, in accordance with the following purposes:

- 1) To assist in providing adequate light and air and in preventing overcrowding of land;
- 2) To provide visual Buffering and to enhance the beautification of the Town;
- 3) To safeguard and enhance property values and to protect public and private investment;
- 4) To preserve, protect and restore the unique identity and environment of the Town of Montreat;
- 5) To encourage the preservation of existing trees and vegetation;
- 6) To aid in stabilizing the environment by contributing to the process of air purification, ground water recharge, and storm water runoff retardation, while at the same time aiding in noise, glare, and heat reduction;
- 7) To conserve energy; and
- 8) To protect the public health, safety and general welfare of the Town.
- 9)

~~900.2~~ **APPLICABILITY.** The requirements of this Section shall apply to all land zoned Institutional, Institutional/Residential and any proposed Planned Unit Development.


~~900.3~~ **LANDSCAPE PLAN REQUIRED.** The landscape plan as required by this Section shall accompany any request for a Building Permit from or plat approval by the Town of Montreat. No Building Permit shall be issued nor plat approved until the

landscape plan is approved by the Zoning Administrator. The Zoning Administrator may request any additional information needed to determine compliance with this Section.

~~901.2~~ **APPLICABILITY.** ~~The requirements of this Section shall apply to all land zoned Institutional, Institutional/Residential and any proposed Planned Unit Development.~~

~~901.3~~ **LANDSCAPE PLAN REQUIRED.** ~~The landscape plan as required by this Section shall accompany any request for a Building Permit from or plat approval by the Town of Montreat. No Building Permit shall be issued nor plat approved until the landscape plan is approved by the Zoning Administrator. The Zoning Administrator may request any additional information needed to determine compliance with this Section.~~

~~901~~ **900.4 GENERAL PROVISIONS.**

~~619.41~~ **900.4.1** All plant materials used to comply with the requirements of this Section ~~should~~shall be native or appropriate species for this geographic area. A list of recommended species for landscaping is provided in Appendix ~~—~~ 

~~901.5~~ **900.4.2** A temporary Certificate of Occupancy may be issued to a developer/owner if the landscaping cannot be planted at the time the ~~use~~Use opens or is re-established due to inappropriate timing for the growing season. A temporary Certificate of Occupancy shall specify the date that the landscaping will be planted. The Building Inspector shall have the authority to revoke the temporary Certificate of Occupancy if the landscaping is not planted by the date specified. ~~A temporary Certificate of Occupancy shall specify the date that the landscaping will be planted. The Building Inspector shall have the authority to revoke the temporary Certificate of Occupancy if the landscaping is not planted by the date specified.~~ The developer/owner shall also ~~guarantee~~agree in writing that he/she or his/her successors, shall provide the required landscaping within the time period specified in the temporary Certificate of Occupancy.

~~901.6~~ **900.4.3** Landscaping shall not obstruct the view of motorists using any ~~street~~Street, private driveway, parking aisles, or the approach to any ~~street~~Street intersection so as to constitute a traffic hazard.

~~901.7~~ **900.4.4** All landscape planting areas shall be stabilized from dust and soil erosion immediately upon planting and shall be so maintained for the duration of the premises.

~~901.8~~ 900.4.5 The property owner is responsible for maintaining all required plant material in good health.

900.4.6 The Zoning Administrator may waive the requirement to provide the new trees required by this ordinance if trees existing on the site are protected and maintained before, during and after construction in accordance with sound conservation practices. If a saved tree dies at any time, it shall be replaced with a tree (or trees) that will provide similar screening or shading.

~~901.9~~ Credit for Existing Trees. ~~The Zoning Administrator may waive the requirement to provide the new trees required by this ordinance if trees existing on the site are protected and maintained before, during and after construction in accordance with sound conservation practices. If a saved tree dies at any time, it shall be replaced with a tree (or trees) that will provide similar screening or shading.~~

~~901.10~~ Exceptions. 900.4.7 The Zoning Administrator is authorized to waive specific landscape requirements, or portions thereof, if meeting the requirements will cause insurmountable difficulties for a development proposal.

901 LANDSCAPE PLAN CONTENTS. The landscape plan shall contain the following elements:

1) Existing and proposed landscaping;

~~Any screening required by Sections Article~~ ~~902~~ LANDSCAPE PLAN CONTENTS. ~~The landscape plan shall contain the following elements:~~

~~1) Existing and proposed landscaping;~~

2) ~~Any screening required by Sections Article VII~~ Uses;

3) Existing and proposed land uses within 200 feet of the site and the zoning of those properties;

4) Existing vegetation intended to be saved under the provisions of 900.4.6 ~~and~~ and

5) Topographic contours at intervals of not more than five feet, indication of the direction of storm water flow, and a description of all storm water control facilities.

902 LANDSCAPING REQUIRED FOR ALL SITES. No less than five percent (5%) of the Lot or parcel which is the subject of the required landscape plan shall be landscaped. This requirement may be met with both existing and new plants and trees. This requirement shall be met in addition to any area required for

screening, provided that the total area of the site devoted to landscaping shall not be required to exceed forty percent (40%) of the site.

~~5)1) Topographic contours at intervals of not more than five feet, indication of the direction of storm water flow, and a description of all storm water control facilities.~~

~~903 **LANDSCAPING REQUIRED FOR ALL SITES.** No less than five percent (5%) of the Lot or parcel which is the subject of the required landscape plan shall be landscaped. This requirement may be met with both existing and new plants and trees. This requirement shall be met in addition to any area required for screening, provided that the total area of the site devoted to landscaping shall not be required to exceed forty percent (40%) of the site.~~

904 OFF-STREET PARKING AND LOADING AREAS. Landscaping shall be required in and around all new or redesigned off-~~street~~Street parking and loading areas. Landscaping shall also be required in and around existing off-Street parking and loading areas when a change in ownership occurs. In the case of a change in ownership, the new owner shall have one year to comply with the requirements. Landscaping shall be provided in these areas as follows:

903.1 For parking lots less than 2,500 square feet in parking area, no landscaping is required by this subsection. However the provisions of subsection 632.76 apply to all public parking lots. For parking lots greater than 2,500 square feet in size, the following overall requirements apply:

<u>Total area of parking lot (square feet)</u>	<u>Percent of parking lot area (square feet)</u> <u>that must be landscaped</u>
<u>2,500 to 9,999</u>	<u>5%</u>
<u>10,000 to 49,999</u>	<u>8%</u>
<u>50,000 to 149,999</u>	<u>10%</u>

903.2 At least 50% of the required parking lot landscaping shall be provided as islands within the parking lot. One planting island is recommended for every 10 to 15 spaces.

~~street parking and loading areas when a change in ownership occurs. In the case of a change in ownership, the new owner shall have one year to comply with the requirements. Landscaping shall be provided in these areas as follows:~~

~~904.1 For parking lots less than 2,500 square feet in parking area, no landscaping is required by this subsection. However the provisions of subsection 632.76 apply to all public parking lots. For parking lots greater than 2,500 square feet in size, the following overall requirements apply:~~

<u>Total area of parking lot (square feet)</u>	<u>Percent of parking lot area (square feet)</u> <u>that must be landscaped</u>
2,500 to 9,999	5%
10,000 to 49,999	8%
50,000 to 149,999	10%
_____	_____

~~904.2 At least 50% of the required parking lot landscaping shall be provided as islands within the parking lot. One planting island is recommended for every 10 to 15 spaces.~~

~~904~~ 903.3 One tree of at least one and one half inch (1½") caliper (measured as the diameter of the tree trunk at four and one-half feet about the ground) and an initial height of at least six feet shall be provided for each fifteen ~~parking spaces~~ Parking Spaces. The expected height at maturity of these trees shall be at least eight feet.

~~904~~ 903.4 No ~~parking space~~ Parking Space shall be more than 75 feet from a tree or 100 feet from plantings of more than one tree.

~~904~~ 903.5 Shrubs and other types of plant materials shall be used which will complement the tree plantings subject to approval by the Zoning Administrator.

904 EXISTING FLORA. All developers of public and private property shall make every effort to protect and retain existing trees, shrubbery, vines, and grasses not actually lying in public roadways, drainage-ways, Building foundation sites, private driveways, paths and

public walkways wherever possible. Trees are to be protected and preserved during construction in accordance with sound conservation practices. All such trees may be preserved by well islands or retaining walls wherever abutting grades are altered.

~~904.6 All public parking and loading areas within 50 feet of a public right-of-way must include a visual screen that meets the following standards:~~

~~1) At least 75% of vertical plane between the right-of-way and the parking area up to a height of 3 ½ feet shall be screened. Plant materials shall be provided which can reasonably be expected to meet this standard within three years;~~

~~2) The screen may be composed of vegetated earth berms, plant materials or a combination; and~~

~~3) No screen is required at parking lot entrances or exits.~~

ARTICLE X – NONCONFORMITIES

1000 **NON-CONFORMITIES.** Any ~~use, structure~~Use, Structure, or Lot which lawfully existed as of November 14, 1985, the date this section was originally adopted, which does not meet the requirements of this Ordinance, may be continued or maintained in accordance with the following provisions.

1000.1 **NON-CONFORMING LOTS – VACANT AND IMPROVED.** A Non-Conforming Vacant Lot is any legally established Lot upon which no ~~structure~~Structure is located and which does not meet the dimensional requirements for the District in which it is located. A non-conforming vacant Lot which was in existence at the time of adoption of this Ordinance, may be used as a building site without regard

for the dimensional requirements of the zoning District in which it is located, but subject to the ~~setback~~Setback and other requirements of such District.

A Non-Conforming Improved Lot is a Lot (a) upon which a ~~structure~~Structure was located at the time of the adoption of this Ordinance and (b) which does not meet the minimum dimensional and/or ~~setback~~Setback requirements of the zoning District in which it is located. Such a ~~structure~~Structure and Lot may continue to be used, maintained and renovated to the extent of its existing footprint, notwithstanding the dimensional and ~~setback~~Setback requirements of this Ordinance, and such a ~~structure~~Structure may be expanded but only in accordance with all ~~setback~~Setback and other dimensional requirements of this Ordinance or pursuant to a Variance obtained from the Zoning Board of Adjustment.

1000.2 **NON-CONFORMING STRUCTURES** A Non-Conforming Structure is a ~~structure~~Structure which was in existence at the time of adoption of this Ordinance, and which does not meet the minimum requirements of the zoning District in which it is located. Such non-conforming ~~structure~~Structure may continue to be ~~used~~Used, maintained and renovated in accordance with Section ~~616~~1000.3 of this Ordinance, notwithstanding the dimensional and ~~setback~~Setback requirements of this Ordinance, and may be expanded but only in accordance with all ~~setback~~Setback and other requirements of this Ordinance or pursuant to a Variance obtained from the Zoning Board of Adjustment.

1000.3 **MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR OF NON-CONFORMING STRUCTURES.** Routine maintenance, repairs, renovations and structural alterations to Non-Conforming Structures shall be permitted as follows:

- (a) Repairs, renovations and structural alterations required by law or ordered by an authorized public officer shall be permitted.
- (b) Routine maintenance, repairs, renovations and structural alterations of Non-Conforming Structures shall be permitted so long as no expansion of the non-conformity occurs as a result of the maintenance, repairs, renovations or alterations.
- (c) A Non-Conforming Structure which is damaged by fire or natural disaster may be repaired subject to the following requirements:
 - i. The square footage of the Structure shall not be increased, and the footprint of the Structure shall not be enlarged;

- ii. The repair of the Structure must be initiated within one year of the date of the fire or natural disaster; and
- iii. The [useUse](#) of the Structure after repair shall not result in a non-conforming [useUse](#) or a change from one non-conforming [useUse](#) to another non-conforming [useUse](#).

1000.4 **NON-CONFORMING USES OF STRUCTURES.** A non-conforming [useUse](#) of a Structure is a [useUse](#) which was in existence on November 14, 1985, but which would not now be permitted by the Ordinance in the zoning District in which it is located. Such a non-conforming [useUse](#) of a Structure may be continued subject to the following limitations:

- A) The non-conforming [useUse](#) of a Structure shall not be changed to another non-conforming [useUse](#);
- B) When a non-conforming [useUse](#) of a Structure has been changed to a conforming [useUse](#), it may not later be used for any non-conforming [useUse](#).
- C) A non-conforming [useUse](#) of a Structure may be enlarged or extended only into portions of the Structure which existed at the time the [useUse](#) became non-conforming. No structural alterations are allowed to any Structure containing a non-conforming [useUse](#) except (i) where such alteration does not enlarge the Structure, or (ii) where such alteration is required by law or by an order of the Building Inspector or Fire Chief to ensure the safety of the Structure.

A non-conforming [useUse](#) of a Structure which is abandoned for a continuous period of one year shall not be reestablished and all subsequent [usesUses](#) of the Structure must be in conformance with the applicable zoning District requirements.

APPENDIX A – RECOMMENDED SPECIES FOR LANDSCAPING

[PLACE HOLDER](#)

APPENDIX B – GREENSPACE AGREEMENT

PLACE HOLDER

Zoning Ordinance



Prepared by the Planning and Zoning Commission

**Adopted by the Board of Commissioners
August/September 2020**

TABLE OF CONTENTS

ARTICLE I – GENERAL PROVISIONS

• 101: Title	1
• 102: Authority and Enactment	1
• 103: Amendment and Enactment	1
• 104: Jurisdiction	1
• 105: Purpose	1
• 106: Priority and Precedence of Ordinance	1
• 107: Relationship to Comprehensive Plan	2
• 108: No Use of Land or Buildings Except in Conformity with Ordinance Provisions	2
• 109: Fees	3
• 110: Severability	3

ARTICLE II - DEFINITIONS

• 200: Interpretation of Certain Words or Terms	4
• 201: Definitions	4

ARTICLE III – ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

• 301: Administration of this Ordinance	16
• 302: Certificate of Zoning Compliance Required	16
○ 302.1 Applications for Zoning Compliance Certificate	16
○ 302.2 Zoning Compliance Certificate Fee	17
○ 302.3 Certificate of Zoning Compliance Limited to Six Months Plus One Extension	17
○ 302.4 Prior Approval Required for Plan Changes	17
○ 302.5 Re-submission of Application for Zoning Compliance	17
• 303: Building and Occupancy Permits Required	17
○ 303.1 Building Permit Required	17
○ 303.2 Building Permit Expiration	18
○ 303.3 Certificate of Occupancy Required	18
○ 303.4 Certificate of Compliance	18
• 304: Compliance	18
• 305: Appeal from the Zoning Administrator	19
• 306: Notice of Violations and Citation Procedures	19
○ 306.1 Notice Required Before Penalty	19
○ 306.2 Notice of Violation	19
○ 306.3 Appeal	19
○ 306.4 Order of Corrective Action	20
○ 306.5 Failure to Comply with an Order	20
• 307: Responsibility for Violations	20

• 308: Violations	20
• 309: Establishment of the Planning and Zoning Commission	23
○ 309.1 Proceedings of the Planning and Zoning Commission	23
○ 309.2 Powers and Duties of the Planning and Zoning Commission	24
○ 309.3 Application Procedure	24
○ 309.4 Hearing by the Planning and Zoning Commission	25
○ 309.5 Public Hearing by the Board of Commissioners	26
○ 309.6 Changes in the Official Zoning Map	26
• 310: Zoning Board of Adjustment	27
○ 310.1 Composition	28
○ 310.2 Proceedings of the Zoning Board of Adjustment	28
○ 310.3 Powers and Duties of the Zoning Board of Adjustment	28
▪ 310.31 Appeals	28
▪ 310.32 Variance	30
▪ 310.33 Special Use Permits	31
▪ 310.34 Subpoenas	31
○ 310.4 Application and Variance Procedures	31
▪ 310.41 Filing Appeals and Applications	31
▪ 310.42 Required Materials	32
○ 310.5 Time of Hearing	32
▪ 310.51 Notice of Hearing	32
○ 310.6 Decision of the Zoning Board of Adjustment	33
○ 310.7 Appeals from Decisions of the Board of Adjustment	33
○ 310.8 Variance Limited to Six Months	33
○ 310.9 Amendments	33
▪ 310.91 Procedure for Amendments	33

ARTICLE IV – ESTABLISHMENT OF ZONING DISTRICTS

• 400: Establishment of Districts	35
• 401: District Boundaries	35
• 402: Rules for Interpretation of Zoning District Boundaries	36

ARTICLE V – ZONING DISTRICT REGULATIONS

• 500: Permitted Uses Table	37
• 501: R-1 Residential District	39
• 502: R-2 Residential District	40
• 503: R-3 Residential District	41
• 504: I/R Institutional/Residential District	42
• 505: I- Institutional District	44
• 506: WL – Woodland District	45
• 507: RPO – Ridge Protection Overlay District	45
• 508: TCO – Town Center Overlay District	45
• 509: CD – Conservation District	46
• 510: Conditional Zoning District	46
○ 510.1 Purpose	46

○ 510.2 Uses within District	47
○ 510.3 Conditions	47
○ 510.4 Community Meeting	49
○ 510.5 Scope of Approval	50
○ 510.6 Alterations to Approval	51
• 511: Lot Requirements Summary Table	52
• 512: Planned Unit Development District (“PUD”)	53

ARTICLE VI – DEVELOPMENT PROVISIONS

• 600: Use	57
• 601: Lot Reduction Prohibited	57
• 602: Every Lot Must Have Access to a Street	57
• 603: Minimum Lot Area	58
• 604: Height and Density	58
• 605: One Principal Building Per Lot	58
• 606: Accessory Buildings and Uses	58
○ 606.1 General Requirements	58
○ 606.2 Garages in Front Yard	58
○ 606.3 Portable Storage Containers	59
○ 606.4 Reasonable Accommodation	60
• 607: Corner Lots	60
• 608: Double Frontage Lots	60
• 609: Special Front Yard Requirements in Developed Areas	60
• 610: Nuisances and Hazards at Building Sites	61
• 611: Manufactured Homes	61
• 612: Regulations for Cut and Fill Slopes	63
• 613: Drainage	64
• 614: Agricultural Uses	64
• 615: Parking and Storage of Travel Trailers, Campers and Recreational Vehicles	64
• 616: Approval for Construction in Rights-of-Way	65
• 617: Driveway Connections	65
• 618: Fences	65
• 619: Regulations for Special Use Permits	67
○ 619.1 Objectives and Purpose	67
○ 619.2 Procedures for Approved Special Use Permits	67
○ 619.3 Public Hearing	68
○ 619.4 Conditions	70
• 620: Accessory Dwelling Units	71
• 621: Home Occupation	71

ARTICLE VIII – PARKING AND LOADING REGULATIONS

• 700: General Statement	73
• 701: Parking Area Construction Standards	73
○ 701.1 Parking Space Requirements	74
○ 701.2 Entrances and Driveway Widths	74

○ 701.3 Surfacing	74
○ 701.4 Curbing	75
○ 701.5 Markings and Signage	75
○ 701.6 Stormwater Managements	75
○ 701.7 Landscaping	75
○ 701.8 Permitted Slope	76
• 702: Off-Street Parking Space Requirements	76
○ 702.1 Single-Family, Two-Family and Multi-Family Dwellings	76
○ 702.2 Bed and Breakfasts, Boarding Houses and Hotels	76
○ 702.3 Dormitories	76
○ 702.4 Other Occupancies/Uses	76
• 703: Bicycle Parking	76
• 704: Shared Parking	76
• 705: Use of Public Streets for Parking	77
• 706: Structured Parking	77
• 707: Off-Street Loading Regulations	78

ARTICLE VIII – SIGNAGE

• 801: Purpose	79
• 802: General Regulations	79
○ 802.1 Compliance	79
○ 802.2 Maintenance	79
○ 802.3 Removal of Obsolete Signs	79
○ 802.4 Measurement of Area and Height	79
○ 802.5 Building Code Compliance	80
○ 802.6 Sign Setback Requirements	80
○ 802.7 Illumination of Signs	80
○ 802.8 Sign Permit Required	80
○ 802.9 Enforcement of Regulations	80
• 803: Prohibited Signs	81
• 804: Exempt Signs	82
○ 804.1 Governmental Agency Signs	82
○ 804.2 Signs Required by Law	82
○ 804.3 Warning Signs	82
○ 804.4 Montreat Conference Center Sign Structure Near Gate	83
• 805: Signs Permitted or Required Without a Permit	83
○ 805.1 Temporary Real Estate Signs	83
○ 805.2 Signs on Window Glass	83
○ 805.3 Private Regulatory Signs	83
○ 805.4 Construction Signs	83
○ 805.5 Public Notice	83
○ 805.6 House Number Signs	83
○ 805.7 Residential Nameplate Signs	84
○ 805.8 Political Signs	84
○ 805.9 Temporary Special Event Signs	84

• 806: Signs Allowed with Permits	85
○ 806.1 Signs Allowed in Residential Zoning Districts	85
○ 806.2 Home Occupation Signs	85
○ 806.3 Subdivision Signs	85
○ 806.4 Non-Residential Uses	85
○ 806.5 Signs Allowed in Institutional and Institutional/Residential	85
○ 806.6 Ground or Free-Standing Signs	85
○ 806.7 Wall Signs	85
○ 806.8 Multi-Tenant Signs	86
○ 806.9 Buildings Located on Corner Lots	86
○ 806.10 Honorarium Signs	86
○ 806.11 Educational Signs	86
• 807: Temporary Signs Allowed in All Zoning Districts	86
• 808: Recreational Signs	86
• 809: Utility Pole Banners in Town Center Overlay District	87
• 810: Wayfaring Signs	87
• 811: Non-conforming Signs	88

ARTICLE IX – LANDSCAPING

• 900: Landscaping Requirements	89
• 901: Landscaping Plan Contents	90
• 902: Landscaping Required for All Sites	91
• 903: Off-Street Parking and Loading Areas	91
• 904: Existing Flora	92

ARTICLE X – NONCONFORMITIES

• 1000: Non-conformities	93
○ 1000.1 Non-conforming Lots – Vacant and Improved	93
○ 1000.2 Non-conforming Structures	93
○ 1000.3 Maintenance and Repair of Non-conforming Structures	94
○ 1000.4 Non-conforming Uses of Structures	94

APPENDIX A – RECOMMENDED SPECIES FOR LANDSCAPING

ARTICLE X – GREENSPACE AGREEMENT

ARTICLE 1 – GENERAL PROVISIONS

Pursuant to the authority conferred by the North Carolina General Statutes §§160D, the Town Board of Town Commissioners of the Town of Montreat, North Carolina, does hereby ordain and enact into law the following articles and sections.

- 101 **TITLE.** This Ordinance shall be known and may be cited as The Zoning Ordinance of the Town of Montreat, North Carolina.
- 102 **AUTHORITY AND ENACTMENT.** An ordinance establishing comprehensive zoning regulations for the Town of Montreat, a municipal corporation of the state of North Carolina, and (a) providing for the administration, enforcement and amendment thereof, in accordance with the provisions of the North Carolina General Statutes, Chapter 160D, and (b) the repeal of all ordinances in conflict herewith, the same is hereby enacted by the people of the Town of Montreat, North Carolina to be effective upon adoption.
- 103 **AMENDMENT AND ENACTMENT.** The revisions of this Ordinance, including the Zoning Map, shall become effective , 2020.
- 104 **JURISDICTION.** The provisions of this Ordinance shall apply within the corporate limits of the Town of Montreat and within the adjacent Extraterritorial Jurisdiction (ETJ).
- 105 **PURPOSE.** The purpose of these regulations shall be to accomplish a coordinated, balanced, and harmonious development of the land within the corporate limits of the Town of Montreat and the regulatory domain of the Extraterritorial Jurisdiction (ETJ), in a manner which will best promote the health, safety, convenience, order, and general welfare of the people, as well as to provide for efficiency and economy in the process of development; to make adequate provisions for traffic; to secure safety from fire, steep slopes, and other hazards; to provide for light and air; to facilitate the adequate provision of transportation, water, sewerage, schools, Parks and other public requirements; to promote desirable living conditions and the sustained stability of neighborhoods; and to protect property against blight and depreciation.
- 106 **PRIORITY AND PRECEDENCE OF ORDINANCE.** If provisions of the Zoning Ordinances are inconsistent with one another, or with provisions of other Ordinances of the Town, the more restrictive provision shall govern. If a federal or state law or regulation imposes a lesser limitation or requirement, this Ordinance shall govern. If a federal or state law or

regulation imposes a more restrictive or greater limitation or requirement, the provisions of such federal or state law or regulation shall govern. If limitations or restrictions are imposed by third party agreement or declaration of restrictions or covenants, the provisions of the Zoning Ordinances shall nevertheless apply, but nothing herein shall affect the applicability or enforceability of such third party agreement or declaration of restrictions or covenants as between the parties affected thereby.

- 107 **RELATIONSHIP TO THE COMPREHENSIVE PLAN.** It is the intention of the Town Board of Commissioners that this ordinance implement the planning policies adopted by the Board as reflected in the Comprehensive Plan and other planning documents. While the Town Board of Commissioners reaffirms its commitment that this ordinance and any amendment to it be in conformity with adopted planning policies, the Town Board of Commissioners hereby expresses its intent that neither this ordinance nor any amendment to it may be challenged on the basis of any alleged nonconformity with any planning document.

When acting on any proposed zoning amendment, the Town of Montreat shall carefully consider its adopted plans and policies. In accordance with the State Law, the Town, including the Planning and Zoning Commission, when such zoning requests are heard, and the Town Board of Commissioners when such requests are acted upon, shall note in written statements from each Board whether such amendment is consistent with these plans.

- 108 **NO USE OF LAND OR BUILDINGS EXCEPT IN CONFORMITY WITH ORDINANCE PROVISIONS.** Subject to Article X of this Ordinance (Nonconforming Situations), no person may use or occupy any land or Buildings, or authorize or permit the use of land or Buildings, except in accordance with all the applicable provisions of this ordinance. For purposes of this section, the "use" or "occupation" of Building or land relates to anything and everything that is done to, on, or in the Building or land.

No Building or land shall hereafter be used or occupied, and no Building or part thereof shall be erected, moved or structurally altered, except in conformity with this ordinance, or amendments thereto, for the District in which it is located. In all Districts every main Building hereafter erected or altered shall be located on a separate Lot, as defined in this ordinance, and in no case shall there be more than one main Building and permitted Accessory Buildings on the Lot; provided that this requirement shall not apply to Multi-Family developments, Planned Unit Developments (PUDS), or certain Special Uses, nor to a bona fide rural farm Use.

Uses not designated as permitted by right or subject to additional conditions, shall be prohibited. Special Uses are permitted upon compliance with the additional regulations imposed by this Ordinance or the appropriate governing board.

- 109 **FEES**. Reasonable fees sufficient to cover the costs of administration, inspection, publication of notice and similar matters may be charged to applicants for zoning permits, sign permits, Special Use Permits, special permits, zoning amendments, Variances and other administrative relief. The amount of the fees charged shall be as set forth in the Town budget or as established by resolution of the Town Board of Commissioners and available from the Town Clerk. Fees established in accordance with the Town's fee schedule shall be paid upon submission of a signed application or notice of appeal, as the case may be.
- 110 **SEVERABILITY**. The sections, paragraphs, sentences, clauses and phrases of this ordinance are severable. If any such section, paragraph, sentence, clause or phrase is declared unconstitutional or otherwise invalid by any court or competent jurisdiction in a valid judgment or decree, such unconstitutionality or invalidity shall not affect any of the remaining sections, paragraphs, sentences, clauses or phrases of this ordinance since the same would have been enacted without the incorporation into this ordinance of such unconstitutional or invalid section, paragraph, sentence, clause or phrase.

ARTICLE II – DEFINITIONS

200 **INTERPRETATION OF CERTAIN WORDS OR TERMS.** Except as specifically defined herein, all words used in this Ordinance have their customary dictionary definitions. For the purposes of this Ordinance, certain words or terms used herein are defined as follows:

200.1 Words used in the present tense include the future tense. Words used in the singular include the plural, and words used in the plural include the singular;

200.2 The word "shall" is always mandatory;

200.3 The word "may" is permissive;

200.4 The word "Lot" includes the word "plot" or "parcel";

200.5 The word "person" includes a firm, association, organization, partnership, trust company, limited liability company, or corporation as well as an individual;

200.6 The word "used" or "occupies" as applied to any land or Building shall be construed to imply that said land or Building is actually "arranged" or "designed" to be used or occupied;

200.7 The word "map" or "zoning map" shall mean the Official Zoning Map of the Town of Montreat, North Carolina;

200.8 The term "Planning Commission" refers to the Montreat Planning and Zoning Commission. The terms "Town Commissioners" "Town Board of Commissioners" or "Mayor and Town Commissioners" refer to the legally constituted and elected governing body of the Town of Montreat. The term "Board of Adjustment" refers to the Zoning Board of Adjustment for the Town of Montreat.

201 **DEFINITIONS**

Accessibility Feature: An improved accessible walkway and/or path of travel from the parking/passenger loading area of a Building to the Building entrance, in the form of a separate Structure or attached Building appurtenance or any combination thereof, which provides an increased level of accessibility for Building occupants or members of the public. Accessibility Features may include, but are not limited to tramways, ramps, stairs and stairway landings, chair lifts, stair lifts and elevators.

Accessory Building or Use: A Building or Use that: 1) is clearly incidental to and customarily found in connection with a Principal Building or Use; 2) is subordinate to and serves a Principal Building or a principal Use; 3) is subordinate in area, extent, or purpose to the Principal Building or principal Use served; 4) contributes to the comfort, convenience, or necessity of occupants in the Principal Building or principal Use served; and 5) is located on the same Lot as the Principal Building or Use served.

Alley: A service roadway which provides secondary access to the side or rear of abutting property and not intended for general traffic circulation.

Antenna: Any device installed for more than three days which is primarily intended to receive or to transmit airway communication signals.

Antenna Dimensions: The length, width, or depth of an Antenna, not including any part of its support Structure.

Antenna Support: Any Structure that an Antenna is connected to which is intended to provide structural competency. Support shall include any associated guy wires, poles, beams, foundations, anchors or other devices which attach Antenna to the ground or to a Structure capable of accommodating additional engineering demands resulting from Antenna and support parts.

Bed and Breakfast – An owner-occupied lodging establishment, located in what would ordinarily be considered a Single-Family Dwelling, in which overnight lodging is provided for the general public and in which a breakfast is served to overnight guests.

Boarding House: A Dwelling Unit of part thereof where, for compensation, lodging and meals are provided.

Buffer: An area of natural or planted vegetation, typically established to separate types of Use or to provide a protected or vegetative area for environmental or aesthetic purposes.

Buildable Area: That portion of any Lot which may be used or built upon in accordance with the regulations governing the Zoning District within which the Lot is located when the front, side, and rear Yard requirements for the Zoning District have been subtracted from the total area.

Building: Any Structure, fully or partially enclosed, and constructed or used for residence, business, industry or other public or private purposes, or purposes accessory thereto, including without limitation tents, Trailers, mobile homes, and similar Structures whether stationary or movable. Appurtenant features, or exterior structural elements requiring permanent attachment to a Building, are considered part of the Building for the purposes of this Section unless otherwise expressly permitted.

Building Height: The vertical distance measured from the Average Natural Grade of the applicable Lot to the highest point of the roofline of the applicable Building, or from the top of the parapet or roof surface for flat-roofed Buildings.

Cemetery: A parcel or land used for interment of the dead in the ground or in mausoleum.

Certificate of Zoning Compliance: A certification issued by the Zoning Administrator that plans and premises conform to the provisions of the Zoning Ordinance.

Clinic: An establishment where medical, mental or dental patients, who are not lodged overnight, are given examinations and treatment.

Columbarium: A Structure containing niches for the deposit of urns containing cremains or an ash garden for the scattering of cremains.

Community Facilities: Facilities designed to serve the community such as libraries, and community centers, provided that such facilities are not operated for profit.

Day Care Center: A Day Care Center includes child day care facilities, family childcare homes, and any other childcare arrangement for three or more pre-school aged children as defined in NCGS 110-86(3). The term also includes a center providing day care on a regular basis for more than two hours per day for four or more adults in accordance with NCGS 131 D-6.

Deck: An elevated structural platform, which may be constructed of any materials, either free standing or attached to a Building, connected by structural supports at grade.

Dedication: The voluntary donation of land or an Easement over, under, across, and/or through a parcel of land by the owner thereof for use by the public as evidenced by the recording of a legal instrument (title transfer, deed restriction, etc.). The area is usually a strip of land, a Street Right-of-Way or utilities Easement, within which there is to be or may be located Streets, sidewalks, utility systems and drainage Structures or a Lot intended to be used for a public purpose such as a Park, playground, or other public facility.

Density: The number of Dwelling Units per acre of land developed or used for residential purposes. Unless otherwise clearly stated, Density requirements in this Ordinance are expressed in Dwelling Units per acre of land devoted to residential Use; exclusive of land utilized for Streets, Alleys, Parks, playgrounds, school grounds, or other public Uses.

Diameter Breast Height (DBH): The diameter of the trunk of a tree four and one-half feet above average grade.

District: Any section of the Town of Montreat in which zoning regulations are uniform.

Dormitory: A Building used as group living quarters for a student body or religious order or staff of a college, boarding school, conference center, monastery or other similar institutional Use. Dormitories may contain common, shared kitchen facilities and bathrooms but shall not contain individual kitchen facilities.

Dwelling: Any Building, or portion thereof, containing sleeping, kitchen and bathroom facilities, and which is designed and/or used for living and sleeping purposes for one or more Families.

Dwelling Unit: A Dwelling designed and used, or held ready for Use, as a permanent, separate residence for one (1) Family only.

Dwelling Unit, Accessory: A residential Dwelling Unit located on the same Lot as a Single-Family Dwelling Unit, either as a separate Structure, an attached extension, or located within the principal Dwelling Unit; and is set up as a separate, complete housekeeping unit, and is subordinate to the principal Single-Family residence. Accessory Dwelling Units are permitted in accordance with and subject to Section 618.

Dwelling, Multi-Family: A single, detached Building, other than a Manufactured Home, containing three (3) or more separate Dwelling Units.

Dwelling, Single-Family: A single, detached Building, other than a Manufactured Home, containing one (1) Dwelling Unit.

Dwelling, Two-Family (Duplex): A single, detached Building, other than a Manufactured Home, containing two (2) separate Dwelling units.

Easement: A grant of one or more of the property rights by the property owner to and/or for Use by the public or another person or entity for a particular purpose or purposes. Examples include access Easements, drainage Easements or utility Easements.

Educational Facility: A Building used primarily for the education of children and/or adults, instructional research, conferences, administrative purposes, and supporting service operations. An Educational Facility includes classroom Buildings, laboratories, lecture halls, libraries, administration Buildings, conference centers, gymnasiums, field houses, dormitories and counseling centers.

Family: One or more persons living together as a single housekeeping unit; provided, however, that unless all such persons are related by blood, adoption, marriage, legal guardianship or other such legal Family relationship, then such housekeeping unit shall contain no more than four (4) unrelated persons, unless specifically allowed by other provisions of this ordinance.

Family Care Home: A home meeting the North Carolina Residential Building Code with support and supervisory personnel that provides room and board, personal care and habilitation services in a Family environment for six or less resident handicapped persons, pursuant to NCGS 168-21.

Farm, Bona Fide: Agricultural activities as set forth in G.S.160D-9-3.

Fence: A physical barrier or enclosure intended to prevent escape or intrusion or to mark a boundary.

Flammable Liquids: A liquid having a flash point below one hundred degrees (100°) Fahrenheit and having a vapor pressure not exceeding forty (40) pounds per square inch absolute at one-hundred degrees Fahrenheit as defined by the National Fire Codes of the National Fire Protection Association as amended.

Floor Area, Gross: The sum of the gross horizontal areas of the several floors of a Building measured from the interior face of exterior walls, or from the centerline of a wall separating two Buildings, but excluding any space where the floor-to-ceiling height is less than six feet.

Floor Area, Net: The Gross Floor Area of a Building less and excluding the floor areas of a such Building attributable to stairwells, elevator shafts, equipment rooms, interior vehicular parking or loading areas, and all floors below the first or ground floor, except where such floors are used or intended to be used for human habitation or service to the public.

Front Building Line: A line extended from side Property Lines which runs parallel to a Street or Streets and which shall be situated the same distance from said Street or Streets as the shortest distance between said Street or Streets and the Principal Building on the Lot. Where a Lot is situated at an intersection of two Streets the Lot shall be considered to have two Front Building Lines, each as separately delineated by the definition herein.

Garage, Private: An Accessory Building or portion of a Principal Building used for the storage of private motor vehicles, in which no business, occupation, or service for profit is in any way connected. The term "Garage" shall include the term "carport."

Garage, Commercial: Any Building, or portion of a Building, which for consideration is used for storage, repair, rental, maintenance, servicing, washing, adjusting, or equipping of automobiles or other vehicles.

Greenspace: Strips of publicly owned and maintained land, generally (but not always) following the Rights-of-Way of public Streets, that are designated for recreation, fishing, natural areas, and beautification of the Town as defined by the "Greenspace Resolution" adopted by the Town Commission on July 1, 1983.

Grocery Store: An establishment which deals principally in a variety of food for home preparation and consumption and general supplies for household Uses. Characteristics of this type of establishment include a Building of a large physical size, a high volume of business, and a wide variety of products.

Grocery Store (Convenience): A retail establishment which deals principally in a limited selection of common items including without limitation food, household goods, automobile supplies, beverages, and packaged goods. In addition, the Building in which such an establishment is housed is generally smaller and typically designed for easy vehicular access with an emphasis on serving the customer as quickly as possible.

Group Care Facility: A facility which provides services to seven (7) or more individuals of whom one or more are unrelated. These individuals are handicapped, aged, or disabled, and are provided services to meet their needs. This category includes Uses that are licensed or supervised by any Federal, State, or County Health/Welfare Agency, or any group Dwellings (all ages), halfway houses, nursing homes, resident schools, resident facilities, and foster or boarding homes, so long as they provide care for seven (7) or more individuals.

Home Occupation: Any Use conducted entirely within a Dwelling or an Accessory Building and carried on by the occupants thereof (and their secretarial or administrative assistant, if any), which Use is incidental and secondary to the Use of the Dwelling for residential purposes and does not change the character thereof. Specific regulations concerning Home Occupations are delineated in Section 619.

Honorarium Sign: A plaque or small Sign located so as to provide recognition of a donor for contributions given toward capital projects or specific improvements to existing facilities.

Hotel: A Building or Buildings in which sleeping accommodations are provided and offered to the public for compensation, in which the rooms are usually occupied singularly for hire, and in which there is usually a kitchen and public dining room for the preparation and service of meals. The terms “lodge” or “inn” usually refer to types of Hotels which are more rustic or scenic by nature. A “motel” is a type of Hotel, but ordinarily does not include a restaurant.

Livestock: Animals which are generally domesticated and confined to farms. Such animals shall include cattle, sheep, goats, swine, horses, mules, fish and poultry.

Loading Space, Off-Street: Space conveniently located for pickups and deliveries, scaled to the delivery vehicles expected to be used, and accessible to such vehicles even when required off-Street Parking Spaces are filled.

Lot: A parcel of land occupied or capable of being occupied by a main Building and Accessory Buildings, together with such Yards, open spaces, Lot Width and Lot area as are required by this Ordinance, and having not less than the minimum required Lot Width upon a Street, either

shown on a plat of record, or considered as a unit of property and described by metes and bounds.

- 1) Lot, Corner: A Lot located at the intersection of two or more Streets or located where one Street makes a sharp angle of eighty to one hundred and twenty degrees (80°-120°).
- 2) Lot, Double Frontage: A Lot which has two Street frontages; however, no Corner Lot shall qualify as a Double Frontage Lot unless said Corner Lot has frontage on three or more Streets.
- 3) Lot Frontage: The portion of a Lot that abuts a public Street or right of way (but not an Alley).
- 4) Lot, Interior: A Lot which has only one (1) Lot Frontage.

Lot Measurements:

- 1) Depth of a Lot shall be considered to be the average of the distances from the front Property Line to the rear Property Line. Also see Section 606.
- 2) Width of a Lot shall be considered to be the horizontal distance between side Property Lines measured at the projected front line of the Principal Building or proposed Principal Building.

Lot of Record: A Lot which is a part of a subdivision, a plat of which has been recorded in the Office of the Register of Deeds of Buncombe County, prior to the adoption of this Ordinance, or a Lot described by metes and bounds, the description of which has been so recorded prior to the adoption of this Ordinance.

Manufactured Home: A Dwelling Unit, designed for Use as a permanent residence, that is composed of one or more components, each of which was substantially assembled in a manufacturing plant and designed for installation or assembly and installation on the Building site.

Manufactured Home, Class A. A Dwelling Unit that:

- (i) is not constructed in accordance with the requirements of the North Carolina Uniform Residential Building Code as amended, and
- (ii) is composed of two or more components, each of which was substantially assembled in a manufacturing plant and designed to be transported to the home site, and
- (iii) meets or exceeds the construction standards of the US Department of Housing and Urban Development, and
- (iv) conforms to the following appearance criteria:

- (A) the Manufactured Home has a minimum width, as assembled on the site, of twenty feet;
- (B) the pitch of the Manufactured Home's roof has a minimum nominal vertical rise of three inches for each 12 inches of horizontal run and the roof is finished with asphalt or fiberglass shingles;
- (C) a continuous, permanent curtain wall, unpierced except for required ventilation and access, is installed under the Manufactured Home; and
- (D) the tongue, axles, transporting lights, and removable towing apparatus, are removed after placement on the Lot and before occupancy.

Manufactured Home, Class B. A manufactured home constructed after July 1, 1996 that meets or exceeds the construction standards promulgated by the US Department of Housing and Urban Development that were in effect at the time of construction, but that does not satisfy all of the criteria necessary to qualify as a Class A Manufactured Home but meets the following standards:

- (A) skirting or a curtain wall, unpierced except for required ventilation and access, is installed under the Manufactured Home and may consist of brick, masonry, vinyl, or similar materials designed and manufactured for permanent outdoor installation and
- (B) stairs, porches, entrance platforms, ramps and other means of entrance and exit to and from the home are installed or constructed in accordance with the standards set by the NC Department of Insurance and attached firmly to the primary Structure and anchored securely to the ground.

Manufactured Home, Class C. Any Manufactured Home that does not meet the definitional criteria of a Class A or Class B Manufactured Home. Manufactured homes that do not meet the definitional criteria of Class A, B, or C Manufactured Homes are classified as recreational vehicles.

Modular Home: A Dwelling Unit constructed in accordance with the construction standards of the North Carolina Uniform Residential Building Code for One- and Two-Family Dwellings and composed of components substantially assembled in a manufacturing plant and transported to the Building site for final assembly and placement on a permanent foundation. For the purposes of this Ordinance, Modular Homes shall be considered equivalent to site-built homes.

Municipal Government Facilities: Facilities used for ~~Of~~ or pertaining to activities associated with local municipal government operations including, but not limited to: administrative offices, public meeting facilities, Designated Critical Operations Area (DCOA) facilities, emergency communications facilities, fire protection service facilities, and public safety facilities.

Natural Grade: The existing slope of land which may be cleared, but with no major disturbance of soil, prior to grading, excavation or filling.

Natural Grade, (Average): The average of the Natural Grade elevations at the four points on a Lot at which the front and rear Yard Setback Lines intersect with the two side Yard Setback Lines.

Nonconforming Lot: A Lot of Record that does not conform to the dimensional requirements of the Zoning District in which it is located. The nonconformity may result from adoption of this Ordinance or any subsequent amendment.

Nonconforming Structure: A Structure that does not conform to the requirements of the Zoning District in which it is located. The nonconformity may result from adoption of this Ordinance or any subsequent amendment.

Nonconforming Use: A Use of a Building and/or land that does not conform to the requirements of the Zoning District in which it is located. The nonconformity may result from adoption of this Ordinance or any subsequent amendment.

Open Storage: Unroofed storage areas, whether enclosed or not.

Overlay District: A Zoning District that adds requirements to the Zoning District over which it lies. Uses or proposed Uses within an Overlay District must comply with all requirements of both the Overlay District and the underlying Zoning District. Where conflicts appear to exist between the requirements of an Overlay District and its underlying Zoning District, the more restrictive requirements shall apply.

Park: A public facility for recreation, which may have commercial activities for recreational Uses only.

Parking Space: A storage space of not less than nine feet (9') by eighteen (18') for one (1) automobile, plus the necessary access space. (See Section 900.2).

Planned Unit Development (PUD): An area of land under unified ownership or control to be developed and improved as a single entity under a master plan in accordance with and subject to the requirements of this Ordinance.

Portable Storage Container: A transportable, fully enclosed, box-like container that is designed for temporary storage of materials and/or equipment. Such containers are uniquely designed for their ease of loading to and from a transport vehicle and moved to various locations on demand. For the purposes of this Ordinance, the Trailer portion of a tractor trailer shall be considered a Portable Storage Container when expressly used for the purpose of on-site storage.

Potable Water Supply: A source of water that contains no objectionable pollution, contamination, minerals or infectious agents and is considered by the Town to be safe for human consumption.

Principal Building: A Building in which is conducted the principal Use of the parcel on which it is situated.

Professional Office: The office of persons performing professional services such as doctors, lawyers, architects, engineers, accountants, real estate brokers, and insurance salesmen.

Property Line: The legally established boundary of a Lot, which boundary shall be considered coincident with any abutting public Street Right-of-Way line unless the metes and bounds description contained in a recorded deed for a Lot clearly and specifically establishes the Lot boundary at some other location.

Public Works Maintenance Facility: A Building or group of Buildings designated to house equipment and materials utilized in the various activities associated with improvements to, and maintenance of, Streets and public utility systems for the Town.

Religious Complex: A Building or group of Buildings for the purpose of religious worship including the sanctuary(s), education Building(s), recreation Building(s), child care facilities, and parsonage.

Rentals:

Right-of-Way: A dedicated or condemned strip of land reserved for a specific Use, such as for a Street or utility Easement.

Senior Citizens' Center: A privately or publicly owned and operated facility designed to provide daytime care and/or instruction for two (2) or more unrelated senior citizens and operated on a regular basis.

Setback: The distance from any Property Line to the closest edge of a Principal or Accessory Building.

Setback Line: A line establishing the minimum allowable distance between an applicable Property Line (that is, front, side or rear Property Line) and the nearest portion of any Principal or Accessory Building, excluding the outermost four feet (4') of any attached steps, roof, gutters and similar fixtures. Covered porches, whether enclosed or not, shall be considered as part of the Building and shall not extend beyond the Setback Line. Decks, whether free-standing or not, shall not extend beyond the Setback Line unless otherwise permitted in accordance with Section 606.4.

Sign: Any words, lettering, numerals, parts of letters or numerals, figures, phrases, sentences, emblems, devices, designs, trade names or trademarks by which anything is made known, including any surface fabric or other material or Structure designed to carry such devices, such as are used to designate or attract attention to an individual, a firm, an association, a corporation, a profession, a business, or a commodity or product, which is exposed to public view and used to attract attention. This definition shall not include the flag, badge, or insignia of any governmental unit. (See Article VIII)

Special Use: A specific Use which may be permitted in a Zoning District by the Board of Adjustment subject to the Board's findings that the Use would not adversely affect adjacent property or the health, safety or general welfare of persons in the area adjacent to the Use. Such Use may be permitted only in a Zoning District where said Use is specifically listed as a Special Use.

Special Use Permit: A permit issued by the Board of Adjustment that authorizes the recipient to make Use of property in accordance with the requirements of this Ordinance and any additional requirements imposed by the Board of Adjustment.

Street: A dedicated Right-of-Way for vehicular traffic which affords the principal means of access to abutting property.

Street Line: The dividing line between a Street Right-of-Way and the contiguous property.

Structure: Anything constructed or erected, the Use of which requires permanent location on the ground, or attachment to something having a permanent location on the ground, including Decks, retaining walls, exterior stairways, Fences, and Signs.

Studio: The workshop of an artist, sculptor, photographer or craftsman.

Swimming Pool: A water-filled enclosure, permanently constructed or portable, having a depth of more than eighteen inches below the level of the surrounding land, or an above-surface pool, having a depth of more than thirty inches, designed, used and maintained for swimming and bathing purposes.

Trailer: Any vehicle or Structure capable of moving or being moved, over Streets and highways on its own wheels or on flat beds or other carriers, which is designed to be utilized to:

- 1) Provide temporary quarters for the conduct of a business, profession, trade or occupation; or
- 2) Serve as a carrier of people, new or used goods, products, or equipment;

Use: The purpose or activity for which land or Buildings are designed, arranged, or intended or for which land or Buildings are occupied or maintained.

Variance: An exception to the terms of the Zoning Ordinance as authorized in Section 310.32. As used in this Ordinance, a Variance is authorized only for height, area, size of Structure, size of Yards, and open spaces, as provided in Section 310.32 of this Code.

Visible: Capable of being seen without visual aid by a person of normal visual acuity.

Wayfaring: Signs, maps, and other graphic or audible methods used to convey location and directions to travelers, normally consisting of roadside Structures, informational kiosks or other visual means of providing orientation.

Yard: A space on the same Lot with a Principal Building which is open, unoccupied, and unobstructed by Buildings or Structures from ground to sky except where encroachments are expressly permitted.

- 1) Minimum Front Yard: A required open space on the same Lot with a Principal Building between the front Setback Line and the front Property Line and extending the full Width of the Lot.
- 2) Minimum Rear Yard: A required open space on the same Lot with a Principal Building between the rear Setback Line and the rear Property Line extending the full Width of the Lot.
- 3) Minimum Side Yard: A required open space on the same Lot with a Principal Building between the side Setback Line and the side Property Line of the Lot and extending from the front Property Line to the rear Property Line.

Zoning Administrator: The officer or other designated authority charged with the administration and enforcement of this Ordinance.

Zoning District: The term applied to various geographical areas of the Town of Montreat for the purpose of interpreting the provisions of the Ordinance. The Zoning Districts are designated with the Use of symbols on the Official Zoning Map. Regulations controlling land use in the various Zoning Districts within the Town of Montreat are set forth in Article VII of this Ordinance.

ARTICLE III – ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

301 **ADMINISTRATION OF THIS ORDINANCE.** The regulations set forth in this Ordinance shall be applicable to all Zoning Districts, shall be minimum regulations, and shall apply uniformly to each class or kind of Structure or land, except as may be provided for elsewhere in this Ordinance. The Zoning Administrator appointed by the Town of Montreat Board of Commissioners is duly charged with the administration of the provisions of this Ordinance. All questions arising in connection with this Ordinance shall be presented first to the Zoning Administrator who shall be responsible for the day to day administration of this Ordinance.

302 **CERTIFICATE OF ZONING COMPLIANCE REQUIRED.** No Building or other Structure shall be erected, moved, added to or structurally altered, nor shall any new Parking Spaces or parking lots be added, nor shall any Building Permit be issued nor shall any change in the Use of any Building, Structure or land be made until a Certificate of Zoning Compliance shall have been issued by the Zoning Administrator. No certification of zoning compliance shall be issued except in conformity with the provisions of this Ordinance. Replacement of roof shingles does not require Zoning Compliance. Where a Variance or Special Use Permit is required, the Zoning Administrator shall not issue a Certificate of Zoning Compliance until such Variance or permit shall be approved by the Board of Adjustment. A copy of all Certificates of Zoning Compliance shall be kept in the Town office.

302.1 **APPLICATIONS FOR ZONING COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE.** All applications for zoning compliance certificates shall be accompanied by a plan drawn to scale showing:

- 1) the actual dimensions of the Lot to be built upon;
- 2) accurate dimensions and the Use of the proposed Building or Structure;
- 3) the location on the Lot of the Building or Structure proposed to be erected or altered, including an outline of all proposed Structures and the distances from all Structures to adjoining Property Lines;
- 4) the location of all underground and above ground utilities;
- 5) all utility E, rights-of-way, culverts and drainage ways;
- 6) the parcel identification number consistent with Buncombe County tax records;
- 7) evidence that taxes on the property proposed for construction were paid prior to submitting the application;

- 8) such other information as may be necessary to provide for the enforcement of the provisions of this Ordinance, including the architectural or Building plans of the Structure proposed to be erected or altered; and
- 9) Evidence of Title

Prior to issuance of a Certificate of Zoning Compliance, the Zoning Administrator may consult with qualified personnel for assistance to determine if the application meets the requirements of this Ordinance.

302.2 **ZONING COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE FEE.** All applications for a Certificate of Zoning Compliance shall be accompanied by an application fee based upon the number of principal Structures per application. The fee shall set forth in the Town of Montreat Fee Schedule.

302.3 **CERTIFICATE OF ZONING COMPLIANCE LIMITED TO SIX MONTHS PLUS ONE EXTENSION.** If within six (6) months of the date on which a Certificate of Zoning Compliance is issued, construction has not begun on the Structure for which the certificate had been issued, the certificate shall expire; but the Zoning Administrator shall grant one (1) extension of six (6) months to the certificate if so requested by the applicant. Such request shall be granted without any requirement of any additional fee.

302.4 **PRIOR APPROVAL REQUIRED FOR PLAN CHANGES.** Any changes to a development proposal in the Town, for which a Certificate of Zoning Compliance has been issued, voids the Certificate of Zoning Compliance for the proposal. A new application consistent with Section 302.1 shall be submitted to the Town Zoning Administrator describing the project including all proposed changes. No construction shall take place that is inconsistent with the approved plans until amended plans are fully approved by the Zoning Administrator.

302.5 **RE-SUBMISSION OF APPLICATION FOR ZONING COMPLIANCE.** An application that has been denied by the Zoning Administrator but not appealed to the Board of Adjustment may be re-submitted not more than once, unless there is a material change in the application or a change in the zoning ordinances related to the application.

303 **BUILDING AND OCCUPANCY PERMITS REQUIRED.**

303.1 **BUILDING PERMIT REQUIRED.** Upon receiving a Certificate of Zoning Compliance, the property owner shall obtain a Building Permit from the Town of Montreat Building Inspector for the construction or structural alteration of any Building or Structure. A permit fee, as set by the Town Commissioners shall be paid to the Town.

303.2 **BUILDING PERMIT EXPIRATION.** A Building Permit shall expire six (6) months from the date it was issued if the work authorized by the Building Permit has not been commenced. In addition, a Building Permit shall immediately expire if the work authorized by the Building Permit has been commenced but has been discontinued for a period of twelve (12) months.

303.3 **CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY REQUIRED.** No new Building or part thereof shall be occupied, and no addition to or enlargement of any existing Building shall be occupied, and no existing Building after being altered or moved shall be occupied, and no change of occupancy shall be made in any existing Building or part thereof, until the Building Inspector has issued a Certificate of Occupancy therefor. A temporary Certificate of Occupancy may be issued for a portion or portions of a Building which may safely be occupied prior to final completion and occupancy of the entire Building. Application for a Certificate of Occupancy may be made by the owner or his/her agent after all final inspections have been made for new Buildings, or, in the case of existing Buildings after supplying the information and data necessary to determine compliance with this chapter, the appropriate regulatory codes and the Zoning Ordinance for the occupancy intended. The Building Inspector shall issue a Certificate of Occupancy when, after examination and inspection, it is found that the Building in all respects conforms to the provisions of this chapter, the regulatory codes, and the Zoning Ordinance for the occupancy intended.

303.4 **CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE.** At the conclusion of all work done under a permit, the appropriate inspector shall make a final inspection and if he or she finds that the completed work complies with all State and local laws and with the terms of the permit, he or she shall issue Certificate of Compliance. No new Building or part thereof may be occupied, and no addition or enlargement of an existing Building may be occupied, and no existing Building that has been altered or moved may be occupied until the inspection department has issued a Certificate of Compliance. A temporary Certificate of Compliance may be issued permitting occupancy for a stated period of specified portions of the Building that the inspector finds may safely be occupied prior to final completion of the entire Building. Violations of this section shall constitute a Class 1 misdemeanor. The Building Inspector shall issue a Certificate of Occupancy when, after examination and inspection, it is found that the Building in all respects conforms to the provisions of this chapter, the regulatory codes, and the Zoning Ordinance for the occupancy intended.

304 **COMPLIANCE.** In case any Building is erected, constructed, reconstructed, altered, repaired, converted or maintained, or any Building or land is used in violation of this Ordinance, the Zoning Administrator or any other appropriate Town authority, or any

person who would be damaged by such violation, in addition to other remedies, may institute an action for injunction, or mandamus, or other appropriate action or proceedings to prevent such violation.

305 **APPEAL FROM THE ZONING ADMINISTRATOR.** All questions arising in connection with this Ordinance shall be presented first to the Zoning Administrator, and such questions shall be presented to the Board of Adjustment only as an appeal from a ruling of the Zoning Administrator. Any order, requirement, decision or determination made by the Zoning Administrator shall be recorded in writing and may be appealed to the Board of Adjustment pursuant to the procedure found in Sections 311 and 312 of this Ordinance.

306 **NOTICE OF VIOLATIONS AND CITATION PROCEDURES.**

306.1 **NOTICE REQUIRED BEFORE PENALTY.** No penalty shall be assessed unless and until the person alleged to be in violation has been notified of the violation in accordance with this section.

306.2 **NOTICE OF VIOLATION.** Whenever any Town official charged with the duty of enforcing regulations in this Ordinance has reasonable cause to believe that a person is violating any of the provisions of this Ordinance or any plan, order, or condition issued pursuant to this ordinance, that official shall cause the condition to be remedied. If the owner and occupant of the land, Building, Sign, Structure, or Use in violation fails to take prompt corrective action after having been informed of the violation, the Zoning Administrator shall give the owner and occupant written Notice of Violation, by certified or registered mail, to his last known address or by personal service or by posting the Notice of Violation conspicuously on the property:

- (1) that the land, Building, Sign, Structure, or Use is in violation of this Ordinance;
- (2) the nature of the violation, and citation of the Section of this Ordinance violated;
- (3) the measures necessary to remedy the violation; and,
- (4) a notification of owner or occupant's right to appeal.

306.3 **APPEAL.** Any owner or occupant who has received a Notice of Violation may appeal in writing the decision of the Zoning Administrator to the Board of Adjustment, in accordance with the provisions of Article -----, within thirty days following the date of the Notice of Violation. The Board of Adjustment shall hear an appeal within a reasonable time, and it may affirm, modify, or revoke the Notice of Violation. In the absence of an appeal, the remedies and penalties sought by the Zoning Administrator in the Notice of Violation shall be final.

306.4 **ORDER OF CORRECTIVE ACTION.** - If upon a hearing held pursuant to an appeal as prescribed above, the Board of Adjustment shall find that the owner or occupant is in violation of this Ordinance, the Board of Adjustment shall make an order in writing to the owner or occupant affirming the violation and ordering compliance.

306.5 **FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH AN ORDER** - If the owner or occupant of a property fails to comply with a Notice of Violation from which no appeal has been taken, or an Order of Corrective Action following an appeal, the owner or occupant shall be subject to such remedies and penalties as may be provided for by State Law. If the owner or occupant fails to comply with the remedies and penalties prescribed, enforcement shall be sought through an order of a court of competent jurisdiction.

307 **RESPONSIBILITY FOR VIOLATIONS.** The owner or occupant of any land, Building, Structure, Sign, or Use of land or part thereof and any architect, builder, contractor, agent or any other person who participates or acts in concert, assists, directs, creates, or maintains any condition that is in violation of the requirements of this Ordinance may be held responsible for the violation and subject to the civil penalties and remedies herein provided.

308 **VIOLATIONS.** Any person violating any provision of this Ordinance shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be subject to a fine as provided by N.C.G.S. § 160A-175 or other applicable law and in addition thereto such violation may be enjoined and restrained as provided in N.C.G.S. § 160D-404.

308.1 Any one or all of the following procedures may be used to enforce the provisions of this Ordinance:

- (A) **Injunction** - Any violation of this Ordinance or of any condition, order, or requirement, or remedy adopted pursuant hereto may be restrained, corrected, abated, mandated, or enjoined by other appropriate proceeding pursuant to state law.
- (B) **Civil Penalties** - Any person who violates any provisions of this Ordinance shall be subject to the assessment of a civil penalty under the procedures provided in Section 308.2.
- (C) **Denial of Permit or Certificate** - The Zoning Administrator may withhold or deny any permit, certificate, occupancy or other form of authorization on any land, Building, Sign, Structure or Use in which there is an uncorrected violation of a provision of this Ordinance or of a condition or qualification of a permit, certificate or other authorization previously granted.

- (D) Conditional Permit - The Zoning Administrator may condition the authorization of any permit or certificate upon the correction of the deficiency, payment of civil penalties within a specified time, or the posting of security in form and amount approved by the town attorney.
- (E) Revocation of Permits - Permits shall be revoked for any substantial departure from the approved applications, plans, or specifications; refusal or failure to comply with the requirements of state or local laws, or for false statements or misrepresentations made in securing the permit. Any permit mistakenly issued in violation of an applicable state or local law may also be revoked.
- (F) Criminal Penalties - Any violation of this Ordinance shall be a misdemeanor or infraction as provided by N.C.G.S. § 14-4.
- (G) State and Common Law Remedies - In addition to other enforcement provisions contained in this Article, the Town Board of Commissioners may exercise any and all enforcement powers granted to it by state law or common law.

308.2 **PENALTIES**

- (A) Penalties - Any person who violates any provisions of this Ordinance shall be subject to assessment of the maximum civil penalty allowed by law.
- (B) Notice - No civil penalty shall be assessed until the person alleged to be in violation has been notified of the violation in accordance with Section 306.2. If after receiving a notice of violation under Section 306.2, the owner or other violator fails to take corrective action, a civil penalty may be imposed under this Section in the form of a citation. The citation shall be served in the manner of a Notice of Violation. The citation shall state the nature of the violation, the civil penalty to be imposed upon the violator and shall direct the violator to pay the civil penalty within fifteen days of the date of the notice.
- (C) Responsible Parties - The owner or occupant of any land, Building, Structure, Sign, or Use of land or part thereof and any architect, builder, contractor, agent or any other person who participates or acts in concert, assists, directs, creates, or maintains any condition that is in violation of the requirements of this Ordinance may be held responsible for the violation and subject to the civil penalties and remedies herein provided.

- (D) Continuing Violation - For each day the violation is not corrected, the violator will be guilty of an additional and separate offense and subject to additional civil penalty.
- (E) Demand for Payment - The Zoning Administrator shall make written demand for payment upon the property owner or the person in violation and shall set forth in detail a description of the violation for which the civil penalty has been imposed.
- (F) Nonpayment - If payment is not received or equitable settlement reached within thirty days; after demand for payment is made, the matter shall be referred to legal counsel for institution of a civil action in the appropriate division of the General Courts of Justice for recovery of the civil penalty. Provided however, if the civil penalty is not paid within the time prescribed, the Zoning Administrator may have a criminal summons or warrant issued against the violator. Upon conviction, the violator shall be subject to any criminal penalty the court may impose pursuant to N.C.G.S. § 14-4.

308.3 **REMEDIES.** The remedies and penalties provided for violations of this Ordinance, whether civil or criminal, shall be cumulative and in addition to any other remedy provided by law, and may be exercised in any order and can include:

- (A) Civil Penalty. Violations of this Ordinance shall subject the offender to a civil penalty upon the issuance of a citation for a violation. The Town may recover the civil penalty, if not paid to the Town Administrator within thirty (30) days of the date the citation was issued, in a civil action in the nature of a debt pursuant to N.C.G.S. § 160A-175. Each day that any violation of the provisions of this Code continues shall constitute a separate and distinct offense.
- (B) Withholding of Certificate of Occupancy. The Zoning Administrator or other authorized agent may refuse to issue a certificate of occupancy for the Building constructed or being constructed on the property until the applicant or other responsible person has taken the remedial measures set forth in the notice of violation or has otherwise cured the violations described therein.
- (C) Disapproval of Subsequent Permits and Development Approvals. As long as a violation of this Ordinance continues and remains uncorrected, the Zoning Administrator or other authorized agent may withhold, and the Town Planning Commission or Board of Adjustment may disapprove, any

request for permit or development approval or authorization provided by this Ordinance for the property on which the violation occurs.

- (D) Injunction and Order of Abatement. The Zoning Administrator, with the written authorization of the Town Administrator, may institute an action in a court of competent jurisdiction for a mandatory or prohibitory injunction and order of abatement to correct a violation of this Ordinance. Any person violating this Ordinance shall be subject to the full range of equitable remedies provided in the General Statutes or at common law.
- (E) Abatement of Public Health Nuisance. If the violation is dangerous or prejudicial to the public health or public safety and is within the geographic limits prescribed by N.C.G.S. § 160A-193, the Zoning Administrator, with written authorization of the Town Administrator, may remove, abate or remedy the violation and the costs, if not paid, shall be a lien against the property.

309 **ESTABLISHMENT OF THE PLANNING AND ZONING COMMISSION.** The Planning and Zoning Commission (also referred to as the Planning Commission) shall be composed of seven members selected by the Board of Commissioners for matters within the Town of Montreat and for extraterritorial matters. The seven-member Planning Commission shall be composed of six members residing in the Town of Montreat, and one member residing or owning property in the ETJ of the Town of Montreat. Two alternate members who reside in the Town of Montreat shall also be selected by the Town Board of Commissioners. Members shall serve a term of three years. No member shall serve more than two consecutive terms. When a vacancy occurs on the Board for the member representing Buncombe County, the Town shall notify the Buncombe County Board of County Commissioners and request an appointment within 90 days. If no appointment is made during that period the Town Board of Commissioners shall fill the vacancy. All appointments to the Planning Commission shall comply with the requirements of N.C.G.S. § 160D-301.

309.1 **PROCEEDINGS OF THE PLANNING AND ZONING COMMISSION.** The Planning and Zoning Commission shall elect from the members a chair and a vice-chair who shall serve for one (1) year or until reelected or until a successor is elected. The Planning Commission shall appoint a secretary who may be a municipal officer, an employee of the Town, or a member of the Planning and Zoning Commission. The Planning Commission shall adopt rules for transaction of its business and shall keep records of its resolutions and discussions, findings and recommendations. Such records shall be public records and filed in the Town office. Meetings of the Planning Commission shall be held quarterly, at the call of the chair, and at other times as the Planning Commission may determine. There shall be a quorum of four (4) members for the purpose of taking an official action required by this

Ordinance. The alternate member may vote in the absence of a regular member but his/her presence shall not be counted when establishing a quorum. All meetings of the Planning Commission shall be open to the public.

309.2 **POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE PLANNING AND ZONING COMMISSION.** In addition to its powers and duties under the Subdivision Ordinance, it shall be the duty of the Planning Commission:

- (A) To acquire and maintain, in current form, such basic information and materials as are necessary to an understanding of past trends, present conditions, and forces at work to cause changes in those conditions;
- (B) To prepare, and from time to time, amend and revise a comprehensive plan for the physical development of the Town;
- (C) To establish principles and policies for guiding action in the development of the area;
- (D) To prepare and recommend to the Town Board of Commissioners Ordinances promoting orderly development along the lines indicated in the comprehensive plan;
- (E) To receive and review all applications for amendment to this Zoning Ordinance and to make recommendations thereon to the Town Board of Commissioners;
- (F) To keep the Town Board of Commissioners and the general public informed and advised as to these matters;
- (G) To serve as the Stormwater Advisory Committee and assist the Town Board of Commissioners in meeting the mission and achieving the identified goals and objectives of the Town's Stormwater Management Program; and
- (H) To perform any other duties to which it may be lawfully assigned.

309.3 **APPLICATION PROCEDURE.**

- 1) Application forms for amendment requests shall be obtained from the Town Office. Completed application forms, plus any additional information that the Chair or applicant feels to be pertinent, shall be filed with the Zoning Administrator within at least thirty (30) days prior to the Planning and Zoning Commission's meeting at which the application is to be considered. An application requesting a change in the Official Zoning Map shall include a description of the property in question. Any communication purporting to be an application for an amendment shall be regarded as mere notice to seek relief until it is made in the required form.

- 2) An application fee as set forth in the Town of Montreat Fee Schedule shall accompany each application and this fee shall be nonrefundable except in any case where the application is withdrawn prior to its consideration by the Planning and Zoning Commission. Provided, that no application fee shall be required for an application submitted by the Board of Commissioners, the Board of Adjustment or any other Town board or commission.
- 3) Once the Zoning Administrator has received the complete application and all other pertinent materials necessary for the consideration of the application, he/she shall forward the application and other materials to the Chair of the Planning and Zoning Commission who shall call for a meeting of the Planning and Zoning Commission to review said application within thirty (30) days of the date the completed application is received by the Chair. The regular meeting of the Planning and Zoning Commission may serve in the place of a called meeting if it falls within the time period set forth in this Subsection below.

309.4 **HEARING BY THE PLANNING AND ZONING COMMISSION.** The Zoning Administrator shall transmit copies of all papers and other data submitted by the applicant on behalf of the amendment request to the members of the Planning and Zoning Commission.

- 1) The Planning and Zoning Commission shall review and prepare a report, including its official recommendation to accept or reject the proposed amendment. The Planning and Zoning Commission shall deliver its written report containing its official recommendation to the Board of Commissioners within ninety (90) days of the date of the meeting at which it considered an application. Failure of the Planning and Zoning Commission to submit recommendations within the ninety (90) day period shall constitute a favorable recommendation.
- 2) The Planning and Zoning Commission shall provide a written recommendation to the Board of Commissioners that addresses plan consistency and other matters as deemed appropriate.
- 3) All meetings of the Planning and Zoning Commission shall be open to the public. At a meeting, any party may appear in person, by agent, or by attorney.
- 4) No member shall be excused from voting except upon matters involving the consideration of his/her own financial interest or official conduct. In all other cases, a failure to vote by a member who is physically present in the meeting room, or who has withdrawn without being excused by a majority vote of the remaining members present, shall be recorded as an affirmative vote. The question of compensation and allowances of

members of the Planning and Zoning Commission is not a matter of involving a member's own financial interest or official conduct.

309.5 **PUBLIC HEARING BY THE BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS.** Before enacting an amendment to the Ordinance, the Board of Commissioners shall hold a public hearing. Public hearings shall be held during the regularly scheduled meeting of the Board of Commissioners. At least ten (10) days notice of time and place of the hearing shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation in Montreat for two (2) consecutive weeks. At the public hearing, the Board of Commissioners may adopt the proposed amendment, reject the proposed amendment, or refer the proposed amendment back to the Planning and Zoning Commission for further consideration or hearing.

309.6 **CHANGES IN THE OFFICIAL ZONING MAP.** Before enacting a change to the Official Zoning Map, the Board of Commissioners shall hold a public hearing. Public hearings shall be held during the regularly scheduled meeting of the Board of Commissioners.

A) If the proposed change to the Official Zoning Map affects fewer than fifty (50) different properties, the owners (as shown on county tax listing) of the parcel(s) of land affected by the proposed change in the zoning map and the owners (as shown on the county tax listings) of all parcels of land abutting that parcel of land shall be mailed a notice of a public hearing on the proposed change by first class mail at the last addresses listed for such owners on the county tax abstracts. This notice must be deposited in the mail at least ten (10) but not more than twenty-five (25) days prior to the date of the public hearing. The person(s) mailing such notices shall certify to the Board of Commissioners that the notices were mailed in accordance with this section, and such certificate shall be deemed conclusive in the absence of fraud.

B) If the proposed change to the Official Zoning Map affects at least fifty (50) different properties, then the Town may elect to mail notices as provided above or may, as an alternative, elect to publish once a week for four successive weeks in a newspaper having general circulation in Montreat an advertisement of the public hearing that shows the boundaries of the area affected by the proposed change to the Official Zoning Map and explains the nature of the proposed change. The final two advertisements shall comply with and be deemed to satisfy the

provisions of N.C.G.S. §160D-601. The advertisement shall not be less than one-half of a newspaper page in size. The advertisement shall only be effective for property owners who reside in the area of general circulation of the newspaper which publishes the notice. Property owners who reside outside the newspaper circulation area, according to the address listed on the most recent property tax listing for the affected property, shall be notified by first class mail pursuant to this ordinance. The person(s) mailing such notices shall certify to the Board of Commissioners that the notices were mailed in accordance with this section, and such certificate shall be deemed conclusive in the absence of fraud. In addition to the published notice, the Town shall post one or more prominent Signs on or immediately adjacent to the subject area reasonably calculated to give public notice of the proposed change in the Official Zoning Map.

- C) At the public hearing, the Board of Commissioners may adopt the proposed change, reject the proposed change, or refer the proposed change back to the Planning and Zoning Commission for further consideration or hearing.
- D) Following final action by the Board of Commissioners, the Zoning Administrator shall make any necessary changes in the Zoning Map and shall maintain a written record of the type and date of such changes. Action by the Board of Commissioners shall be considered official seven (7) days after the date the change was accepted by the Board of Commissioners, even if the Zoning Administrator has failed to make the appropriate changes.
- E) The Board of Commissioners shall not reconsider a proposed change to the Official Zoning Map if such change is for the same property or portion thereof, for a period of one (1) year from the date of final determination of the prior request. This waiting period may be waived by a three-fourths vote of the Board of Commissioners if it determines that there may have been substantial changes in conditions or circumstances which may relate to the request.

310 **ZONING BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT.** The Zoning Board of Adjustment (sometimes referred to as the Board of Adjustment) shall have the authority to rule on matters of interpretation of this Ordinance, consider appeals from decisions of the Zoning Administrator, issue Special Use Permits, grant Variances and perform other duties as

defined in this Ordinance. Any appeal from a decision of the Board of Adjustment shall be subject to review by the superior court pursuant to G.S. 160D-1402.

310.1 **COMPOSITION.** The Zoning Board of Adjustment shall be composed of seven members selected by the Board of Commissioners for matters within the Town of Montreat and for extra-territorial jurisdiction matters. The seven-member Board of Adjustment shall be composed of six members residing in the Town of Montreat, and one member residing or owning property in the ETJ of the Town of Montreat. Two alternate members who reside in the Town of Montreat shall also be selected by the Town Board of Commissioners. When a vacancy occurs on the Board for the member representing Buncombe County, the Town shall notify the respective Board of County Commissioners and request an appointment within 90 days. If no appointment is made during that period, the Town Board of Commissioners shall fill the vacancy. All appointments to the Board of Adjustment shall comply with the requirements of N.C.G.S. § 160D-302.

310.2 **PROCEEDINGS OF THE ZONING BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT.** The Zoning Board of Adjustment shall elect a chair and a vice-chair from its members who shall serve for one (1) year or until reelected or until their successors are elected. The Board of Adjustment shall appoint a secretary. The Board of Adjustment shall adopt bylaws and rules in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance and N.C.G.S §160D-406. Meetings of the Board of Adjustment shall be held at the call of the chair and at other such times as the Board may determine. The chair, the vice-chair, or the clerk to the Board may administer oaths according to the procedures adopted in the Board's bylaws and rules. All meetings of the Board of Adjustment shall be open to the public.

310.3 **POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE ZONING BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT.** The Zoning Board of Adjustment shall have the following powers and duties:

310.31 **APPEALS.** All questions arising in connection with the enforcement of the Ordinance shall be presented first to the Zoning Administrator and such questions shall be presented to the Board of Adjustment only on appeal from the decision of the Zoning Administrator (See also Section 1203 D). A decision of the Zoning Administrator, as used in this section, refers to any final binding order, requirement, or determination made with respect to application of the Montreat Zoning Ordinance. Landowners may provide constructive notice of a final, binding determination by posting a Sign on the affected site for 10 days in accordance with G.S 160D-403.

A) Any person who has standing under G.S. 160D-1402(c) or the Town may appeal a decision to the Board of Adjustment by filing a notice of

appeal with the Town Clerk. The notice of appeal shall state the grounds for the appeal.

- B) The Zoning Administrator (or other Town official who made the decision) shall give written notice of the decision to the owner of the property that is the subject of the decision and to the party who sought the decision (if different from the owner). The written notice shall be delivered by personal delivery, electronic mail, or by first-class mail.
- C) The owner or other party shall have thirty days from receipt of the written notice within which to file an appeal. Any other person with standing to appeal shall have thirty days from receipt of actual or constructive notice of the decision within which to file an appeal.
- D) An appeal of a notice of violation or other enforcement order stays enforcement of the action appealed from, unless the Zoning Administrator certifies to the Board, after notice of appeal shall have been filed, that by reason of the facts stated in an affidavit, a stay would cause imminent peril to life or property or because the violation is transitory in nature, a stay would seriously interfere with enforcement of the Ordinance. In that case, enforcement proceedings shall not be stayed except by a restraining order, which may be granted by a court. If enforcement proceedings are not stayed, the appellant may file with the Zoning Administrator a request for an expedited hearing of the appeal, and the Board of Adjustment shall meet to hear the appeal within 15 days after such a request is filed. Notwithstanding the foregoing, appeals of decisions granting a permit or otherwise affirming that a proposed Use of property is consistent with the ordinance shall not stay further review of an application for permits or permissions to Use such property; in these situations the appellant may request and the Board may grant a stay of a final decision of permit applications or building permits affected by the issue being appealed.
- E) The Board of Adjustment shall hear and decide the appeal within a reasonable time.
- F) The official who made the decision shall be present at the hearing as a witness. The appellant shall not be limited at the hearing to matters stated in the notice of appeal. If any party or the Town would be unduly prejudiced by the presentation of matters not presented in the notice of appeal, the Board shall continue the hearing.
- G) When hearing an appeal pursuant to G.S. 160D-947(e) or any other appeal in the nature of certiorari, the hearing shall be based on the record and the scope of review shall be as provided in G.S. 160D-

1402(j).

- H) The parties to an appeal that has been made under this subsection may agree to mediation or other forms of alternative dispute resolution in accordance with standards and procedures established and approved by the Board.

In exercising the above powers, the Board of Adjustment may, in conformity with the provisions of G.S. 160D-405, reverse or affirm wholly or in part, or may modify the decision appealed from and shall make any order, requirements, decision or determination and to that end, shall have all of the powers of the Zoning Administrator.

310.32 **VARIANCE**. When unnecessary hardships would result from carrying out the strict letter of this Ordinance, the Board of Adjustment shall grant a Variance upon showing of all the following:

- A) Unnecessary hardship would result from the strict application of the Ordinance. It shall not be necessary to demonstrate that, in the absence of the Variance, no reasonable Use can be made of the property.
- B) The hardship results from conditions that are peculiar to the property, such as location, size, or topography. Hardships resulting from personal circumstances, as well as hardships resulting from conditions that are common to the neighborhood or the general public, may not be the basis for granting a Variance.
- C) The hardship did not result from actions taken by the applicant or the property owner. The act of purchasing property with knowledge that circumstances exist that may justify the granting of a Variance shall not be regarded as a self-created hardship.
- D) The Variance is consistent with the spirit, purpose and intent of the Ordinance such that public safety is secured and substantial justice is achieved.
- E) The Variance requested is the minimum Variance that will make possible the legal Use of the land, Building or Structure.
- F) The Variance is not a request to permit a Use of land, Building or Structure which is not permitted in the Zoning District involved

The existence of a non-conforming Use of neighboring land, Building or Structures in the same Zoning District or of permitted or non-conforming

Use in other Zoning Districts shall not constitute a reason for granting the requested Variance. In granting a Variance, the Board of Adjustment shall make written findings that all of the requirements listed above have been met. If a Variance is granted it shall be the least possible deviation from the requirements of this subchapter. In granting any Variance, the Board of Adjustment may prescribe appropriate conditions and safeguards in conformity with this Article. Violations of the provisions of the Variance granted, including any conditions or safeguards, which are a part of the grant of the Variance, shall be deemed a violation of this Ordinance. The Board of Adjustment may hear appeals to grant a Variance arising out of any other ordinance that regulates land Use or development. The ordinance(s) shall also provide consistent, clearly-defined standards to establish findings through the Variance process as outlined in this section.

310.33 **SPECIAL USE PERMITS.** It shall be the duty of the Board of Adjustment to hear requests for Special Use Permits and grant said permits in accordance with the guidelines set forth by this Ordinance (See Section 617).

310.34 **SUBPOENAS.** The Board of Adjustment may subpoena witnesses and compel the production of evidence through the chair or acting chair. To request issuance of a subpoena, persons with standing (G.S. 160D-1402(c)) may make a written request to the chair explaining why it is necessary for certain witnesses or evidence to be compelled. The chair shall issue requested subpoena s/he determines to be relevant, reasonable in nature and scope, and not oppressive. The chair shall rule on any motion to quash or modify a subpoena. Decisions regarding subpoenas made by the chair may be appealed to the full Board of Adjustment. If a person fails or refuses to obey a subpoena issued pursuant to this subsection, the Board of Adjustment or the party seeking the subpoena may apply to the General Court of Justice for an order requiring that its subpoena be obeyed, and the court shall have jurisdiction to issue these orders after notice to the proper parties.

310.4 **APPLICATION AND VARIANCE PROCEDURES.** The Board of Adjustment shall hear and decide appeals from any decision or determination made by the Zoning Administrator and all requests for Variances.

310.41 **FILING APPEALS AND APPLICATIONS.** All appeals and applications for Variance shall be filed with the Town Clerk, who shall refer such applications to the Board of Adjustment when all required materials have been submitted. All appeals and applications shall be made on the forms provided by the Town for that purpose. All information required on the form shall be completed and all required materials shall be submitted before an appeal or application shall be considered as having been filed. When the completed appeal or application has been filed with the Town

Clerk, the Zoning Administrator shall immediately notify the Chair of the Board of Adjustment that such appeal or application has been filed.

310.42 **REQUIRED MATERIALS.** All appeals or applications for Variance shall be filed together with the following materials:

- A) A neatly drawn map of the property which is the subject of the appeal or application, drawn to scale and showing the location of any Building and other improvement located on the property and showing any adjoining road;
- B) If the appeal or Variance concerns the elevation of a Building, a drawing showing the elevation of all Buildings and improvements located on the property which is the subject of the appeal and application;
- C) A copy of the deed for the property which is the subject of the appeal or application for a Variance, a copy of the plat showing such property if one exists, and any contract to purchase or other relevant document; and
- D) A fee set by the Town Board of Commissioners, with recommendations from the Board of Adjustment, which becomes nonrefundable when the Zoning Administrator gives notice to the Chair of the Board of Adjustment that the completed appeal or application has been filed; and any other materials reasonably required by the Chair of the Board of Adjustment.

310.5 **TIME OF HEARING.** The Chairperson will set the date of hearing in accordance with an annual schedule published in January, maintained by the Clerk to the Board of Adjustment. This schedule will be made available to the Zoning Administrator in order that he/she may inform applicants of the current schedule. All cases shall be heard within 60 days.

310.51 **NOTICE OF HEARING.** The Board of Adjustment shall mail a notice of hearing (i) to the party whose appeal, application, or request is the subject of the hearing; (ii) to the owner of the property that is the subject of the hearing; (iii) to the owners of all parcels of land within 250' of land that is the subject of the hearing; and (iv) to any other persons entitled to receive notice under this Ordinance. The notice of hearing must be deposited in the mail at least 10 days, but not more than 25 days, prior to the date of the hearing. The Town shall also prominently post a notice of the hearing on the property that is the subject of the hearing or on an adjacent Street Right-of-Way at least 10 days, but not more than 25 days, prior to the date of the hearing.

- 310.6 **DECISION OF THE ZONING BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT.** The concurring vote of four-fifths of the members of the Board of Adjustment shall be necessary to grant a Variance of any provision of this Ordinance. A majority of the members is required to decide any other quasi-judicial matter or to determine an appeal made in the nature of certiorari. The Board of Adjustment shall determine contested facts, make decisions within a reasonable time, and base quasi-judicial decisions on competent, material and substantial evidence in the record. Quasi-judicial decisions of the Board shall be in writing and shall reflect the Board's determination of contested facts and their application to standards found in this Ordinance. A quasi-judicial decision is effective upon filing the written decision with the Clerk to the Board. The decision of the Board shall be delivered by personal delivery, electronic mail, or first-class mail to the applicant, the property owner, and any person who has submitted a written request for a copy, prior to the date the decision becomes effective.
- 310.7 **APPEALS FROM DECISIONS OF THE ZONING BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT.** Every quasi-judicial decision of the Board shall be subject to review by the superior court by proceedings in the nature of certiorari pursuant to N.C.G.S. 160D-1402. Any party with standing under N.C.G.S. 160D-1402 may appeal by filing a petition for review. A petition for review must be filed with the clerk of superior court by the later of thirty days after the decision is effective or after a written copy of the decision is given in accordance of Section 1205. When first-class mail is used to deliver the decision to a party, three days shall be added to the time to file the petition for review.
- 310.8 **VARIANCE LIMITED TO SIX MONTHS.** Any Variance granted by the Board of Adjustment must be acted upon within six months or it shall become null and void. The Board of Adjustment may grant one six month extension of a Variance if so requested by the applicant.
- 310.9 **AMENDMENTS.** This Ordinance, including the Official Zoning Map of Montreat, North Carolina, may be amended from time to time by the Board of Commissioners in accordance with the provisions of this Article. When the public necessity, convenience, general welfare, or good zoning practices justify such action, and after the review and report by the Planning and Zoning Commission if required, the Board of Commissioners may undertake the necessary steps to amend the Zoning Ordinance.
- 310.91 **PROCEDURE FOR AMENDMENTS.** A proposed change or amendment to the Zoning Ordinance or the Official Zoning Map may be initiated by the Board of Commissioners, the Planning and Zoning Commission, the Board of Adjustment, or one or more owners of property within the area

affected by the proposed amendment. For purposes of this Article only, the term “property owner” shall include the holder of a sales contract or option to purchase property affected by the proposed change.

ARTICLE IV – ESTABLISHMENT OF ZONING DISTRICTS

400 **ESTABLISHMENT OF DISTRICTS.** For the purposes of this Ordinance, the Town of Montreat is divided into Zoning Districts as follows:

R-1: Low Density Residential District
R-2: Medium Density Residential District
R-3: Low Density Residential District
I/R: Institutional/Residential District
I: Institutional District
WL: Woodlands District
TCO: Town Center Overlay District
RPO: Ridge Protection Overlay District
CD: Conservation District
PUD: Planned Unit Development District

In addition to the general zoning Districts delineated above, a Conditional Zoning District (bearing the designation CZ) corresponding to the general use zoning Districts may be established as authorized in this ordinance. Accordingly, the following Conditional Zoning Districts may be designated upon approval by the Board of Commissioners of a petition to establish a Conditional Zoning District:

R-1: (CZ) Low Density Residential District
R-2: (CZ) Medium Density Residential District
R-3: (CZ) Low Density Residential District
I/R: (CZ) Institutional/Residential District
I: (CZ) Institutional District

401 **DISTRICT BOUNDARIES.** The boundaries of the above Zoning Districts are hereby established as shown on the Official Zoning Map of the Town of Montreat, North Carolina, which, together with all explanatory matters thereon, is hereby adopted by reference and declared to be a part of this Ordinance.

401.1 The Official Zoning Map shall be identified by the signature of the Mayor attested by the Town Clerk, and bearing the Seal of the Town under the words: "Official Zoning Map, Town of Montreat, North Carolina," together with the date of the adoption of the Official Zoning Map.

- 401.2 If, in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance and North Carolina General Statutes Chapter 160D, changes are made in District boundaries or other matters portrayed on the Official Zoning Map, such changes shall be entered on the Official Zoning Map by the Zoning Administrator promptly after the amendment has been approved by the Board of Town Commissioners.
- 401.3 No changes of any nature shall be made on the Official Zoning Map or any matter shown thereon except in conformity with the procedures set forth in this Ordinance. Any unauthorized change of whatever kind by any person or persons shall be void and a violation of this Ordinance.
- 401.4 The Official Zoning Map shall be located in the office of the Town of Montreat. It shall be the final authority as to the current zoning status of land, Buildings, and other Structures in the Town.
- 402 **RULES FOR INTERPRETATION OF ZONING DISTRICT BOUNDARIES.** When uncertainty exists as to the boundaries of Districts as shown on the Official Zoning Map, the following rules shall apply:
- 402.1 Boundaries indicated as approximately following the center lines of Streets, highways, Alleys, or public utility Easements shall be construed as following such center lines;
- 402.2 Boundaries indicated as approximately following platted Lot or tract lines shall be construed as following such lines, whether public or private;
- 402.3 Boundaries indicated as approximately following the Town Limits shall be construed as following such Town Limits;
- 402.4 Boundaries indicated as following railroad lines shall be construed to be midway between the main tracks;
- 402.5 Boundaries indicated as approximately following the center lines of streams, rivers, channels, lakes, or other lines shall be construed as following the center line;
- 402.6 Boundaries indicated as approximately following topographic elevations shall be construed as following such elevations;
- 402.7 Boundaries indicated as parallel to or extensions of features indicated above shall be so construed.
- 402.8 If the boundary location cannot be resolved according to any of the above criteria, the Board of Adjustment shall interpret the intent of the map as to the location of District boundaries.

ARTICLE V – ZONING DISTRICT REGULATIONS

500 **PERMITTED USES TABLE** - The following table establishes what principal Uses will be allowed in a particular Zoning District within the Town of Montreat. The Uses in this table will be permitted as indicated by the letter P and shall conform to all regulations of the applicable Zoning District. Uses which are not listed in the Table are not permitted in the Town of Montreat.

500.1 When shown with an S, the Use is permitted only as a "Special Use Permit" and will be approved in accordance with the provisions of Article VIII of this Ordinance.

USE CATEGORY	PERMITTED USES								
	R-1	R-2	R-3	IR	I	WL	RPO	CD	TCO
RESIDENTIAL									
Single Unit Dwelling	P	P	P	P					P
Two Unit Dwelling (Duplex)	P	P	P	P					S
Multi-Unit Dwelling				P					S
Dormitory					P				P
Family Care Homes	P	P	P	P					P
Group Care Facility (Nursing Homes, Rest Homes, Congregate Care, and Similar Facilities.)				S	P				
Manufactured Home, Class A	S	S	S						
Manufactured Home, Class B	S	S	S						
ACCESSORY USES AND STRUCTURES									
Accessory Buildings or Uses	P	P	P	P	P				P

Accessory Dwelling Unit	S	S	S	S					S
Home Occupation	P	P	P	P					P
Studios	S	S	S	P					
Swimming Pools, Private	P	P	P	P	P				P
PUBLIC & INSTITUTIONAL									
Auditorium				P	P				P
College				P	P				P
Conference Center				S	P				P
Churches				S	P				P
Columbarium				S	S				S
Community Facility		S		S	P				P
Educational Facility				P	P				P
Libraries, Public				P	P				P
Municipal Government Facilities				P	P				P
Museums, Public				P	P				P
Parks or other Public Recreational Facilities	S	S	S	S	S	S		S	S
Public Works Maintenance Facility	S	S	S	P	P				P
COMMERCIAL									
Bed and Breakfast		S		S					
Boarding Houses		S		S	P				P
Bookstore				P	P				
Camps, Summer						S			P
Campgrounds						S			
Convenience Store				S	S				
Day Care, Home	S	S							

Day Care Center				S	P				
Drug Stores and Pharmacies				S	P				P
Eating Establishments (Excluding Drive-ins)				S	P				P
General Merchandise and Sales Retail				P	P				P
Hospitals				S	S				S
Inn				S	P				P
Lodge				S	P				P
Professional Offices, including but not limited to medical, dental, law, or real estate				S	P				P
Professional Services				P	P				
Riding Stables						S			
Swimming Pools, Public				S	S				S
Theaters, Privately Operated					S				S
Theaters, Public Outdoor					S				S
Other									
Agriculture excluding logging and timber harvest						P	P	S	
Telecommunication Tower					S				S

501 **R-1 RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT.**

501.1 **Purpose.** This Zoning District is established to protect areas in which the principal Use of the land is for low Density, Single- and Two-Family Dwellings as well as for the related recreational facilities normally required to provide for an orderly and attractive residential area. Any Use, which, because of its characteristics, would interfere with the development of or be detrimental to the residential nature of the area is prohibited.

- 501.2 Permitted Uses. See Section 500.
- 501.3 Special Uses. See Section 617 and Article V.
- 501.4 Minimum Lot Area.
- 501.41 Ten thousand (10,000) square feet for all Single-Family Dwellings.
- 501.42 Fifteen thousand (15,000) square feet for Two-Family Dwellings.
- 501.43 Fifteen thousand (15,000) square feet for other Uses.
- 501.5 Minimum Lot Width. Seventy-five feet (75').
- 501.6 Minimum Lot Depth. One hundred feet (100').
- 501.5 Minimum Front Yard. Thirty feet (30').
- 501.8 Minimum Side Yard.
- 501.81 Single-Family and Two-Family Dwelling Units: Fifteen feet (15')
- 501.82 All Other Uses: Twenty-five feet (25').
- 501.83 Lots with side Yard abutting Woodland District (as to the side Yard abutting the Woodland District): 10 feet (10')
- 501.9 Minimum Rear Yard. Twenty percent (20%) of the mean Lot Depth provided that rear Yards on Lots used for Dwelling purposes need not exceed thirty five feet (35').
- 501.91 Lots with rear Yard abutting Woodland District: 10 feet (10')
- 501.10 Maximum Building Height. Thirty-five feet (35').
- 501.11 Off-Street Parking and Loading Regulations. See Article VII.
- 501.12 Accessory Buildings. See Section 606 and 500.
- 501.13 Signs. See Article VIII.

502 **R-2 RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT.**

- 502.1 Purpose. This Zoning District is established to protect areas in which the principal Use of the land is for medium Density, Single-Family, Multi-Family and group Dwellings as well as for the related recreational, religious, and educational facilities normally required to provide for an orderly, attractive residential area. Any Use which, because of its characteristics, would interfere with the development of, or be detrimental to the residential nature of the area is prohibited.
- 502.2 Permitted Uses. See Section 500.
- 502.3 Special Uses. See Section 617 and Article V.

502.4 Minimum Lot Area.

502.41 Eight thousand (8,000) square feet for all Single-Family Dwellings.

502.42 Twelve thousand (12,000) square feet for all Two-Family Dwellings.

502.43 Twelve thousand (12,000) square feet for all other Uses.

502.5 Minimum Lot Width. Sixty feet (60').

502.6 Minimum Lot Depth: One hundred feet (100').

502.5 Minimum Front Yard. Thirty feet (30').

502.8 Minimum Side Yard.

502.81 Single-Family Dwellings: Ten feet (10').

502.82 All Other Uses: Twenty feet (20').

502.83 Lots with side Yard abutting Woodland District (as to the side Yard abutting the Woodland District): Ten feet (10').

502.9 Minimum Rear Yard. Twenty percent (20%) of the mean Lot Depth, provided that such rear Yards used for Dwellings need not exceed thirty feet (30').

502.91 Lots with rear yard abutting Woodland District: 10 feet (10')

502.10 Maximum Building Height. Thirty-five feet (35').

502.11 Off-Street Parking and Loading Regulations. See Article VII.

502.12 Accessory Buildings. See Section 606 and 500.

502.13 Signs. See Article VIII.

503 **R-3 RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT.**

503.1 Purpose. This Zoning District is established to protect areas in which the principal Use of the land is for low Density, Single- and Two-Family Dwellings as well as for the related recreational facilities normally required to provide for an orderly and attractive residential area. Any Use, which, because of its characteristics would interfere with the development of or be detrimental to the residential nature of the area is prohibited. The R-3 Residential District is similar to the R-1 District except that minimum Lot sizes are increased due to the limited availability of Town services and the environmentally sensitive nature of the land within these outlying regions.

503.2 Permitted Uses. See Section 500.

503.3 Special Uses. See Section 617 and Article V.

503.4 Minimum Lot Area.

503.41 Twenty thousand (20,000) square feet for all Single-Family Dwellings.

503.42 Thirty thousand (30,000) square feet for Two-Family Dwellings.

503.43 Thirty thousand (30,000) square feet for all other Uses.

503.5 Minimum Lot Width. Seventy-five feet (75').

503.6 Minimum Lot Depth. One hundred feet (100').

503.5 Minimum Front Yard. Thirty feet (30').

503.8 Minimum Side Yard.

503.81 Single-Family and Two-Family Dwelling Units: Fifteen (15) feet.

503.82 All Other Uses: Twenty-five (25) feet.

503.83 Lots with side Yard abutting Woodland District (as to the side Yard abutting the Woodland District): 10 feet (10')

503.9 Minimum Rear Yard. Twenty percent of the mean Lot Depth provided that rear Yards on Lots used for Dwelling purposes need not exceed thirty-five feet.

503.91 **Lots with rear yard abutting Woodland District:** 10 feet (10')

503.10 Maximum Building Height. Thirty-five feet (35').

503.11 Off-Street Parking and Loading Regulations. See Article VII.

503.12 Accessory Buildings. See Section 612 and 500.

503.13 Signs. See Article VIII.

504 **I/R INSTITUTIONAL/RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT.**

504.1 Purpose. The purpose of the Institutional/Residential Zoning District is to provide for a zone of transition between purely residential and purely institutional Districts or to serve as a residential District to accommodate a mixture of residential, office, and institutional Uses in conditions of good health and safety, and to provide for protected property values in areas which are predominately residential in character.

504.2 Permitted Uses. See Section 500.

504.3 Special Uses. See Section 617 and Article V.

504.4 Minimum Lot Area.

- 504.41 Single-Family Dwellings. Six thousand (6,000) square feet.
- 504.42 Two-Family Dwellings. Ten thousand (10,000) square feet.
- 504.43 Multi-Family Dwellings. Fifteen thousand (15,000) square feet plus three thousand (3,000) square feet for each Dwelling Unit in excess of two (2).
- 504.44 Ten thousand (10,000) square feet for all other Uses.

504.5 Minimum Lot Width.

- 504.51 Single-Family Dwellings. Sixty-five feet (65').
- 504.52 Two-Family Dwellings. Eighty feet (80').
- 504.53 Multi-Family Dwellings. One Hundred feet (100').
- 504.54 Other Uses. One Hundred feet (100') at Front Building line.

504.6 Minimum Lot Depth. One Hundred feet (100').

504.7 Minimum Front Yard. Twenty-five feet (25').

504.8 Minimum Side Yard.

- 504.81 Interior Side. Twelve feet (12').
- 504.82 Street side at Corner Lot. Seventeen and one-half feet (15.5').

504.9 Minimum Rear Yard. Twenty-five feet (25').

504.10 Maximum Building Height. Forty feet (40'). All proposed Buildings, other than Single-Family, must be approved by the authority having jurisdiction for fire code enforcement. Structures over thirty five feet (35') will require special fire protection systems.

504.11 Off-Street Parking and Loading Regulations. See Article VII.

504.12 Screening Regulations. It shall be the responsibility of the property owner or lessee to provide the following screening measures:

- 504.121 Like or similar Uses abutting each other in different Districts: None.
- 504.122 Unlike or dissimilar Uses abutting each other in same or different Districts: Six foot (6') high closed Fence or evergreen vegetation of sufficient Density to serve the purpose of a solid Fence.

504.13 Signs. See Article VIII.

505 **I – INSTITUTIONAL DISTRICT.**

505.1 Purpose. The Institutional Zoning District is established to permit certain institutional Uses as defined in Article V, Definitions, Educational Facility.

505.2 Permitted Uses. See Section 500 and Article V, Definitions, Educational Facility.

505.3 Special Uses. See Section 617 and Article V.

505.4 Minimum Lot Area. Seven thousand five hundred (7,500) square feet.

505.5 Minimum Lot Width. Seventy-five feet (75').

505.6 Minimum Lot Depth. One hundred feet (100').

505.7 Yard Requirements.

505.71 Adjacent Lots within the Institutional District shall have no front, side, or rear Yard requirements except that a twenty five foot (25') Building Setback shall be required from the Right-of-Way lines of any adjacent Streets.

505.72 Lots within the Institutional District and abutting a different Zoning District shall be required to provide a twenty five foot (25') side, rear, and/or front Yard on the perimeter facing the different Zoning District.

505.8 Maximum Building Height. Sixty feet (60'). All proposed Buildings, other than Single Family, must be approved by the authority having jurisdiction for fire code enforcement. Structures over 35 feet will require special fire protection systems.

505.9 Off-Street Parking and Loading Regulations. See Article VII.

505.10 Screening Regulations. It shall be the responsibility of the property owner or lessee to provide the following screening measures:

505.101 Like or similar Uses abutting each other in different Districts: None.

505.102 Unlike or dissimilar Uses abutting each other in same or different Districts: Six feet (6') high closed Fence or evergreen vegetation of sufficient Density to serve the purpose of a solid Fence.

505.11 Signs. See Article VIII.

506 **WL - WOODLAND DISTRICT.** That area outside the high and low pressure water service areas of the Town of Montreat that is indicated as Woodland District on the Official Zoning Map of the Town.

506.1 Purpose. This Zoning District is established to provide for agricultural Uses including, but not limited to, grazing and fishing on land that because of extremes in topography and soils is unsuitable for residential, commercial, institutional or related development.

506.2 Permitted Uses. Agricultural Uses and enterprises. (See Section 500).

506.3 Special Uses. See Section 617 and Article V.

507 **RPO - RIDGE PROTECTION OVERLAY DISTRICT.** That area extending 500 feet on all sides of the summit of certain ridges in the Town as indicated on the official zoning map of the Town of Montreat. The requirements of this section shall supplement the requirements of the underlying Zoning District as well as the provisions of the North Carolina Mountain Ridge Protection Act (N.C. G.S. § 113A). In case of conflict between the requirements of this section and any other law or regulation the more stringent provision shall apply.

507.1 Purpose. This Zoning District is established to protect sensitive woodlands on the ridge tops in and around the Flat Creek Basin which contains the Town of Montreat. Special protection is needed in these areas because of their high elevation, steep slopes and susceptibility to erosion that may adversely affect water supplies and aquatic life in the Town. Special protection is also needed to protect and preserve vistas in the Flat Creek Basin which are vital to the tourism component of the town economy and which are highly valued by residents of the Town as well.

507.2 Permitted Uses. Agricultural Uses and enterprises except logging and timber harvest. (See Section 500.)

507.3 Special Uses. None allowed.

508 **TCO - TOWN CENTER OVERLAY DISTRICT.** That core area centered on Lake Susan which encompasses the majority of seasonal, community activity and Institutional facilities and Uses as indicated on the official zoning map of the Town of Montreat. The requirements of this section shall supplement the requirements of the underlying Zoning District(s). In case of conflict between the requirements of this section and any other law or regulation the more stringent provision shall apply.

508.1 Purpose. This Zoning District is established to support and encourage specific permitted Uses representative of the core Institutional and Institutional/Residential Districts of Town. The Town Center of Montreat contains many

significant historical buildings and other architectural features of interest. These touchstones define the unique character and rich heritage that residents and visitors alike have come to cherish.

508.2 Permitted Uses. See Section 500.

508.3 Special Uses. See Section 617 and Article V.

508.4 Signs. See Article VIII.

509 **CD – CONSERVATION DISTRICT.** That area along Flat Creek from the Montreat Gate to Lookout Road and delineated on the Official Zoning Map of the Town of Montreat as Conservation District.

509.1 Purpose. This Zoning District is established to protect tracts of land from residential, commercial, and institutional development and to preserve land for Parks, open space, recreational areas, greenways, trails, waterways and flood plain areas.

509.2 Signs. See Article VIII.

510 **CONDITIONAL ZONING DISTRICT**

In addition to the general zoning Districts delineated above, a Conditional Zoning District (bearing the designation CZ) corresponding to the general Use zoning Districts may be established as authorized in this ordinance.

R-1: (CZ) Low Density Residential District
R-2: (CZ) Medium Density Residential District
R-3: (CZ) Low Density Residential District
I/R: (CZ) Institutional/Residential District
I: (CZ) Institutional District

Conditional Zoning Districts are Districts that correspond to the general Use zoning Districts which are otherwise applicable. In addition to imposing the standards, restrictions and regulations provided for in the corresponding general Use zoning District applicable to a parcel of property, a Conditional Zoning District may impose additional standards, restrictions and regulations as a condition to and as part of the legislative decision creating the District in exchange for reductions in otherwise applicable Setback and other site specific development standards and requirements of the applicable general Use District.

510.1 **PURPOSE.** Conditional Zoning Districts are primarily intended to allow for the zoning and development of property in accordance with general Use zoning District standards with additional and/or modified standards that enable the Use

and development of the subject property in a manner which is better suited to the topography and other unique characteristics of the site and which is also consistent with the character of the Use and development of the neighboring properties.

The review process established in this Ordinance provides for accommodation of such development by a reclassification of property into a Conditional Zoning District, subject to specific conditions and standards, which promote and provide for the compatibility of the Use and development of the subject parcel with the Use and development of the neighboring properties. Zoning petitions to establish a Conditional Zoning District will be processed in accordance with the provisions of this zoning ordinance for zoning amendments as well as this section. A Conditional Zoning District classification will be considered only if the application is made by the owner of the property or his/her authorized agent.

510.2. **USES WITHIN DISTRICT.** Within a Conditional Zoning District, only those Uses listed as permitted Uses in the corresponding general zoning District shall be permitted. Individual conditions and site specific standards are limited to those needed to bring a project into compliance with town ordinances and adopted plans. The applicant shall propose development standards to mitigate the impacts reasonably expected to be generated, especially with regard to property adjacent to the Conditional Zoning District. Special Uses shall require a Special Use Permit as required for the applicable general Use zoning District.

510.3 **CONDITIONS.**

- (A) In a Conditional Zoning District, conditions may specify the Uses proposed for the District; the location on the property of the proposed Use; the number of Dwelling Units or other Structures; the location and extent of supporting facilities such as parking areas, driveways, and access Streets; design elements of the proposed Use; the location and extent of Buffer areas and other special purpose areas; the timing of development; the location and extent of Right-of-Way and other areas to be dedicated for public purposes; the alteration of Streets to mitigate traffic and environmental impacts; Use limitations; and other matters the applicant proposes, or agrees to and which the town requests.
- (B) In considering a reclassification of property to a Conditional Zoning District, the Town Board of Commissioners may request that reasonable and appropriate conditions be attached to approval of the rezoning. Any such conditions should relate to the relationship of the proposed Use to surrounding property, proposed support facilities such as parking areas and

driveways, pedestrian and vehicular circulation, screening and Buffer areas, the timing of development, Street and Right-of-Way improvements, water and sewer improvements, stormwater, the provision of open space, and other matters that the Town Board of Commissioners may find appropriate or the applicant may propose.

- (C) Such conditions to approval of the rezoning may include Dedication to the Town or State or a recognized legal entity, as appropriate, of any rights-of-way or Easements for roads, water, and sewer or other public utilities necessary to serve the proposed development. The applicant shall have a reasonable opportunity to consider and respond to any such conditions prior to final action by the Town Board of Commissioners.
- (D) Before filing an application for a Conditional Zoning District, the application(s) is encouraged to meet with the Zoning Administrator to discuss the nature of the proposed reclassification, the standards for development under the existing and proposed classifications, and concerns that persons residing in the vicinity of the property may have regarding the proposed reclassification, if known.
- (E) All applications must include an exhibit map/schematic plan and supporting text which will become a part of the ordinance amendment, including the items listed below:
 - (1) A site plan drawn to scale locating all proposed improvements, showing the total acreage, present zoning classifications and Uses for the subject property and adjacent properties, date, and north arrow.
 - (2) The owners' names, addresses, and the tax parcel numbers of all adjoining properties.
 - (3) All existing Easements, reservations, rights-of way, and all Yards required for the Conditional Zoning District requested.
 - (4) Delineation of areas within the regulatory floodplain as shown on official Flood Hazard Boundary Maps for the Town of Montreat including delineation of streams and associated stream Buffers.
 - (5) Proposed Uses of land and Structures. For residential Uses this includes the number of units and an outline of area where the Structure will be located and appropriate Setbacks. For nonresidential Uses, this includes the approximate square footage of all Structures and an outline of the area where the Structures will be located.

(F) The Planning and Zoning Commission and/or Town Board of Commissioners may request additional information as they deem necessary. This information may include:

- (1) Proposed screening, including walls, Fences, or planting areas as well as treatment of any existing natural features.
- (2) Existing and proposed topography at five-foot contour intervals or less.
- (3) Generalized information on the number, height, and size or, in especially critical situations, the location of Structures.
- (4) Proposed number and location of detached Signs
- (5) Approximate completion time of the project and proposed phasing, if any.
- (6) Transportation plan with provisions for internal vehicular, transit, bicycle, and pedestrian circulation and parking
- (7) Conditions proposed to be incorporated in the Conditional Zoning District.

(G) In approving a Conditional Zoning District, the Town Board of Commissioners may, impose more restrictive requirements than would otherwise be required by this ordinance and those in the application, as deemed necessary to ensure that the purposes and intent of this ordinance are met.

(I) Other than Use conditions, no proposed condition can be a mere repetition of an already applicable requirement of this ordinance. The Zoning Administrator may order the removal of any such condition.

510.4 **COMMUNITY MEETING.** With respect to all Districts, the applicant is required to hold a community meeting prior to the application deadline for a Conditional Zoning District rezoning. Notice of the meeting shall be provided to owners of property within 250' of subject property, as listed with the Buncombe County Tax Department. Notice may be sent to additional properties by the applicant. At a minimum, the notice shall be sent by standard mail and be postmarked at least fourteen (14) days prior to the date of the community meeting. Additional types of public notice may be provided by the applicant.

(A) A written report of the community meeting shall be included as part of the application packet. The written report of the meeting shall include a listing of those persons and organizations contacted about the meeting and the manner and date of contact, the time, date, and location of the meeting, and a description of any changes to the rezoning application made by the applicant as a result of the meeting.

- (B) Revisions to an approved Conditional Zoning District necessitating a Public Hearing applicable to the Institutional/ Residential (I/R) and the Institutional (I) Districts shall also require a community meeting.

510.5 SCOPE OF APPROVAL.

- (A) Any conditions approved in association with a Conditional Zoning District and so authorized shall be perpetually binding unless subsequently changed or amended as provided for in this Article. The applicant shall obtain certification of the approval of the Conditional Zoning District from the Town Clerk and shall record the certification and accompanying map exhibit/site plan in the office of the Register of Deeds of Buncombe County. The applicant shall return a certified copy of the recorded documents to the Town Clerk.
- (B) If for any reason any condition established pursuant to these regulations is found to be illegal or invalid, or if the applicant should fail to accept any condition, the approval of the Conditional Zoning District may be deemed null and void and the governing body may initiate proceedings to rezone the property to its previous zoning classification. Continued or repeated violations of the conditions in an approved Conditional Zoning District shall constitute an applicant's failure to accept said conditions.
- (C) Any violations of a condition in an approved Conditional Zoning District shall be treated the same as any other violation of this Ordinance and shall be subject to the same remedies and penalties as any such violation.
- (D) The approval of a zoning map or text amendment does not authorize any development activity. A Certificate of Zoning Compliance and any other administrative permits required by this ordinance shall be required, before the initiation of any development activity.
- (E) If an application for conditional zoning is approved, thereafter the development and Use of the property shall be governed by the standards, restrictions and regulations provided for in the corresponding general Use zoning District, together with such changes, standards and conditions imposed by the Town Board of Commissioners.
- (F) If an application is approved, only those Uses and Structure indicated in the approved application and exhibit map/schematic plan shall be allowed on the subject property. A change of location of any Structures may be authorized pursuant to applicable provisions of the ordinance.

- (G) Following the approval of a rezoning application for a Conditional Zoning District, the subject property shall be identified on the Zoning Map by the appropriate District designation.
- (H) Any approved Conditional Zoning District shall have vested rights.

510.6 ALTERATIONS TO APPROVAL.

- (A) Except as provided herein, changes to an approved Conditional Zoning District or to the conditions attached to the approval shall be treated the same as a new application for a Conditional Zoning District and shall be processed in accordance with the original procedures.
- (B) The Planning and Zoning Commission shall have the authority to approve an administrative change to an approved Conditional Zoning District application. The standard for approving or denying such a requested change shall be that the change does not significantly alter the approved plan or its conditions and that the change does not have a significant impact upon abutting properties. Changes that increase the Density of nonresidential development up to 10% of the approved Building square footage, but not more than 5,000 square feet, may be considered. For residential development, increases in Density are not allowed as an administrative change.
- (C) The Planning and Zoning Commission shall always have the discretion to decline to exercise this delegated authority if it believes a requested change should be deemed a rezoning application requiring a public hearing and Town Board of Commissioners approval under the circumstances. If the Planning and Zoning Commission declines to exercise this authority, then the applicant may only file a rezoning application in accordance with the applicable provisions of this Ordinance.

511 **LOT REQUIREMENTS SUMMARY TABLE.**

Zoning District and Use	Minimum Lot Dimensions			Minimum Yard/Setback		
	Size	Width	Depth	Front	Side	Rear
	(sq. ft.)	(feet)	(feet)	(feet)	(feet)	(feet)
R-1						
Single-Family, Group	10,000	55	100	30	15	**
Two-Family	15,000	55	100	30	15	**
Other Uses	15,000	55	100	30	25	**
R-2						
Single-Family, Group	8,000	60	100	30	10	**
Two-Family	12,000	60	100	30	10	**
Multi-Family	20,000*	60	100	30	20	**
Other Uses	12,000	60	100	30	20	**
Side/rear Yard Setbacks for Lots in R-1, R-2, and R-3 District abutting Woodland District: 10 feet (10')						
R-3 (septic)						
Single-Family	20,000	55	100	30	15	**
Two-Family	30,000	55	100	30	15	**
Other Uses	30,000	55	100	30	25	**
I/R						
Single-Family	6,000	65	100	25	12/15.5	25
Two-Family	10,000	80	100	25	12/15.5	25
Multi-Family	15,000***	100	100	25	12/15.5	25
Other Uses	10,000	100	100	25	12/15.5	25
					interior/corner	
I						
All permitted Uses	5,500	55	100	N/A - 25' from Street Right-of-Way and when adjacent to a different Zoning District		

* For each unit in excess of four, an additional 3,500 sq. ft. is required per unit.

** Minimum Rear Yard is 20% of the mean Lot Depth but no more than 35' in R-1 and R-3, or no more than 30' in R-2 for residential Uses.

*** For each unit in excess of two, an additional 3,000 sq. ft. is required per unit.

- A. This District allows projects of innovative design and layout that may not otherwise be permitted under this ordinance because of the strict application of zoning District regulations and/or general development standards. Variations from otherwise applicable regulations and standards may be granted with the adoption of the required Planned Unit Development District Master Plan (PUD Master Plan).

In return for greater flexibility, Planned Unit Developments are expected to deliver exceptional design, character and quality that preserve critical environmental resources and provide open space amenities. Such development shall incorporate creative design in the layout of Buildings, open space, and circulation; assure compatibility with surrounding land Uses and neighborhood character; and provide greater efficiency in the layout and provision of roads, utilities, and other infrastructure.

- B. The PUD District encourages innovative land planning and design concepts by:
- (1) Providing flexibility in the application of zoning and development standards or regulations that were designed primarily for individual Lots;
 - (2) Allowing greater freedom in selecting the means to provide access, light, open space, and design amenities;
 - (3) Allowing greater freedom for a broad mix of various land Uses in the same development;
 - (4) Promoting quality design and environmentally sensitive development by allowing development to take advantage of special site characteristics, locations, and land Uses;
 - (5) Encouraging quality design by allowing higher densities when such increases are supported by superior standards or the provision of additional amenities; and
 - (6) Protecting health, safety and general welfare without unduly inhibiting the development of property.
- C. A Planned Unit Development shall be a new zoning District that replaces the existing zoning District. The development standards and land Uses in the approved PUD Master Plan are the zoning regulations, standards, and land Uses for a PUD in the PUD District. The Official Zoning Map shall identify the area covered by each PUD District.
- (1) All Uses that are set out in the approved PUD Master Plan shall be treated as a permitted Use within the District.
 - (2) Except as otherwise provided by the adopted PUD Master Plan, property within an approved PUD shall be subject to all applicable regulations, subdivision plan approvals, site plan approvals, and other permits and approvals required by Town ordinances.

- (3) There is no minimum acreage required. However, the size of the PUD shall be evaluated by the Planning and Zoning Commission as warrants the location of the specific proposal.
- (4) The PUD Master Plan shall identify the total number of residential units and the maximum square footage for non-residential Uses. The form for presenting these quantities shall be clearly presented and easy to track. If the measure used includes Density, gross density is the applicable standard.
- (5) Development standards established by the approved PUD Master Plan shall be the applicable development standards within the PUD. Such standards shall include, but are not limited to, Building Height, building separations, building Setbacks, parking requirements, Lot size, Yard, Buffer and landscape requirements or other dimensional standards.
- (6) Development of property within a PUD is subject to all applicable Town regulations such as: subdivision plan approvals, site plan approvals, and other permits and approvals required by Town ordinances. The installation of transportation infrastructure shall be required in developing areas of the PUD as needed to serve that portions of the PUD.

D. Procedure

- (1) A PUD zoning District shall be established through the process for rezoning property pursuant to the procedures for amendments as set forth in Article -- of this ordinance.
- (2) A pre-application meeting with the appropriate Town staff is required prior to formal submission of the application.

E. Requirements

- (1) Submittal of an application to rezone property to a PUD shall include submission of a Planned Unit Development District Master Plan (PUD Master Plan). The PUD and the PUD Master Plan shall be treated as a single item when acted on by the Town Board of Commissioners. The PUD Master Plan shall include the following:
 - a. a map, including parcel numbers, showing the parcels proposed for the PUD;
 - b. a topographic map(s) for the property included in the proposed PUD;
 - c. a list of permitted Uses proposed in the PUD;
 - d. the locations of the proposed Uses;
 - e. a summary of the amount, quantity, or gross density of those Uses proposed in the PUD;
 - f. a map(s) showing the locations of water bodies appearing on USGS or NRCS Soil Survey maps within or adjacent to the boundary of the proposed PUD;
 - g. a map(s) showing the locations of wetlands, stream Buffers, the 100 year floodplain, and slopes greater than 30%;
 - h. a utility plan that includes the type and general location of the proposed public utilities;

- i. a plan addressing stormwater within the proposed PUD;
- j. proposed land development standards/regulations for the PUD,

(2) The PUD Master Plan may include the following, as appropriate:

- a. a public service plan for the PUD that evaluates potential impacts on: police service, fire service, schools;
- b. a multi-modal transportation plan for the PUD that includes the location of existing and proposed major roads in and adjacent to the PUD. To the extent practicable, the on-site transportation system shall be integrated with the off-site transportation system shown on any adopted adjacent Comprehensive Transportation Plan.
- c. a plan for an on-site transportation systems that addresses vehicular, bicycle, transit and pedestrian circulation;
- d. the location of known historic Structures or sites within the PUD;
- e. a recreation and open space plan(s) that includes the locations and standards for open space and recreation areas within the PUD;
- f. a boundary Buffer plan showing transition treatments between the proposed PUD and adjacent properties;
- g. a plan for development phasing within the PUD.

(3) In addition the applicant may choose to include other items or plans. The elements of the PUD Master Plan may be presented in various forms and can include a combination of text and illustrations. The form(s) chosen shall clearly illustrate the elements of the PUD Master Plan being presented.

(4) The Town Administrator or Town Council may require a Traffic Impact Analysis (TIA) to be conducted by the applicant and submitted as part of the rezoning application.

(5) A mix of land Uses and/or residential character types may be included in the PUD zoning District. The PUD Master Plan shall identify how Uses will be mixed within the PUD. Uses may vary for and within areas or phases of the PUD and it is acknowledged that the mix of Uses may need to change over time.

F. Recreation Areas and Open Space

(1) General Requirement: The location and proposed amount of open space and recreation space shall be identified in the PUD Master Plan. The open space within a PUD may contain areas for both active and passive Uses. The PUD Master Plan shall consider adopted Town plans for greenways, recreation space, and open space, but may propose revisions, alternatives, and/or clarifications to this plan.

(2) Conservation and/or Preservation Areas: The PUD Master Plan shall provide for utilization of portions of the PUD that are subject to conservation

Easements or otherwise set aside for preservation, open space and/or recreation.

- (3) Management of Recreation Areas and Open Space: Because these areas may be placed under the control of a public entity such as the Town, or a private entity, such as a property owners association or the Montreat Conference Center, the PUD Master Plan shall identify which area are to be public and which are to be private. The PUD Master Plan shall include a management plan for those areas that will be privately controlled addressing long-term maintenance responsibility for these areas.

G. Landscaping and Buffers

- (1) Compliance with General Landscaping Requirements: Landscaping shall comply with the standards of Article IX of this ordinance, except that variations from or modifications to these standards may be permitted in accordance with the PUD Master Plan or when a site plan or subdivision plan is presented for approval. The proposed landscaping should ensure compatibility with land Uses on surrounding properties, create attractive Streetscapes and parking areas, and be consistent with the urban design objectives and/or character of the PUD.
- (2) Boundary Transitions: The PUD Master Plan shall include a plan(s) for the transition between those land Uses proposed within the PUD and those land Uses adjacent to the outer boundary of the PUD. These may include Buffers, specific compatible land Uses, and/or other transitions. These boundary transitions may be varied over their length and/or width.

H. Interpreting the PUD Master Plan

The Town Administrator, or Town Administrator's designee is authorized, when necessary, to interpret the development standards and/or plans contained in the PUD Master Plan. In such cases, the interpretation should be applied in a way that most closely meets the original intent of the PUD Master Plan.

I. Amendments to the PUD and PUD Master Plan

The Planned Unit Development District (PUD) and the Planned Development District Master Plan (PUD Master Plan) may be amended by the approval of a request to the Town Council. Amendments shall be established through the process for rezoning property pursuant to the procedures for amendments as set forth in Article -- of this ordinance.

ARTICLE VI – DEVELOPMENT PROVISIONS

600 **USE.** No Building, Structure or land shall hereafter be used or occupied and no Building or Structure or part thereof shall be erected, moved or structurally altered except in conformity with the regulations of this Ordinance for the Zoning District in which it is located.

600.1 No part of a Yard, off-Street Parking or Loading Space, or other open space required in connection with any Building for the purpose of complying with this Ordinance shall be used and included as part of a Yard, open space, or off-Street Parking or Loading Space similarly required for any other Building.

600.2 Rights-of-way or access Easements shall not be considered a part of a Lot or open space, or front, side, or rear Yard for the purpose of meeting Yard requirements.

601 **LOT REDUCTION PROHIBITED.** No Yard or Lot existing at the time of the passage of this Ordinance shall be reduced in dimension or area below the minimum requirement set herein. Yards or Lots created after the effective date of this Ordinance shall meet at least the minimum requirements set by this Ordinance.

602 **EVERY LOT MUST HAVE ACCESS TO A STREET.** No Building, Structure or Use of land shall be established on a Lot within the Town limits which does not have legal and physical vehicular access to a dedicated and accepted public Street.

In the Extraterritorial Jurisdiction, no Building, Structure or Use of land for other than agricultural purposes shall be established on a Lot which does not have legal and physical vehicular access to a dedicated and accepted public Street or to a platted roadway connected to a public Street.

For any Lot that does not abut a public Street or, in the case of the Extraterritorial Jurisdiction for any Lot that does not abut a public Street or platted roadway, no Building, Structure or Use of land shall be established on such Lot unless it has a legal Easement connecting such Lot with a public Street, which Easement must:

1. Have a minimum width of twelve feet (12’);
2. Be physically passable for vehicular traffic; and
3. Be an Easement of record and appurtenant to the Lot for which it provides access.

If the Street or platted roadway providing access to a proposed development does not meet the Town Street standards for public Streets, the developer shall make the necessary improvements to bring the Street or road up to such Town standards.

603 **MINIMUM LOT AREA.** The minimum Lot area shall be as specified in Article V for each Zoning District. In areas not served by a public or community sewer system, the minimum Lot area shall be determined by the Buncombe County Health Department. This minimum Lot area shall be that necessary for safe on-site waste disposal system, but in no case, shall the Lot be smaller than the required area for the Zoning District in which it is located.

604 **HEIGHT AND DENSITY.** No Structure shall hereafter be erected or altered so as to exceed the Density and height regulations of this Ordinance for the District in which it is located.

605 **ONE PRINCIPAL BUILDING PER LOT.** Every Building hereafter erected, moved or structurally altered shall be located on a Lot and in no case shall there be more than one (1) Principal Building and its Accessory Buildings on the Lot.

606 **ACCESSORY BUILDINGS AND USES.**

606.1 **GENERAL REQUIREMENTS.**

- 1) Accessory Buildings shall not be used as a Dwelling Unit.
- 2) In residential zoning Districts, no more than two (2) Accessory Buildings or Uses shall be permitted per Lot.
- 3) Accessory Buildings larger than six hundred (600) square feet including entrance and/or outside covered areas or exceeding ten (10) feet in height at eave line shall be permitted by Special Use permit only.
- 4) Accessory Buildings or Uses must meet the minimum Setbacks required by the respective zoning District. Garages shall be located only in the side or rear Yards, unless as permitted in Section 606.2, and must meet the minimum Setbacks required by the respective zoning District except under the provisions found in Section 606.2.
- 5) Accessory Buildings with any dimension greater than twelve feet (12') must meet the provisions of current NC State Residential Building Code.

606.2 **GARAGES IN FRONT YARD.** A residential property owner may apply for a Special Use Permit to build a Garage within the front Yard Setback subject to meeting all the following conditions:

- 1) The Zoning Administrator determines this will reduce damage to the natural topography, trees and natural green space, or where the topography will create a hardship that would result in significant damage to the topography, trees and plant life without such relief;

- 2) The materials used, meet or exceed the quality and appearance of the principal residence.
- 3) The Garage must be enclosed by an operable Garage door to be maintained in good working order, excluding carports.
- 4) The Garage doors shall be kept closed when the house is unoccupied for more than one day; and
- 5) The property owner agrees to maintain the Garage and its appearance to reasonably remain in the condition it is in when completed and approved by the Building Inspector. The Zoning Administrator shall determine when this provision has been violated.

606.3 **PORTABLE STORAGE CONTAINER.** In addition to meeting the general requirements found in Section 606.1, Portable Storage Containers shall meet the following conditions:

- 1) Portable Storage Containers shall not be located or placed within any Easements or Street rights-of-way without the written permission and authorization of the Town.
- 2) Portable Storage Containers are to be used for storage incidental to the principal Use on the same Lot. Storage containers shall not be used for retail sales or any other principal Use.
- 3) A Portable Storage Container shall be allowed on a property for a continuous period of no more than one hundred and eighty (180) days per twelve-month period. Exceptions to this time limit may be made by the Zoning Administrator.
- 4) In Residential Districts (R-1, R-2, R-3), Portable Storage Containers shall not be more than eight (8) feet in width and not more than twenty-four (24) feet in length.
- 5) For an active construction project in the Institutional/Residential (IR) and Institutional (I) Districts, Portable Storage Containers shall not be more than ten (10) feet in width and not more than forty (40) feet in length and shall be allowed on a property for a continuous period of no more than two hundred and ten (210) days per twelve-month period.

606.4 **REASONABLE ACCOMMODATION.** In addition to meeting the general requirements of Section 612.1, a property owner may erect or install Accessibility Features within the required Yard Setback, subject to meeting all the following conditions:

- 1) The proposed accessibility improvements shall provide “reasonable accommodations” to avoid discrimination against individuals with disabilities. The intrusion upon the Setback will not exceed that which is practically required as determined by the Zoning Administrator.
- 2) Expansion of, or addition to, Decks and other appurtenant Structures beyond what is deemed necessary by the Zoning Administrator to provide reasonable accommodation for accessibility shall not be permitted.
- 3) Accessibility improvements designed and sited to occupy a portion of Street Right-of-Way fronting the property served are also subject to review for Administrative Approval by the Town Administrator prior to application for the associated construction permits

607 **CORNER LOTS.** Any Structure on any Corner Lot shall comply with the minimum Setback (front Yard) requirements of the Street which it faces, and shall comply with fifty percent (50%) of the Minimum Front Yard Setback requirements on any other Street which the Corner Lot abuts. The Yard opposite the designated front Yard shall meet the minimum rear Yard requirements and the remaining Yard shall meet the Minimum Side Yard requirements. In case of doubt as to which Street a Structure faces, or if a Structure is built so as not to face any Street, the Zoning Administrator shall determine which Setback, side Yard and rear Yard requirements apply.

608 **DOUBLE FRONTAGE LOTS.** On Lots having frontage on two Streets, but not located on a corner, the Minimum Front Yard shall be provided on each Street in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance. On Lots having frontage on more than two Streets, the Minimum Front Yard shall be provided in accordance with the regulations set forth in this Ordinance on at least two of the Street frontages. The Minimum Front Yard on the other frontage or frontages may be reduced along the other Streets in accordance with the side Yard requirements of the Zoning District.

609 **SPECIAL FRONT YARD REQUIREMENTS IN DEVELOPED AREAS.** The front Setback requirements of this Ordinance shall not apply to any Lot where the average front Setback of already built-upon Lots located directly adjacent to, on either side of, and fronting on the same side of the Street as such Lot, is less than the minimum required front Setback for the District in which the Lot is located. In such case, the front Setback for such Lot may be less than the minimum required front Setback but not less than the average of the existing front Setbacks for the Lots located on each side of the subject Lot.

Should only one of the adjacent Lots have an existing Structure located upon it, which Structure is located less than the minimum required front Setback, and the other adjacent Lot either (a) has no Structure located upon it, or (b) has a Structure upon it which is located more than the minimum required Setback from the front Property Line, then, for averaging purposes, the minimum required front Setback shall be used for such other adjacent Lot.

Should there be only one buildable Lot adjacent to the subject Lot (for example, the subject is a Corner Lot, or adjoins a public space, etc.) and should the sole adjacent Lot have an existing Structure located upon it, which Structure is located less than the minimum required front Setback, then the minimum required front Setback for the subject Lot shall be the same as the existing front Setback for the sole adjacent Lot.

Provided, however, in no event shall the minimum required front Setback be less than fifteen (15) feet.

- 610 **NUISANCES AND HAZARDS AT BUILDING SITES.** The holder of any Building Permit issued by the Town Building Inspector shall be responsible for maintaining the corresponding construction site free of rubbish, hazards, and unsightly conditions from the beginning of construction until occupancy. The Zoning Administrator (or his or her designee) or the Building Inspector shall determine if a hazardous or unsightly condition exists and notify the holder of the Building Permit of a potential violation of this ordinance. The Town shall begin enforcement action if the situation is not corrected to the satisfaction of the Zoning Administrator within seven (7) days of notification. (For General Nuisances refer to the Montreat Code of General Ordinances, Chapter I, Article I.)

611 **MANUFACTURED HOMES.**

611.1 **PURPOSE.** To establish review guidelines for manufactured homes in order to insure that such homes will meet certain specifications and will provide pleasant living conditions while protecting adjacent property.

611.2 **LOCATION.** Any manufactured home established as a residence within the Town of Montreat after the adoption of this Ordinance may be located on a Lot in the R-1 Residential Zoning District. Manufactured homes used as residences on individual Lots shall be considered principal Uses for the purposes of this Ordinance and shall be subject to the criteria set forth in Section 623.4-5 below.

611.3 **EXEMPTIONS.** Manufactured homes on Lots may be exempt from the criteria in Section 623.4-5 providing that a valid Temporary Manufactured Home Placement permit is obtained from the Zoning Administrator. Each permit, when granted, shall be for one (1) calendar month, after which said permit can be renewed provided the below criteria are met.

611.31 When fire, flood, or other natural catastrophe makes an existing Single-Family Dwelling uninhabitable, the Zoning Administrator shall allow a manufactured home to be used on the same Lot as a temporary residence for a period not to exceed six (6) months.

611.32 During the active construction period of any construction project, the Zoning Administrator shall allow a manufactured home on the same Lot by the owner of the Lot for a period not to exceed twelve (12) months or the active construction period, whichever is less.

611.4 **CLASSES OF MANUFACTURED HOMES.** For the purposes of this Ordinance, manufactured homes shall be classed as follows: A manufactured home must meet all of the restrictions outlined under a particular class before it may be classified either A, B, or C.

611.41 **Class A.** This class of manufactured home shall be allowed as a Use by right in the R-1 Zoning District. In order for a manufactured home to be placed within this class, it must adhere to the following standards:

- 1) The unit must comply with National Manufactured Home Construction and Safety Standards adopted by the U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development;
- 2) The unit must comply with the appearance criteria set forth in Section 623.5; and
- 3) The unit must not exceed a length to width ratio of 3:1.

611.42 **Class B.** This class of manufactured home shall be allowed as a Special Use in the R-1 Zoning District. In order for a manufactured home to be placed within this class, it must adhere to the following standards:

- 1) The unit must comply with National Manufactured Home Construction and Safety Standards adopted by the U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development;
- 2) The unit must comply with the appearance criteria set forth in Section 623.5; and

3) The unit must not exceed a length to width ratio of 4:1.

609.43 Class C. This class shall not be allowed in the Town of Montreat, except for Use by a temporary business as outlined in Section 623.34 above, and shall include all manufactured homes which cannot be classified as either Class A or Class B manufactured home.

611.5 **APPEARANCE CRITERIA.** Class A and Class B manufactured homes must meet the following criteria. Before issuing a Certificate of Occupancy for a Class A or a Class B manufactured home, the Zoning Administrator must certify the home meets the following appearance criteria.

611.51 Chassis Removal. The home shall have wheels, axles, transporting lights and towing apparatus removed.

611.52 Foundation. A continuous primarily masonry foundation, unpierced except for required ventilation and access shall be installed under all elements of the Structure. Footings for walls shall be below the frost line. The ground surface below the foundation shall be protected with a poly vapor barrier. Installation shall include a positive surface water drainage away from the home.

611.53 Roofing. The home shall have a pitched roof and the roofing material must be compatible with residential construction within the area in which it is located.

611.54 Exterior Finish. The exterior materials shall be of a color, material, and scale comparable with those existing in residential construction within the area which it is located and in no case shall the degree of reflectivity of exterior finishes exceed that of gloss white paint. Siding, trim, and features should be compatible with those existing in residential construction within the area in which it is located.

612 **REGULATIONS FOR CUT AND FILL SLOPES.** Cut and fill slopes shall not exceed a 1:1 cut and 1.5:1 (horizontal distance: vertical distance). However, if stable exposed rock is the intended result, the cut and/or fill slope may be increased with approval of the Zoning Administrator and supporting recommendation from a North Carolina-registered professional engineer

613 **DRAINAGE.** A culvert of sufficient capacity or other means of drainage to control storm water runoff is required for each driveway or roadway connected to any public or private road in the Town of Montreat. Consultation is required with the Public Works Director regarding the type, material, placement, and method of installation of each such drainage facility. Written plans for drainage will be submitted to the Zoning Administrator for zoning compliance approval.

611.1 **Sedimentation Control.** All land disturbing activity is to be planned and conducted so as to prevent off-site sedimentation and storm water runoff damage.

614 **AGRICULTURAL USES.** Agricultural enterprises are allowed in certain Districts in the Town. Such Uses are allowed with the understanding by the Town that the land will be managed in such a way as to generate no off-site adverse effects such as sedimentation or other water pollution. As a general rule, grazing a horse on less than two acres is likely to produce such adverse effects. The Town Zoning Administrator is authorized to investigate reports of adverse off-site impacts of any land Use and to report such activities to appropriate regulatory agencies.

615 **PARKING AND STORAGE OF TRAVEL TRAILERS, CAMPERS AND RECREATIONAL VEHICLES.**

615.1 **PARKING ON PRIVATE PROPERTY.** No travel trailer, camper or recreational vehicle shall be used as a residence in the Town.

- 1) Exceptions to the requirements of this section shall be made for any visitor of a resident of the Town when the visitor parks the travel trailer, camper, or recreational vehicle on property of the Town resident, with the permission of the resident and for a period not to exceed seven (7) days per year. No more than one such travel trailer, camper, or recreational vehicle occupied by visitors shall be allowed to park on any Lot in the Town.
- 2) The provisions of this section shall not be interpreted to prevent the storage or occasional use of a vacant travel trailer, camper, or recreational vehicle at a residence in the Town by the owner of that residence. Occasional use shall mean not more than seven days in succession nor more than four times in a twelve month period.
- 3) No travel trailer, camper, or recreational vehicle shall be offered for rent or lease on a short or long term basis in the Town.

615.2 **PARKING ON PUBLIC PROPERTY PROHIBITED.** No person shall park a travel trailer, camper, or recreational vehicle for the purpose of overnight habitation on any public property in the Town including but not limited to public Streets, Street rights-of-way, walkways, sidewalks, parking Lots, and any other public area.

616 **APPROVAL FOR CONSTRUCTION IN RIGHTS-OF-WAY.** Town rights-of-way are reserved for public purposes such as Streets, Street shoulders, utility lines, Alleys, future Street improvements, bikeways, walkways, driveway connections, drainage, and plantings for beautification. Any and all construction in public rights-of-way is prohibited without the prior written permission of the Town Administrator. At the discretion of the Zoning Official and the Town Administrator, private construction projects that produce a public benefit may be allowed in public rights-of-way (for example: a retaining wall that keeps a drainage ditch clear.) No private improvements on public rights-of-way shall be allowed which will interfere with existing or future public benefits of public rights-of-way.

617 **DRIVEWAY CONNECTIONS.** To the greatest extent practicable, and unless otherwise approved by the Town, driveway connections to public Streets shall be made within the adjacent frontage area described by lines extending perpendicular from the Street side to the nearest property corners. If existing conditions or other factors, including but not limited to excessively steep gradient or stormwater control considerations pose inordinate difficulty for, or preclude, a driveway connection to the public Street solely within the frontage area described above, application shall be made to the Board of Adjustment seeking a Variance from the provisions stated herein. The Variance requirement shall be waived if an Easement is granted by the neighboring landowners(s) permitting driveway access through the grantor's Lot.

618 **FENCES.**

618.1 **NEW FENCE REQUIREMENTS.** All new Fences installed after the effective date of this Ordinance shall comply with the following requirements:

1. Except for front yard Fences permitted by subsection 2) below, Fences shall be installed in the area comprised by (a) the rear yard of a Lot, and (b) that portion of the side yards of the Lot extending from (i) lines drawn from each of the front corners of the Principal Building on the Lot to the nearest side Property Line at its nearest point, to (ii) the rear Property Line. Provided, however, that in the event the rear Property Line or the side Property Line of a Lot is adjacent to a Street, no portion of the Fence shall be located in the Minimum Rear Yard or Minimum Side Yard, as applicable.
2. Decorative Fences shall be permitted in front yards provided (a) they are of picket construction, and (b) they are not constructed higher than thirty-six inches (36") above natural grade. In Institutional and Institutional/Residential

Zoning Districts, the Zoning Administrator may approve opaque Fences constructed higher than thirty-six inches (36") in front yards which screen propane tanks, HVAC equipment and similar unsightly Building appurtenances so long as landscaping is installed in accordance with the requirements set forth in subsection 3) below to provide a visual buffer from public view.

3. For Fences facing Streets (including without limitation Fences constructed in side yards facing Streets), landscaping vegetation shall be installed so that no more than one-third ($1/3^{\text{rd}}$) of the exterior Fence surface area shall be visible from the Street within three (3) years. No more than forty percent (40%) of the landscaping material may be deciduous. Decorative Fences that are at least thirty percent (30%) open shall be exempt from this landscaping requirement.
4. Fences shall be constructed of the following materials: (i) wood of natural color, white (or other light color matching the exterior of the Dwelling on the applicable Lot), black, dark green or brown, (ii) metal (except for chain link or wire), plastic or composite materials designed for residential fencing purposes and colored white (or other light color matching the exterior color of the Dwelling on the applicable Lot), black, dark green or brown, (iii) chain link or other wire material designed for residential fencing purposes and colored black, dark green or brown, or (iv) brick, stone, cast-stone or decorative block. Colors other than white (or other light color matching the exterior color of the Dwelling on the applicable Lot), black, dark green and brown may be utilized if approved by the Zoning Administrator.
5. Fences shall not be constructed higher than five feet (5') above natural grade, except and provided that in Institutional and Institutional/Residential Zoning Districts, the Board of Adjustment may approve as a Special Use Fences constructed higher than constructed five feet (5') either (i) in front yards as provided in subsection 2) above, or (ii) in side or rear yards to screen propane tanks, HVAC equipment and similar unsightly Building appurtenances or for special security or safety needs, so long as landscaping is install in accordance with the requirements set forth in subsection 3) above to provide a visual buffer.
6. No Fence shall be constructed in a drainage easement without the permission of the Zoning Administrator.
7. No Fence shall be constructed in a utility easement without the permission of all utility companies that operate and maintain lines and/or facilities in the easement.

8. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, no Fence shall be located, constructed or maintained in such a way as to obstruct the view of motorists or pedestrians using any streets, private driveways, parking aisles or the approach to any street intersection, or otherwise so as to constitute a traffic hazard.

618.2 PROHIBITED FENCES.

1. Electrically charged Fences and sharp metal or glass Fences are prohibited.
2. Barbed wire Fences are prohibited except only for special security or safety needs (such as to limit access to high towers, electrical high voltage sites, hazardous equipment and the like).

618.3 EXISTING FENCES. All existing fencing that is replaced shall meet the requirements for new fencing. Without limiting the generality of the immediately preceding sentence, except in the event of casualty, no existing chain link Fence may be replaced by a new chain link Fence.

619 REGULATIONS FOR SPECIAL USE PERMITS. The development standards listed herein are additional to other requirements in this Ordinance. These development standards are Use-specific and apply to those Uses requiring approval of a Special Use (designated with a 'S' in the Table of Permitted Uses, Section 500). Such Uses shall be subject to these standards as well as any additional standards or conditions required by the Special Use Permit.

619.1 OBJECTIVES AND PURPOSE. Permitted Special Uses add flexibility to the Zoning Ordinance. Subject to good planning and design standards, certain Uses of property are allowed in specified Districts where those Uses would not otherwise be acceptable. By means of controls exercised through the Special Use Permit procedures, Uses of property, which would otherwise be undesirable in certain Districts, can be developed to minimize any harmful effects they might have on surrounding properties.

The Uses for which Special Use Permits are required are listed in the Table of Permitted Uses.

619.2 PROCEDURES FOR SPECIAL USE PERMITS APPROVED BY THE BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT. A Special Use Permit may be issued by the Zoning Administrator after approval by the Board of Adjustment for the Uses as designated in the Table of Permitted Uses, Section 500. All applications for Special Use Permits shall be submitted in accordance with application requirements. Once the application has been determined complete, the Zoning Administrator shall schedule a Public Hearing.

The Board of Adjustment shall hold a public hearing prior to rendering a decision on the Special Use Permit, and if approved, shall include approval

of such plans as may be required. In approving the permit, the Board of Adjustment shall find:

- (A) That the Use will not materially harm the public health, safety or general welfare if located where proposed and developed according to the plan as submitted and approved;
- (B) That the Use meets all the required and applicable development standards and conditions;
- (C) That the Use will not substantially injure the value of adjoining or abutting property; and,
- (D) That the location and character of the Use, if developed according to the plan as submitted and approved, will be in harmony with the area in which it is to be located,
- (E) and be in general conformity with the adopted policies and plans, including the Comprehensive Plan of the Town of Montreat.

619.3 **PUBLIC HEARING.** Notice of hearings conducted pursuant to this section shall be mailed to the person or entity whose appeal, application, or request is the subject of the hearing; to the owner of the property that is the subject of the hearing if the owner did not initiate the hearing; to the owners of all parcels of land within 250 feet of the parcel of land that is the subject of the hearing; and to other persons as may be required or necessary. In the absence of evidence to the contrary, the city may rely on the county tax listing to determine owners of property entitled to mailed notice. The notice must be deposited in the mail at least 10 days, but not more than 25 days, prior to the date of the hearing. Within that same time period, the city shall also prominently post a notice of the hearing on the site that is the subject of the hearing or on an adjacent Street or highway Right-of-Way.

- (A) The Zoning Administrator shall mail written notice of the public hearing to the owners of all properties involved in the permit request as well as the owners of all properties or any portion of properties within 250 feet of the property involved in the permit request.
- (B) The Zoning Administrator shall also post a notice Sign(s), at least 10 but not more than 25 days prior to the public hearing, on the property affected and/or in the vicinity stating the information included (A) above.
- (C) The Zoning Administrator shall make every reasonable effort to comply with the notice provisions set forth in this Section. However, it is the Board of Adjustment intention that no failure to comply with any of the notice provisions shall render any permit request invalid.

- (D) At the conclusion of the public hearing, the Board of Adjustment may proceed to vote on the permit request, refer it to a committee for further study, or take any other action consistent with its usual rules of procedure.
- (E) The Board of Adjustment is not required to take final action on a Permit request within any specific period of time, but it should proceed as expeditiously as practicable on permit requests since inordinate delays can result in the applicant incurring unnecessary costs.
- (F) The Board of Adjustment, shall approve the requested permit unless it concludes, based upon the information submitted at the hearing, that:
 - (1) The requested permit is not within its jurisdiction according to the Table of Permissible Uses; or
 - (2) The application is incomplete; or
 - (3) If completed as proposed in the application, the development will not comply with one or more requirements of this Ordinance.
- (G) Even if the Board of Adjustment finds that the application complies with all other provisions of this Ordinance, it may still deny the permit if it concludes, based upon the information submitted at the hearing, that if completed as proposed, the development, more probably than not:
 - (1) Will materially harm the public health or safety; or
 - (2) Will substantially injure the value of adjoining or abutting property; or
 - (3) Will not be in harmony with the area in which it is to be located; or
 - (4) Will not be in general conformity with the land development plan or other plans officially adopted by the Town Council.
- (H) The burden of presenting a complete application to the Board of Adjustment shall be upon the applicant. However, unless the Board informs the applicant at the hearing in what way the application is incomplete and offers the applicant an opportunity to complete the application (either at that meeting or at a continuation hearing), the application shall be presumed to be complete. Once a completed

application has been submitted, which shall include a presentation by the applicant, if competent, material and substantial evidence that the applicant has complied with the requirements of the ordinance, made a "prima facie" (based on immediate impression) case with respect to Use, specific findings, and is entitled to a permit, the burden of presenting competent, material and substantial evidence "contra" to the application rests with those parties opposed to the application.

- (I) The burden of persuasion on the issue of whether the development, if completed as proposed, will comply with the requirements of this Ordinance remains at all times on the applicant. The burden of persuasion on the issue of whether the application should be turned down for any of the reasons set forth in Subsection (H) rests on the party or parties urging that the requested permit should be denied.

619.4 **CONDITIONS.** In approving the Special Use Permit, the Board of Adjustment may impose such conditions as will, in its opinion, assure that the Use in its proposed location will be harmonious and with the spirit and intent of this Ordinance. All such additional conditions shall be entered in the minutes of the meeting at which the Special Use Permit is granted and also onto the Special Use Permit and on the plans submitted therewith. All conditions shall run with the land and shall be binding on the original applicant for the Special Use Permit, its heirs, successors and assigns. In order to ensure that such conditions and requirements of each Special Use Permit will be fulfilled, the petitioner for the Special Use Permit may be required to provide physical improvements required as a basis for the issuance of the Special Use Permit.

While considering said application, the Board of Adjustment may request technical reports from experts and analysis from government agencies.

If the Board of Adjustment denies the Special Use Permit, the reasons therefore shall be entered in the minutes of the meeting at which the permit is denied.

In addition to the specific conditions required and whatever additional conditions the Board of Adjustment deems to be reasonable and appropriate, Special Uses shall comply with the height, Yard, area and parking regulations of the zone in which they are located.

In the event of failure to comply with the plans approved by the Board of Adjustment, or with any conditions imposed upon the Special Use Permit, the permit shall thereupon immediately become void and of no effect. No building permits for further construction or Certificate of Occupancy/Compliance under the Special Use Permit shall be issued, and the

Use of all completed Structures shall immediately cease and not thereafter be Used for any purpose other than a Use as permitted by the zone in which the property is located.

Where plans are required to be submitted and approved as part of the application for a Special Use Permit, modifications of the original plans may be made by the Board of Adjustment.

620 **ACCESSORY DWELLING UNITS.** The purpose of an Accessory Dwelling Unit is to:

- (a) Provide flexible housing options for residents and their families;
- (b) Integrate affordable housing into the community with minimal negative impact;
- (c) Provide elderly citizens with the opportunity to retain their homes and age in place.

620.1 **STANDARDS**

1. An Accessory Dwelling Unit shall be located only on a residential Lot containing one Single-Family detached Structure. The residential Lot may contain other accessory Structures as provided in this ordinance.
2. Only one Accessory Dwelling Unit shall be permitted per Lot.
3. Accessory Structures shall not exceed the height of the principal Structure.
4. The accessory Dwelling shall meet the appropriate Setbacks.
5. The accessory Dwelling shall be clearly subordinate to the main Structure.
6. The Accessory Dwelling Unit must contain complete kitchen facilities including a stove or cook top and a full bath including lavatory, water closet, and tub or shower (or combination).
7. At least one Parking Space shall be provided in addition to those required for the principal Dwelling.
8. Manufactured housing, campers, travel trailers and recreational vehicles are not permitted for Use as an accessory Dwelling.
9. An Accessory Dwelling Unit shall be occupied by no more than four (4) persons.

621 **HOME OCCUPATION.**

621.1 No person other than members of the Family residing on the premises shall be engaged in such occupation; except one non-resident employee may work in the Home Occupation.

621.2 The Use of the Dwelling Unit for the Home Occupation shall be clearly incidental and subordinate to its Use for residential purposes by its occupants, and not more than fifty percent (50%) of the FloorArea of the Dwelling Unit shall be used in the conduct of the Home Occupation;

621.3 There shall be no change in the outside appearance of the Building or premises, or other Visible evidence of the conduct of such Home Occupation other than one (1) non-illuminated Sign, not exceeding a four (4) square foot area.

621.4 No traffic shall be generated by such Home Occupation in greater volume than would normally be expected in a residential neighborhood, and any need for parking generated by the conduct of such Home Occupation shall be met off the Street and other than in a required front Yard Setback.

ARTICLE VII – PARKING AND LOADING REGULATIONS

700 **GENERAL STATEMENT.** The Town of Montreat is a unique community that features and includes: (i) a conference center; (ii) a college, (ii) inns, (iii) gymnasiums, playgrounds, tennis courts and other athletic and recreational facilities; (iv) scenic areas and trails; (v) offices and other supporting facilities; and (vi) residential areas for single and Multi-Family Use, dormitories and apartments (collectively the “Usages”). Many of these facilities and the parking lots, spaces, Structures and facilities that support them have existed for decades and it would be difficult and expensive for the owners and/or operators thereof to add or reconfigure onsite and offsite parking beyond that which is presently in Use and serving such facilities. Therefore, it is the intention of the Town of Montreat that as to all of the present Usages, the parking serving such Usages be deemed to be conforming to the maximum extent, and only with respect to construction of additional Structures or substantial expansion, modification or alteration of existing Usages, will additional parking be required and in such cases the provisions of this Ordinance shall apply. It is also noted that in many cases parking facilities for conference center and college buildings can be combined to support more than one facility or Usage, instead of new or additional spaces being required for each separate Building or facility. It is the intention of the Town of Montreat that Off-Street Parking areas shall be required at the time of initial construction of any new Building or at the time of any expansion of an existing Building that produces an increase in Dwelling Units, guest rooms, Floor Area, seating or bed capacity, or when a conversion in Use occurs. Such off-Street parking areas shall be provided and maintained in accordance with the requirements set forth herein.

The requirement for additional off-Street parking areas to supplement existing parking shall apply to new construction or modifications to existing Buildings resulting in increases in Net Floor Area or changes in Use or occupancy classification. The requirement for additional parking shall be based upon the increased net floor area or change only and related solely to the need for increased parking resulting from the increases in net floor area or changes in Use or occupancy classification.

701 **PARKING AREA CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS.** With the exception of Sections 701.1 and 701.6 below, Single- and Two-Family residential Uses shall be exempt from the parking area construction standards unless specifically referenced. As stated in Section 700 above, entrances, Parking Spaces/areas, aisles or driveways in existence prior to adoption of this Ordinance which do not meet the specific provisions contained herein shall nevertheless be considered to be conforming, and may be continued or maintained.

701.1 **PARKING SPACE REQUIREMENTS.** For the purpose of this Ordinance, Parking Space dimensions (other than those designed to be handicap accessible) shall be as follows:

701.11 A standard car Parking Space is nine feet (9') wide and eighteen feet (18') long.

701.12 A compact car Parking Space is eight feet (8') wide and sixteen feet (16') long.

701.13 Parallel Parking Space dimensions shall be a minimum of eight feet (8') wide and twenty feet (20') long.

701.2 **ENTRANCES (SOMETIMES "AISLE") AND DRIVEWAY WIDTHS.** No two-way entrance aisle or driveway shall be greater than twenty-four feet (24') wide. In no event shall an entrance be greater than twelve feet (12') for one-way traffic.

701.3 **SURFACING.**

701.31 All vehicular Parking Spaces shall be constructed of durable, dustless surface as defined herein unless otherwise approved by the Zoning Administrator and shall comply with the remaining requirements of this section for durable, dustless surfaces.

701.32 The installation of a durable, dustless surface may be temporarily delayed upon approval of the Zoning Administrator whenever it can be shown by the property owner or developer that the permanent size, shape or location of the parking area cannot be determined until the construction of a Building or permanent development of the property is completed. In those instances where a nondurable, non-dustless surface is approved, such surface shall at all times be maintained in good condition and free of ruts, potholes and vegetation. Failure to properly maintain such area shall be sufficient cause for the Zoning Administrator to require the owner to construct a durable, dustless surface.

701.33 For the purposes of this Section, a durable, dustless surface shall be constructed of concrete, asphalt, macadam, brick or similar material or special paving brick or block or structural grid material of such design as to permit the passage of water freely through the brick or block or permit the cultivation of grass within the voids thereof.

701.34 Loose stone or compacted stone without a suitable bonding agent may be acceptable as a durable, dustless surface if incorporated as part of an approved engineered pervious surface designed to accept the associated vehicular loads.

- 701.4 **CURBING.** The Town of Montreat encourages Low Impact Development (LID) and other innovative stormwater management techniques. Conventional curbing may be waived by the Town if alternative designs are approved and incorporated to encourage sheet flow drainage into pervious areas, or otherwise designed as part of an overall engineered stormwater retention/treatment system. All non-exempt residential and non-residential paved parking areas not utilizing approved alternative techniques shall be curbed using a standard curb with a minimum width of 6" and may include a horizontal drain support/gutter having a minimum width of one (1) foot.

Off-Street parking areas shall be designed so that parked vehicles do not encroach upon or extend onto public rights-of-way, sidewalks, or allow vehicles to strike against or damage any wall, vegetation, utility, or other Structure. Such off-Street parking areas shall be provided and maintained in accordance with the requirements set forth herein.

- 701.5 **MARKINGS AND SIGNAGE.** All non-exempt residential and non-residential paved Parking Spaces/areas shall be clearly delineated and identified by Use of reflective paint, signage or other durable surface treatment as approved by the Town. Signage shall be Engineering Grade Prismatic (EGP) reflective finish designed in compliance with the current effective Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) available for review at the Town Services Office. Accessible spaces for Use by persons with disabilities shall be provided in conformity with the current effective North Carolina State Building Code and ADA standards. Compact car, bicycle, and other special-Use Parking Spaces, if constructed or erected, shall be clearly identified and located to facilitate Use by residents and/or the public.

Parking areas shall be constructed with a well-maintained traffic directional system and proper drainage.

- 701.6 **STORMWATER MANAGEMENT.** All newly-installed parking lots, regardless of surfacing, shall retain stormwater onsite or direct flows to systems designed to effectively remove pollutants and promote infiltration and recharge of the subsurface aquifer.
- 701.7 **LANDSCAPING.** Landscaping requirements are set forth in Section 631 of this Ordinance Code.

701.8 **PERMITTED SLOPE.** With respect to new construction: (i) no grade within a commercial or institutional parking area (excluding portions thereof used for driveway purposes) shall exceed sixteen percent (16%) slope; and (ii) residential parking areas shall not exceed twenty percent (20%) slope. Driveway areas that exceed 20% slope and/or which do not provide adequate turnaround width for parked vehicles shall not be included in calculation of required Parking Spaces. Accessible Parking Spaces, as defined by the current effective North Carolina State Building Code and ADA standards shall not exceed a surface slope of two percent (2%) at any point.

702 **OFF-STREET PARKING SPACE REQUIREMENTS.** Off-Street Parking Space shall be provided for Uses listed below as specified.

702.1 **SINGLE-FAMILY DWELLINGS, TWO FAMILY DWELLINGS, AND MULTI-FAMILY DWELLINGS.** The total number of required Parking Spaces for residential Structures shall be calculated by considering heated square footage as follows: Two (2) spaces required per Dwelling Unit up to 2500 square feet. One (1) additional space required for each additional 1000 square feet or portion thereof above 2500. For existing residential Structures as of the date of adoption of this Ordinance, one (1) additional Parking Space shall be required for each 1000 square feet (or portion thereof in excess of 500 square feet) that is added to the Structure. By way of example, if 500-1499 square feet is added, one (1) additional space is required; if 1500-2499 square feet is added, two (2) additional spaces are required.

702.2 **BED AND BREAKFASTS, BOARDING HOUSES, AND HOTELS.** A minimum of one (1) standard car Parking Space for resident owner or manager is required, and a minimum of one (1) standard space per Dwelling Unit or rooming unit. Ten percent (10%) of the total number of required standard spaces may be met through installation of compact car spaces.

702.3 **DORMITORIES.** One (1) standard space is required per each two (2) persons in the dorm based on full occupancy. Ten percent (10%) of the total number of required standard spaces may be met through installation of compact spaces.

702.4 **OTHER OCCUPANCIES/USES.** One (1) standard space is required per 1,000 square feet of Gross Floor Area. Ten percent (10%) of the total number of required standard spaces may be met through installation of compact car spaces.

703 **BICYCLE PARKING.** Providing for bicycle parking is encouraged but not required.

704 **SHARED PARKING.** Shared parking may be approved under the following conditions:

704.1 Adjacent parking areas serving non-residential Buildings must be interconnected.

704.2 Ordinarily only two (2) facilities/Buildings that meet the conditions stated in this section may request shared parking for a given parking lot/area, but the Zoning Administrator may approve shared parking for more than two (2) Buildings pursuant to a plan approved by the Zoning Adjustment Board.

704.3 Where vehicular access is provided between adjoining non-residential Uses and the operating hours of adjoining Uses do not overlap, all of the required Parking Spaces (up to 100%) may be shared. For example, if a church, theater, assembly hall or other Use with peak hours of attendance at night or on Sundays, is located next to another Use or Uses that are closed at night or on Sundays, both Uses may be able to take advantage of this option.

704.4 If the operating hours of two (2) adjoining non-residential Uses overlap five or fewer hours each day, half of the required Parking Spaces (up to 50%) may be shared.

704.5 Where shared parking is being utilized to satisfy the parking requirements for new construction or the expansion of existing facilities/Buildings, the owners of the adjoining Uses shall have shared parking Easements or agreements in place providing them with an enforceable legal right to Use the shared spaces as represented to the Town.

705 **USE OF PUBLIC STREETS FOR PARKING.** When determining parking area requirements for individual Uses, portions of public Streets may not be considered as permissible for parking unless part of an overall parking plan developed to accommodate new construction, alterations to, or changes in Use of, existing Buildings, and as provided for below:

705.1 Requests for approval of new parallel parking or diagonal Parking Spaces in the I and I/R Districts of Town are subject to review and approval on a case-by-case basis by the Town Administrator

705.2 Residential Buildings may meet or contribute to meeting motor vehicle parking requirements with on-Street parking if individual driveways are minimized and the fronting Street is sized or specifically designed to accommodate the parking needs of residential Buildings. On-Street parking shall be permitted by the Town Administrator. Owners of residential Buildings who Use public Street Parking Spaces are subject to the following provisions: (i) their Use of public Street Parking Spaces is non-exclusive and continued access by the public shall be maintained; and (ii) no private signage shall be permitted that restricts public Use of designated on-Street Parking Spaces or areas.

706 **STRUCTURED PARKING.** Above or below-ground Structured parking shall be permitted in accordance with a plan approved by the Zoning Adjustment Board.

707 **OFF-STREET LOADING REGULATIONS.** Every Building, excluding Single-Family, Two-Family and Multi-Family Dwellings, shall provide space indicated herein for the loading and unloading of vehicles off the Street. Such space shall have access to an Alley or if there is no Alley, to a Street. Required space shall be considered as follows:

707.1 Multi-Family Dwellings with more than ten Dwelling Units: One (1) Loading Space.

707.2 All other Uses: Each applicant shall submit a Loading Space and driveway plan with data demonstrating the adequacy of the facilities proposed in the plan. The plan is subject to approval of the Zoning Administrator.

ARTICLE VIII – SIGNAGE

801 **PURPOSE.** The purposes of this Article are: (i) to permit such Signs in the Town of Montreat that will not, by their reason, size, location, construction, or manner of display, confuse or mislead the public, obstruct the vision necessary for traffic safety, or otherwise endanger public health and safety; and (ii) to permit and regulate Signs in such a way as to support and complement land-Use objectives set forth in the Zoning Ordinance for the Town of Montreat.

802 **GENERAL REGULATIONS.** The following regulations shall apply to all Signs in all Zoning Districts:

802.1 **COMPLIANCE.** No Sign of any type shall be constructed, erected, painted, posted, placed, replaced, or hung in any District except in compliance with this Ordinance.

802.2 **MAINTENANCE.** All Signs, together with braces, guys and supports shall at all times be kept in good repair. If at any time a Sign should become unsafe or poorly maintained, the Zoning Administrator shall send written notice to the owner of the Sign that the Sign must be repaired, maintained or removed. Upon failure of the owner to correct such condition within thirty (30) days of such notice, the Zoning Administrator shall proceed with enforcement action pursuant to Section 801.9.

802.3 **REMOVAL OF OBSOLETE SIGNS.** Signs identifying establishments no longer in existence, products no longer being sold, and service no longer being rendered shall be removed from the premises within ten (10) days from the date of termination of such activities. Temporary Signs, pole-mounted banners giving notice of seasonal or special events, and political Signs shall be removed within two (2) days after termination of the event or election advertised. Upon failure of the owner of these Signs to remove such Signs within the prescribed time period, the Zoning Administrator shall proceed with enforcement action pursuant to Section 810.9.

802.4 **MEASUREMENT OF AREA; HEIGHT.** Sign area shall be computed by means of the smallest square, circle, rectangle, triangle, or combination thereof which will encompass the entire advertising copy or art designed to attract attention including borders and other architectural embellishments. Sign height shall be measured from the Street grade of the closest point in the Street along which the Sign is located or the average grade at the base of the Sign, whichever is higher, to the highest point of the Sign Structure.

802.5 **BUILDING CODE COMPLIANCE.** All commercial Signs shall fully comply with the requirements of the North Carolina State Building Code and National Electrical Code (NEC). A Building permit shall be required for any projecting Sign attached to a Building or Structure which has a surface area in excess of six (6) square feet. An electrical permit is required for any internally or externally illuminated Sign powered by electrical sources regulated by requirements of the NEC.

802.6 **SIGN SETBACK REQUIREMENTS.** No projecting portion of any free-standing Sign may be located closer than two feet (2') to any vehicular or pedestrian traveled way. For the purposes of this Ordinance, house numbers and nameplates shall be exempt from this Setback requirement.

802.7 **ILLUMINATION OF SIGNS.** Unless otherwise expressly prohibited, Signs may be illuminated from above at a downward angle provided that lighting directed toward a Sign shall be shielded in such a manner as to illuminate only the face of the Sign, and shall not project light into any portion of the traveled roadway or toward neighboring Buildings.

802.8 **SIGN PERMIT REQUIRED.** A Sign permit, issued by the Zoning Administrator shall be required for all Signs except those specified in Section 803 and 804. No permit shall be issued until the Zoning Administrator inspects plans for such Signs and determines that they are in accordance with the requirements contained in this Article. The fee schedule for Sign permits shall be set forth in the Town of Montreat Fee Schedule.

802.9 **ENFORCEMENT OF REGULATIONS.** Any Sign constructed after the date of enactment of this Article or any Sign maintained in a non-conforming manner shall be subject to the following actions:

801.91 **Notice.** The Zoning Administrator shall notify in writing the following persons of the non-conforming Sign:

1. The owner of the Sign;
2. The owner of the property on which the Sign is located; and;
3. The occupant of the property on which the Sign is located.
4. Notice shall be given to the above persons that the non-conforming condition must be corrected within thirty (30) days from the date of notification.

801.92 **Penalties.** Penalties for these requirements are specified in Section 308.

801.93 Appeals. Any person having an interest in a Sign found to be non-conforming, or the property on which it is located, may appeal to the Board of Adjustment a determination by the Zoning Administrator ordering removal or compliance, as provided in Section 310 of this Ordinance.

801.94 Removal. If the non-conforming Sign has not been removed or brought into compliance with the provisions of this Ordinance within the allotted thirty (30) days and if no appeal has been taken, as specified above, then said Sign shall be removed by the Town and the cost of removal shall be billed to the owner of the Sign.

801.95 Failure to Pay Removal Costs. (a) Pursuant to N.C.G.S. § 160A-193, if the Zoning Administrator determines that a Sign removed by the Town was dangerous or prejudicial to the public health or safety and the owner of the Sign has not paid the costs of removal within 30 days of the billing date, then a lien in the amount of the costs of removal shall be placed on the real property where the removed Sign was located, and shall be collected as unpaid ad valorem property taxes. (b) If no determination of danger or prejudice to the public health or safety is made, then the costs of removal shall be collected by the Town in a civil action in the nature of a debt.

803 **PROHIBITED SIGNS**. The following Signs are prohibited, unless otherwise expressly permitted in this Ordinance:

803.1 Signs Constituting Traffic Hazards. Any Sign located in a manner or place so as to constitute a hazard to vehicular or pedestrian traffic as determined by the Zoning Administrator.

803.2 Signs in Street Right-of-Way. Any free-standing Sign located in a Street right-of way or projecting over into a Street Right-of-Way. One house number and/or name plate shall be permissible for each home.

803.3 Signs Obstructing Passages. Any Sign that obstructs or substantially interferes with any window, door, fire escape, stairway, ladder or opening intended to provide light, air, ingress or egress for any Building.

803.4 Off-Premises Advertising Signs. Billboards and other types of off premises advertising Signs.

803.5 Flashing Devices. Any flashing device or Sign displaying flashing or intermittent lights or lights of changing degrees of intensity.

- 803.6 Moving Devices. Any commercial Use of moving Signs or device to attract attention, all or any part of which moves by any means, including motion by the movement of the atmosphere or by electrical or other means, including but not limited to, pennants, flags, propellers, or discs, whether or not any said device has a written message.
- 803.7 Posted Signs. Any Sign posted to utility poles, trees, Fences, rocks or other Signs. Honorarium Signs meeting the requirements of 1005.25 are not prohibited under this section. House Number and Nameplate Signs meeting the requirements of 1004.6 are not prohibited under this section.
- 803.8 Copies of Official Signs. Any Sign which is a copy or an imitation of an official Sign, or which purports to have official status but does not have an official purpose.
- 803.9 Portable Signs. A Sign that is not permanent, affixed to a Building, Structure or the ground.
- 803.10 Roof Signs. A roof Sign is any Sign which is affixed to the roof of a Building or Structure.
- 803.11 Signs Not Permitted. Any Sign not expressly permitted elsewhere in this Ordinance.

804 **EXEMPT SIGNS**. The following Signs are exempt from the provisions of this Ordinance:

- 804.1 **GOVERNMENTAL AGENCY SIGNS**. Signs erected or maintained by a governmental agency to regulate, control or direct traffic including Wayfinding Signs, Signs indicating bus stops, parking areas, and similar transportation facilities, or Signs employed to serve as a directory for services that may be found within the Town. Informational kiosks that provide maps and locational information. Such Signs may be illuminated, flashing, or moving as required for public safety. Furthermore, Signs erected by a governmental agency which convey information regarding a public service, or the location of a public facility may also be illuminated as necessary.
- 804.2 **SIGNS REQUIRED BY LAW**. Signs erected pursuant to federal, state, or local laws or ordinances.

- 804.3 **WARNING SIGNS.** Signs which warn of hazards to life, limb, and property such as high voltage electrical equipment, explosives and the like.
- 804.4 **MONTREAT CONFERENCE CENTER SIGN STRUCTURE NEAR GATE.** The longstanding Montreat Conference Center Sign Structure containing approximately five sign panels is exempt as a grandfathered sign structure. Sign panels may be changed as and when necessary. If destroyed by casualty or other cause, such sign structure may be reconstructed consistent with its previous size and design. A change in the design or size of the Montreat Conference Center sign structure is subject to approval of the Zoning Administrator.
- 805 **SIGNS PERMITTED OR REQUIRED WITHOUT A PERMIT.** The following types of Signs shall be permitted in any Zoning District without the issuance of a sign permit provided they meet the stated requirements:
- 805.1 **TEMPORARY REAL ESTATE SIGNS.** Temporary real estate Signs advertising a specific piece of property for sale, lease, rent, or development, located on said property, provided such Signs shall not exceed six (6) square feet in surface area per side. Signs shall not be illuminated and shall not exceed one (1) per parcel of land unless such land is located at an intersection of two Streets; in such a case, two Signs shall be allowed, one facing each Street.
- 805.2 **SIGNS ON WINDOW GLASS.** Signs on window glass, regardless of size.
- 805.3 **PRIVATE REGULATORY SIGNS.** Private, unofficial regulatory Signs not exceeding two (2) square feet in surface area per side, which indicate directions, entrances and exits, available parking facilities, no smoking, control of pets and other similar requirements. Such Signs shall be located entirely on the property to which they pertain and shall not contain any advertising message.
- 805.4 **CONSTRUCTION SIGNS.** One (1) construction Sign per construction project not exceeding sixteen (16) square feet of Sign area in residential Zoning Districts or thirty two (32) square feet in the Institutional or Institutional/Residential Zoning Districts, provided that such Signs shall be erected no more than five (5) days prior to the beginning of construction for which a valid Building Permit has been issued, shall be confined to the site of construction, and shall be removed five (5) days after completion of construction and prior to occupancy.
- 805.5 **PUBLIC NOTICE.** Official notices posted by public officers or employees in the performance of their duties.

- 805.6 **HOUSE NUMBER SIGNS.** Street address numbers must be clearly displayed so that the location can be identified easily from the road. Every property owner of improved property shall purchase and display in a conspicuous place on said property the number assigned.
- 805.6.1 The official address number must be displayed on the front of a Building or at the entrance to a Building which is most clearly Visible from the Street or road during both day and night.
- 805.6.2 If a Building is more than seventy-five feet (75') from any road or if two or more homes use the same entrance, the address number(s) shall be displayed at the end of the driveway or Easement nearest the road which provides access to the Building(s)
- 805.6.3 Numerals indicating the address number shall be at least three (3) inches in height and shall be posted and maintained so as to be legible from the road.
- 805.6.4 Numerals must be of contrasting color to the background. Reflective numbering or placing reflective dots at the Sign to direct attention to it is encouraged.
- 805.6.5 The Zoning Administrator will have the right to authorize and approve alternate methods of displaying house numbers which meet the intent of this Ordinance when strict adherence to these standards cannot reasonably be met.
- 805.7 **RESIDENTIAL NAMEPLATE SIGNS.** Residential nameplate Signs are permitted and may include house numbers. Residential nameplate Signs shall not exceed six (6) square feet in area.
- 805.8 **POLITICAL SIGNS.** Political Signs shall, with the permission of the property owner, be allowed on private property more than five (5) feet from the traveled portion of the roadway, sixty (60) days before and on the date of the election or referendum, and shall be removed within one day after said election or referendum. Political Signs are defined as Signs for candidates for election or for issues on the ballot, and such Signs shall not exceed eight (8) square feet in area per display side. Political Signs may not be illuminated.
- 805.9 **TEMPORARY SPECIAL EVENT/PUBLIC INTEREST SIGNS.** Signs providing notice of upcoming events or gatherings of special interest to the public, meeting dates and locations, etc. may be displayed, but only in accordance with the following requirements:
- (a) Such Signs shall be no larger than four (4) square feet of surface area per side;

- (b) Such Signs must be located at least two (2) feet from the paved or traveled portion of the road or sidewalk along which they are placed;
- (c) Such Signs shall be placed no earlier than fifteen (15) days before the event to which they refer; and
- (d) Such Signs must be removed no later than two (2) days after the conclusion of the event to which they refer. Signs shall be limited to informational material only; no commercial advertisements or for-profit endorsements shall be permitted.

806 **SIGNS ALLOWED WITH PERMITS.** The following types of Signs shall be allowed within the Town of Montreat upon the issuance of a sign permit for each proposed Sign and subject to the regulations set forth below:

- 806.1 Signs Allowed in Residential Zoning Districts (R-1, R-2, and R-3). The following types of Signs shall be allowed in all of the residential Zoning Districts subject to the accompanying restrictions and the issuance of a sign permit:
- 806.2 Home Occupation Signs. Each Home Occupation shall be allowed one (1) Sign for purposes of identification. Said Sign shall not exceed four (4) square feet of surface area. Signs shall not be illuminated.
- 806.3 Subdivision Signs. One (1) ground Sign per entrance to a subdivision. Said Sign(s) shall be no larger than sixteen (16) square feet of surface area per side. Signs shall not exceed six feet (6') in height and may not be illuminated.
- 806.4 Non-Residential Uses. Non-residential Uses permitted as a Special Use in residential Zoning Districts shall be allowed one (1) freestanding or wall identification Sign per Street fronted on by the permitted Use. Said Sign shall be no larger than eight (8) square feet of surface area per side. Signs shall not exceed eight feet (8') in height and shall not be illuminated.
- 806.5 Signs Allowed in the Institutional/Residential and Institutional Zoning Districts. The following types of Signs shall be allowed in the above Zoning Districts for Uses permitted in accordance with the Special Use permitting process or for a Use-by-right for that Zoning District subject to the accompanying restrictions and the issuance of a sign permit:
- 806.6 Ground or Free-Standing Signs. For each Principal Building on a Lot, one (1) ground Sign not to exceed the following surface area limitations: Sixteen (16) square feet in surface area per side of Sign.
- 806.7 Wall Signs. For each Principal Building on a Lot located in the Zoning Districts set forth in Section 1005.2: One (1) wall Sign located on the

Street frontage side of the Building not to exceed sixteen (16) square feet. Existing or newly engraved permanent wall Signs consisting of chiseled or hewn stone which identify the current Use or occupancy of an associated Structure are permitted to serve as one (1) allowable wall Sign on the Street frontage side of the Building. Should the Use or occupancy change such that the chiseled or engraved Sign no longer serves to indicate the current Use or occupancy of the Structure, one (1) new wall Sign shall be permitted.

806.8 Multi-Tenant Signs. Buildings occupied by two or more tenants, regardless of individual or shared ownership, are permitted to have one (1) free-standing Sign on the property on which the Building is located. The maximum size of such free-standing Signs shall not exceed sixteen (16) square feet in surface area per side of Sign. In addition, each multi-tenant Building shall be allowed one (1) wall Sign, per tenant, not to exceed eight (8) square feet of surface area. The Sign Structure(s) may be designed to allow the addition or removal of copy elements as tenants change in the case of multi-tenant Buildings.

806.9 Buildings Located on Corner Lots. In cases where a Building is located on a corner or Double-Frontage Lot, then said Building is allowed two (2) wall and two (2) freestanding Signs - one (1) of each Sign type facing each Street that borders the Lot.

806.10 Honorarium Signs. Honorarium signs shall be permitted if the size and scale are deemed proportionate to the Structure and location whereon displayed. Signs may be located on existing rocks, Buildings or other Structures as approved by the property owner. Signs shall be constructed of stone or bronze and securely anchored so as to prevent dislocation by weathering or impact. Signs erected above walkways or other areas of public assembly shall be subject to approval by the Building Inspector for adequate anchorage and structural support.

806.11 Educational Signs. Signs that supply information about people, facilities, natural features or other areas of educational or historical interest shall be permitted as educational Signs. Maximum size of such free-standing Signs shall not exceed twelve (12) square feet in surface area for pedestal mounted Structures.

807 TEMPORARY SIGNS ALLOWED IN ALL ZONING DISTRICTS. In addition to the provisions of 1004.9, temporary Signs, flags, or banners advertising the initial openings of businesses, establishments, special events or special sales may be permitted provided the size, location and duration of such Signs is approved by the Zoning Administrator. Such Signs may be freestanding or attached to any part of a Building, wall, or other Structure and shall meet all other applicable requirements. An example of a Sign permitted hereunder is the Welcome wall Sign hung by Montreat College (approximately 23' x 7') below the wall of the Howerton Building at the beginning of academic terms.

808 **RECREATIONAL SIGNS.** Sign Structures designed to identify the location of, and provide other information concerning, specific recreational features, such as hiking and walking trails and bicycle paths, through maps and trail-head informational displays, are permitted in all zoning Districts. Such Signs are to be limited to the location of the associated feature(s) and are subject to approval by the owner of the land on which the Sign and recreational feature(s) are located. Maximum size of such free-standing Signs shall not exceed twenty-four (24) square feet in surface area for multi-base frame Structures. Sign Structures are to be fabricated of naturally-durable species of wood in the form of logs and roughhewn dimensional timbers that cohere with the adjacent natural setting and location. Sign Structures may be allowed with small roof or canopy features to provide weather-protective cover for viewers, subject to approval by the Building Inspector. Roof coverings shall also be constructed of naturally durable species of wood such as cedar, redwood, black locust or black walnut.

809 **UTILITY POLE BANNERS IN TOWN CENTER OVERLAY DISTRICT.** Upon receipt of a sign permit, Owners of property located in the Institutional Use Zoning District and within the Town Center Overlay Area may, in accordance with this section install temporary banners on utility poles located on their property for the purposes of (i) identifying the campus or buildings on the owner's property, or (ii) identifying special events occurring at or being celebrated on the owner's property. The location, size and period of time the banners may be displayed and total number of banners proposed shall be approved in advance by the Zoning Administrator, in her or his reasonable discretion; and in addition, the following requirements must be met: (a) the owner of the property shall obtain the prior written consent of the owner of the utility pole to the placement of the banner thereon; (b) the maximum size of each banner shall be 28.5 inches in width by six feet (6') in length; (c) the bottom of the banner shall be no less than eleven feet (11') above the ground surface (measured from the base of the applicable utility pole); (d) if the utility pole is within three feet (3') of the back of the curb (or if there is no curbing, within three feet (3') of the edge of the pavement) of an adjoining Street, the banner shall not be installed on the street side of the utility pole; (e) banners promoting special events shall not be permitted to be installed longer than one (1) month; and (f) any banner on a particular utility pole shall not be displayed from such pole more than eight (8) months during any calendar year.

Upon receipt of a sign permit, Owners of property located in the Institutional Use Zoning District and within the Town Center Overlay Area may install banners for limited time periods on utility poles located within a Town Street Right-of-Way adjacent to the Owner's property for the purposes of identifying the campus or buildings on the Owner's property or special events occurring at or being celebrated on the owner's property, provided (i) the owner obtains the prior written consent of the Zoning Administrator upon such conditions as the Zoning Administrator may require in her or his sole discretion, including without limitation the execution of a written agreement setting forth any restrictions as to the location, size, number and permitted time periods for such banner(s), and (ii) requirements (a) through (f) provided for in the immediately preceding grammatical paragraph of this section are complied with in all respects.

- 810 **WAYFARING SIGNS.** Government agency-owned Wayfaring Signs are exempt from the provisions of this Ordinance as provided in section 1003.2 above. Privately owned Wayfaring Signs which do not exceed four (4) square feet in surface area are permitted in all Zoning Districts except R-1, R-2 and R-3, provided the location of such Signs is approved by the Zoning Administrator. Privately owned Wayfaring Signs that are part of a community Wayfaring system approved and adopted by the Town may be greater than four (4) square feet in surface area and may be in any Zoning District if and to the extent such is provided for in the ordinance adopting such community Wayfaring system. No Wayfaring Signs other than government agency-owned Wayfaring Signs may be placed on public rights-of-way or other Town property without obtaining the permission and approval of the Town, which approval or permission may be withheld or conditioned by the Town in its sole and complete discretion. As used in this ordinance, the term “Wayfaring Sign“ means a Sign designed and intended to help to direct a person from point to point or confirming a person’s progress along a route.
- 811 **NON-CONFORMING SIGNS.** Any Sign which existed on the date of adoption of this Ordinance, but which does not meet the requirements of the Ordinance shall be deemed a non-conforming Sign and may continue to be used, but only in accordance with the following provisions:
- 811.1 **Maintenance of Non-Conforming Signs.** All non-conforming Signs shall be maintained in accordance with the requirements of this Article, provided, however, that no repainting of the Sign shall alter the design of the Sign in any fashion. If the design or dimensions of a non-conforming Sign are altered, the non-conforming Sign shall be removed or conformed to this Article at the time of the redesign.
- 811.2 **Replacement of Non-Conforming Signs.** If a non-conforming Sign is destroyed by vandals or adverse weather conditions, such Sign may be replaced. If it is replaced, it shall conform to the requirements in this Article. Normal weathering does not constitute destruction by adverse weather conditions which would permit replacement of a non-conforming Sign. If a Sign is allowed to deteriorate, it shall not be replaced under this Section.
- 811.3 **Relocation of Non-Conforming Signs.** A non-conforming Sign may be relocated on the same premises on which it is located if the relocation brings the Sign into conformity.
- 811.4 **Removal of Non-Conforming Signs.** All non-conforming signs must be removed or brought into compliance with this Ordinance no later than five (5) years after the date of adoption of this Ordinance.

ARTICLE IX – LANDSCAPING

900 **LANDSCAPING REQUIREMENTS.**

900.1 The intent of this section is to improve the appearance, quality and quantity of landscaped areas that are Visible from public roadways and within parking lots, in accordance with the following purposes:

- 1) To assist in providing adequate light and air and in preventing overcrowding of land;
- 2) To provide visual Buffering and to enhance the beautification of the Town;
- 3) To safeguard and enhance property values and to protect public and private investment;
- 4) To preserve, protect and restore the unique identity and environment of the Town of Montreat;
- 5) To encourage the preservation of existing trees and vegetation;
- 6) To aid in stabilizing the environment by contributing to the process of air purification, ground water recharge, and storm water runoff retardation, while at the same time aiding in noise, glare, and heat reduction;
- 7) To conserve energy; and
- 8) To protect the public health, safety and general welfare of the Town.
- 9)

900.2 **APPLICABILITY.** The requirements of this Section shall apply to all land zoned Institutional, Institutional/Residential and any proposed Planned Unit Development.

900.3 **LANDSCAPE PLAN REQUIRED.** The landscape plan as required by this Section shall accompany any request for a Building Permit from or plat approval by the Town of Montreat. No Building Permit shall be issued nor plat approved until the landscape plan is approved by the Zoning Administrator. The Zoning Administrator may request any additional information needed to determine compliance with this Section.

900.4 **GENERAL PROVISIONS.**

900.4.1 All plant materials used to comply with the requirements of this Section shall be native or appropriate species for this geographic

area. A list of recommended species for landscaping is provided in Appendix --

900.4.2 A temporary Certificate of Occupancy may be issued to a developer/owner if the landscaping cannot be planted at the time the Use opens or is re-established due to inappropriate timing for the growing season. A temporary Certificate of Occupancy shall specify the date that the landscaping will be planted. The Building Inspector shall have the authority to revoke the temporary Certificate of Occupancy if the landscaping is not planted by the date specified. The developer/owner shall also agree in writing that he/she or his/her successors, shall provide the required landscaping within the time period specified in the temporary Certificate of Occupancy.

900.4.3 Landscaping shall not obstruct the view of motorists using any Street, private driveway, parking aisles, or the approach to any Street intersection so as to constitute a traffic hazard.

900.4.4 All landscape planting areas shall be stabilized from dust and soil erosion immediately upon planting and shall be so maintained for the duration of the premises.

900.4.5 The property owner is responsible for maintaining all required plant material in good health.

900.4.6 The Zoning Administrator may waive the requirement to provide the new trees required by this ordinance if trees existing on the site are protected and maintained before, during and after construction in accordance with sound conservation practices. If a saved tree dies at any time, it shall be replaced with a tree (or trees) that will provide similar screening or shading.

900.4.7 The Zoning Administrator is authorized to waive specific landscape requirements, or portions thereof, if meeting the requirements will cause insurmountable difficulties for a development proposal.

901 **LANDSCAPE PLAN CONTENTS.** The landscape plan shall contain the following elements:

- 1) Existing and proposed landscaping;
- 2) Any screening required by Sections Article V;
- 3) Existing and proposed land Uses within 200 feet of the site and the zoning of those properties;
- 4) Existing vegetation intended to be saved under the provisions of 900.4.6; and

- 5) Topographic contours at intervals of not more than five feet, indication of the direction of storm water flow, and a description of all storm water control facilities.

902 **LANDSCAPING REQUIRED FOR ALL SITES.** No less than five percent (5%) of the Lot or parcel which is the subject of the required landscape plan shall be landscaped. This requirement may be met with both existing and new plants and trees. This requirement shall be met in addition to any area required for screening, provided that the total area of the site devoted to landscaping shall not be required to exceed forty percent (40%) of the site.

903 **OFF-STREET PARKING AND LOADING AREAS.** Landscaping shall be required in and around all new or redesigned off-Street parking and loading areas. Landscaping shall also be required in and around existing off-Street parking and loading areas when a change in ownership occurs. In the case of a change in ownership, the new owner shall have one year to comply with the requirements. Landscaping shall be provided in these areas as follows:

- 903.1 For parking lots less than 2,500 square feet in parking area, no landscaping is required by this subsection. However the provisions of subsection 632.76 apply to all public parking lots. For parking lots greater than 2,500 square feet in size, the following overall requirements apply:

Total area of parking lot (<u>square feet</u>)	Percent of parking lot area (<u>square feet</u>) <u>that must be landscaped</u>
2,500 to 9,999	5%
10,000 to 49,999	8%
50,000 to 149,999	10%

- 903.2 At least 50% of the required parking lot landscaping shall be provided as islands within the parking lot. One planting island is recommended for every 10 to 15 spaces.

- 903.3 One tree of at least one and one half inch (1½") caliper (measured as the diameter of the tree trunk at four and one-half feet about the ground) and an initial height of at least six feet shall be provided for each fifteen Parking Spaces. The expected height at maturity of these trees shall be at least eight feet.

903.4 No Parking Space shall be more than 75 feet from a tree or 100 feet from plantings of more than one tree.

903.5 Shrubs and other types of plant materials shall be used which will complement the tree plantings subject to approval by the Zoning Administrator.

904 **EXISTING FLORA.** All developers of public and private property shall make every effort to protect and retain existing trees, shrubbery, vines, and grasses not actually lying in public roadways, drainage-ways, Building foundation sites, private driveways, paths and public walkways wherever possible. Trees are to be protected and preserved during construction in accordance with sound conservation practices. All such trees may be preserved by well islands or retaining walls wherever abutting grades are altered.

ARTICLE X – NONCONFORMITIES

1000 **NON-CONFORMITIES.** Any Use, Structure, or Lot which lawfully existed as of November 14, 1985, the date this section was originally adopted which does not meet the requirements of this Ordinance, may be continued or maintained in accordance with the following provisions.

1000.1 **NON-CONFORMING LOTS – VACANT AND IMPROVED.** A Non-Conforming Vacant Lot is any legally established Lot upon which no Structure is located and which does not meet the dimensional requirements for the District in which it is located. A non-conforming vacant Lot which was in existence at the time of adoption of this Ordinance, may be used as a building site without regard for the dimensional requirements of the zoning District in which it is located, but subject to the Setback and other requirements of such District.

A Non-Conforming Improved Lot is a Lot (a) upon which a Structure was located at the time of the adoption of this Ordinance and (b) which does not meet the minimum dimensional and/or Setback requirements of the zoning District in which it is located. Such a Structure and Lot may continue to be used, maintained and renovated to the extent of its existing footprint, notwithstanding the dimensional and Setback requirements of this Ordinance, and such a Structure may be expanded but only in accordance with all Setback and other dimensional requirements of this Ordinance or pursuant to a Variance obtained from the Zoning Board of Adjustment.

1000.2 **NON-CONFORMING STRUCTURES** A Non-Conforming Structure is a Structure which was in existence at the time of adoption of this Ordinance, and which does not meet the minimum requirements of the zoning District in which it is located. Such non-conforming Structure may continue to be Used, maintained and renovated in accordance with Section 1000.3 of this Ordinance, notwithstanding the dimensional and Setback requirements of this Ordinance, and may be expanded but only in accordance with all Setback and other requirements of this Ordinance or pursuant to a Variance obtained from the Zoning Board of Adjustment.

1000.3 **MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR OF NON-CONFORMING STRUCTURES.** Routine maintenance, repairs, renovations and structural alterations to Non-Conforming Structures shall be permitted as follows:

- (a) Repairs, renovations and structural alterations required by law or ordered by an authorized public officer shall be permitted.
- (b) Routine maintenance, repairs, renovations and structural alterations of Non-Conforming Structures shall be permitted so long as no expansion of the non-conformity occurs as a result of the maintenance, repairs, renovations or alterations.
- (c) A Non-Conforming Structure which is damaged by fire or natural disaster may be repaired subject to the following requirements:
 - i. The square footage of the Structure shall not be increased, and the footprint of the Structure shall not be enlarged;
 - ii. The repair of the Structure must be initiated within one year of the date of the fire or natural disaster; and
 - iii. The Use of the Structure after repair shall not result in a non-conforming Use or a change from one non-conforming Use to another non-conforming Use.

1000.4 **NON-CONFORMING USES OF STRUCTURES.** A non-conforming Use of a Structure is a Use which was in existence on November 14, 1985, but which would not now be permitted by the Ordinance in the zoning District in which it is located. Such a non-conforming Use of a Structure may be continued subject to the following limitations:

- A) The non-conforming Use of a Structure shall not be changed to another non-conforming Use;
- B) When a non-conforming Use of a Structure has been changed to a conforming Use, it may not later be used for any non-conforming Use.
- C) A non-conforming Use of a Structure may be enlarged or extended only into portions of the Structure which existed at the time the Use became non-conforming. No structural alterations are allowed to any Structure containing a non-conforming Use except (i) where such alteration does not enlarge the Structure, or (ii) where such alteration is required by law or by an order of the Building Inspector or Fire Chief to ensure the safety of the Structure.

A non-conforming Use of a Structure which is abandoned for a continuous period of one year shall not be reestablished and all subsequent Uses of the Structure must be in conformance with the applicable zoning District requirements.

APPENDIX A – RECOMMENDED SPECIES FOR LANDSCAPING

PLACE HOLDER

APPENDIX B – GREENSPACE AGREEMENT

PLACE HOLDER